# Grayson Zoning Ordinance of 2005

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- RM Multifamily Residence District
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- C-1 Neighborhood Business District
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An ordinance establishing zoning regulations for the City of Grayson, Georgia, providing for the districting of the City for various uses; defining certain terms used herein; regulating the location, height, number of stories, size of buildings and other structures for residential, commercial, industrial, recreational, public and other purposes; creating districts for said purposes and establishing the boundaries thereof; providing for the administration, amendment, and enforcement of said regulations; providing for a Zoning Board of Appeals and defining its powers and duties; imposing penalties for violation of its provisions; and repealing all ordinances in conflict therewith; and other matters.

**ARTICLE I**

**PREAMBLE**

**SECTION 100: ENACTMENT**

Pursuant to the authority conferred by Article 9, Section II, Paragraph IV of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, 1983, and pursuant to Chapter 66 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, "The Zoning Procedures Law" and for several purposes of promoting health, safety, order, prosperity, aesthetics, and the general welfare of the present and future residents of the City of Grayson; of improving the City's appearance; furthering traffic safety; protecting property against blight and depreciation; encouraging the most appropriate use of land, buildings, and other structures throughout the City; facilitating the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, parks and other public requirements; and for other purposes, all in accordance with a comprehensive plan for the development of the City, the Mayor and Council of the City of Grayson do hereby ordain and enact into law the following Articles and Sections of the Zoning Ordinance of Grayson, Georgia.

**SECTION 101: SHORT TITLE**

These regulations shall be known and cited as the "Grayson Zoning Ordinance of 2005."

**SECTION 102: JURISDICTION**

These regulations shall govern the use of all land and the developments thereof within the incorporated areas of Grayson, Georgia.
ARTICLE II
ADMINISTRATION

SECTION 200: ADMINISTRATION OF ORDINANCE
An Administrative Officer designated by the Mayor and Council shall administer and enforce this Ordinance and carry out the duties required. The Administrative Officer may be provided with the assistance of such other persons as the Mayor and Council may direct.

The Administrative Officer shall order discontinuance of illegal use of land, buildings or structures or of illegal additions, alterations or structural changes; discontinuance of any illegal work being done; or shall take any other action authorized by this Ordinance to ensure compliance with or to prevent violation of its provisions. If it is found that any of the provisions of this Ordinance are being violated, the Administrative Officer shall notify in writing the person responsible for such violation, indicating the nature of the violation and ordering the action necessary to correct it. Such written notice shall not be a necessary condition precedent to enforcement of the Ordinance.

SECTION 201: PRE-APPLICATION MEETING AND REVIEW
A pre-building permit application meeting with the City of Grayson Planning Department must be held for all building plans prior to the submission for a building permit. The plans should clearly indicate all of requirements of this Ordinance being met. The plans should clearly show the location and calculations of all requirements of this Ordinance. All plans must be submitted to the City of Grayson staff for review.

Groups of buildings on the same parcel of land may be reviewed and permitted as a single project rather than individual buildings. Grouping of similar buildings is encouraged to minimize the number of reviews required and to allow for originality and design flexibility.

SECTION 202: BUILDING PERMITS REQUIRED
No building or other structure shall be erected, moved, added to, or structurally altered without a building permit being issued. No building permit shall be issued for work in the City except in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

All applications for building permits for uses other than one-family and duplex dwellings shall be accompanied by plans in duplicate, drawn to scale, showing the actual dimensions of the lot to be built upon, the sizes and locations on the lot of any existing buildings or structures, the shape, size, height, use, and the location of the lot of the building or structure to be erected, moved, added to or structurally altered and such other information as may be necessary to provide for the enforcement of this Ordinance.

If compliance does not result, the building permit shall be refused by the Administrative Officer.

SECTION 203: CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY REQUIRED
A Certificate of Occupancy issued by the City is required prior to the use or occupancy of:
A. Any lot or change in the use thereof.
B. A building hereafter erected or a change in the use or tenancy of an existing building.

C. A change in any lawful nonconforming use. The Certificate of Occupancy shall state specifically wherein the nonconforming use fails to meet provisions of this Ordinance.

No Certificate of Occupancy shall be issued unless the lot or building or structure and use comply with all provisions of this Ordinance, all Georgia and Gwinnett Department of Transportation regulations and standards, all minimum standard building codes and State or County Fire Marshall regulations.

A temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be issued by the administrative official for a period not exceeding six months during alterations or partial occupancy of a building pending its completion, provided that such temporary certificate may include such conditions and safeguards as will protect the safety of the occupants and the public.

The Administrative Officer shall maintain a record of all Certificates of Occupancy, and a copy shall be furnished upon request to any person having a proprietary or tenancy interest in the building or land involved.

SECTION 204: EXPIRATION OF BUILDING PERMIT

If the work described in any building permit has not begun within ninety (90) days from the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire.

If the work described in any building permit has not been substantially completed within two years of the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire and be canceled by the Administrative Officer. Written notice thereof shall be given to the persons affected, together with notice that further work as described in the canceled permit shall not proceed unless and until a new building permit has been obtained.

SECTION 205: PROVISIONS OF ORDINANCE TO BE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this Ordinance shall be held to be minimum requirements, adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, morals or general welfare. Whenever the provisions of any other statute or covenants require more restrictive standards than those of this Ordinance, the provisions of such standards shall govern.

SECTION 206: PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION

Any person who violates this ordinance or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars and in addition shall pay all costs and expenses involved in the case. Each day such violation continues shall be considered a separate offense.

The owner or tenant of any building, structure, premises, or part thereof, and any architect, builder, contractor, agent, or other person who commits, participates in, assists in, or maintains such violation may each be found guilty of a separate offense and suffer the penalties herein provided.
Nothing herein contained shall prevent the City from taking such, other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

SECTION 207: REMEDIES
If any building or structure is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained, or if any building, structure or land is used in violation of this Ordinance, the Mayor and Council of Grayson, the Administrative Officer, the City Attorney or any adjacent or other property owner or anyone else who would be damaged by such violation, in addition to other remedies, may institute injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate action in proceeding to stop.

SECTION 208: SEVERABILITY CLAUSE
Should any section or provision of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the ordinance as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid. The Mayor and City Council hereby declares that it would have adopted the remaining parts of the Ordinance if it had known that such part or parts thereof would be declared or adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 209: REPEAL OF CONFLICTING ORDINANCES
All Ordinances or parts of Ordinances in conflict with this Zoning Ordinance are hereby repealed.
ARTICLE III [AMENDED 3-15-2010]
INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS

SECTION 300: INTERPRETATIONS
For the purpose of this ordinance, the following interpretations shall apply:

All words used in the present tense include the future tense. All words in the plural number include the singular number, and all words in the singular number, include the plural number, unless the natural construction of the wording indicates otherwise. The word "shall" is mandatory and not discretionary. The word "used" shall be deemed also to include "designed, intended or arranged to be used." The word "person" includes the words "individuals", "corporations", "partnerships", "firms", and "associations".

SECTION 301: DEFINITIONS
For the purpose of this Ordinance certain words and terms used herein shall be defined and interpreted as follows:

ACCESSORY USE: A structure or use detached from a principal building on the same lot and customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building or use. Examples of accessory uses include, but are not limited to free standing garages, storage buildings, tennis courts, and satellite dish antennas.

ACRE: A measure of land containing 43,560 square feet.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER: For the purposes of this ordinance, the Administrative Officer shall be the City Administrator and the enforcement officer of this ordinance.

ADULT ENTERTAINMENT: Adult entertainment, as defined in the City's Adult Entertainment Establishments Ordinance, as amended, by an employee(s) at a properly licensed adult entertainment establishment.

ADULT ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENT: A commercial establishment licensed in accordance with the City's Adult Entertainment Establishments Ordinance, as amended, where adult entertainment, as defined in said ordinance, is sponsored, allowed, encouraged, condoned, presented, sold, or offered to the public.

ALTERATION, BUILDING OR STRUCTURAL: Any change in the supporting members of a building (such as bearing walls, columns, beams, or girders), except such changes as may be required for its safety; any addition to a building; any change in use from that of one zoning district to another; or of a building from one location to another.

ALTERNATIVE TOWER STRUCTURE: Man-made trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and similar alternative-design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers.
ANIMATED SIGN: Any sign or portion thereof including sign faces involving motion, flashing, blinking, rotation or varying light intensity.

ANTENNA: Any exterior apparatus designed for the sending and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves for telephonic, radio, television, or personal wireless services. For the purposes of this ordinance the term "antenna" does not include any tower and antenna under seventy (70) feet in total height which is owned and operated by an amateur radio operator licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, any satellite earth station antenna one meter in diameter or less, or any satellite earth station antenna two meters or less in diameter which is located in a commercial or industrial zoning district.

AUTOMOBILE SALES: The use of a building, land area, or other premise for the display and sale of new or used automobiles, light trucks or vans, motorcycles, trailers, or recreational vehicles, and including repair work as an accessory use.

AUTOMOBILE SERVICE STATION: Any building, land area, or other premises, or portion thereof, used for the retail dispensing or sales of vehicular fuels; servicing and repair of automobiles; and including as an accessory use the sale and installation of lubricants, tires, batteries, mufflers, and similar accessories. Only minor services are rendered. An automobile service station is not a repair garage nor a body shop.

BANNER: A piece of fabric or similar material that is attached to a pole, enclosed in a frame, or mounted in any other manner as a temporary sign device.

BED AND BREAKFAST: Overnight accommodations and morning meal in a dwelling unit provided to transients for compensation.

BILLBOARD: A free-standing sign with a sign area of more than 200 square feet.

BOARD: The Zoning Board of Appeals of the City of Grayson, Georgia.

BOARDING OR ROOMING HOUSE: A dwelling in which meals and lodging only are furnished for compensation to not more than ten non-transient persons.

BUFFER: A portion of a lot or a land area used to visually separate one use from another through the use of vegetation, screening, and distance; to shield or obstruct noise, light, glare, or visual or other conditions. A buffer is measured from the common property line of the different uses and is also known as a "buffer strip".

BUILDABLE AREA: The portion of the lot remaining after required yards (building setback lines) have been provided.

BUILDING: Any structure attached to the ground which has a roof and which is designed for the shelter, housing, or enclosure of persons, animals, or property of any kind.

BUILDING ELEVATION: The area of the face of a building (height multiplied by width).
BUILDING, PRINCIPAL: A building in which is conducted the principal use of the lot on which said building is situated.

BUILDING HEIGHT: The vertical distance measured from the mean ground level at the front of the building to the highest point of the roof or parapet.

BUILDING INSPECTOR: The official appointed by the City Council of the City of Grayson and charged with the responsibility of permit and certificate of occupancy issuance.

BUILDING PERMIT: Permission of the City of Grayson for the construction, repair, alteration, or addition to a structure.

BUILDING SETBACK LINE. A line which represents the required distance between the nearest part of a building or structure, excluding steps, porches, and similar fixtures, from street right-of-way lines and lot boundaries in which a structure may not be erected.

CALIPER: An American Association of Nurseryman standard for trunk measurement of nursery stock. Caliper of the trunk shall be taken six (6) inches above the ground for up to and including four (4) inch caliper size, and twelve (12) inches above the ground for larger sizes.

CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY: A permit issued by the an official appointed by the City of Grayson indicating that the use of the building and land in question is in conformity with this ordinance and will be used in compliance with all applicable codes and ordinances.

CITY: The City of Grayson, Georgia.

CITY ARBORIST: The agent of the City of Grayson having primary enforcement responsibilities under this ordinance and charged with the responsibility for approval of all landscape plans for land development in Grayson required pursuant to this ordinance. The Administrative Officer or his designee shall be charged with the duties of City Arborist.

COUNCIL: The City Council of the City of Grayson, Georgia.

COMMERCIAL ZONING DISTRICT: A zoning district that does not permit as a principal permitted use any type of single family or multifamily use.

COMMISSION: The Planning Commission of the City of Grayson, Georgia.

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: The most recent City of Grayson Comprehensive Plan as required by the Department of Community Affairs.

CONDITIONAL ZONING: The attachment of special conditions to a rezoning which are not spelled out in the text of this ordinance. Conditions can include restrictions as to use, size, design and development timing and can be stipulated by the Mayor and Council as a means to
mitigate potential adverse impacts which could be expected to occur without imposing such conditions.

CONDOMINIUM: A multifamily dwelling or row house in which each dwelling unit is owned and financed by the occupant, but in which halls, entranceways and underlying lands are owned jointly.

CURB CUT: A means of vehicular access between private property and an abutting public street.

DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT (DBH): A standard measure of tree size. The tree trunk diameter is measured in inches at a height of four and one-half (4½) feet above the ground. If a tree splits into multiple trunks below four and one-half (4½) feet, then the trunk is measured at its most narrow point beneath the split.

DRIVE-IN RESTAURANT: Any place or premises used for sale, dispensing, or service of food, refreshments, or beverages in automobiles, including those establishments where customers may eat or drink the food, or beverages on the premises.

DWELLING, SINGLE FAMILY: A detached residential designed for and occupied by one family only.

DOUBLE FACED SIGN: A sign which has two display areas against each other or where the interior angle formed by the display areas is 60 degrees or less, where one face is designed to be seen from one direction and the other face from another direction.

DWELLING, TWO FAMILY: A detached residential building containing two dwelling units, designed for occupancy by not more than two families. Also known as a "duplex".

DWELLING, MULTIPLE FAMILY: A residential building designed for, or occupied by, three or more families, with the number of families in residence not exceeding the number of dwelling units provided.

DWELLING UNIT: One room, or rooms connected together, constituting a separate, independent housekeeping establishment for owner occupancy, for rental or lease on a weekly, monthly, or longer basis, and physically separated from any other rooms or dwelling units which may be in the same structure, and containing independent cooking, sleeping and toilet facilities.

ENTRANCE SIGN: A permanent sign located on private property near a public street or private driveway entrance to a residential development, residential subdivision development or non-residential subdivision development.

FAA: The Federal Aviation Administration.

FARM ANIMALS: As used herein shall mean and include cattle, horses, goats, sheep, swine and other hoofed animals; poultry, ducks, geese and other live fowl; and rabbits, mink, foxes and other fur or hide-bearing animals customarily bred or raised in captivity for the harvesting of their skins. The term farm animal shall not include the purebred Vietnamese potbellied pig.

FAMILY: One or more persons occupying a single dwelling unit, provided that unless all members are related by blood or marriage, no such family shall contain over six persons, but further provided that domestic servants employed on the premises may be housed on the premises without being counted as a separate family of families. The term "family" does not include any organization or institutional group.

FENCE: An artificially constructed barrier of any material or combination of materials erected to enclose, screen, or demarcate areas of land.

FLAG: A sign consisting of any fabric containing distinctive colors, patterns, logos or symbols, used as the symbol of a government or any other entity or organization.

FLASHING SIGN: See Animated Sign.

FLOOR AREA: The floor area a building is the gross horizontal area of the floors as measured from the exterior face of exterior walls. Finished, heated floor area measurements exclude carports, basements, attics, and open porches unless they are finished and heated.

FOOTCANDLE - A footcandle of light is a uniformly distributed flux of one (1) lumen on a surface of one (1) square foot in area.

GOVERNING BODY: The City Council of the City of Grayson.

GROUND COVERAGE: The area of a zoning lot occupied by all buildings and impervious surfaces expressed as a percentage of the gross area of the zoning lot.

GROUND COVER: A category of plants usually ranging from a few inches to a foot or more in height. Some ground covers are excellent for preventing soil erosion; others are helpful in carrying out design patterns.

GROUND SIGN: A permanently affixed sign that is wholly independent of a building for support.

GROUP HOME: A residential dwelling composed of not more than six (6) nonrelated individuals with one or more surrogate parents. The group home functions as a single housekeeping unit.

HANGING SIGN: A sign that is wholly or partly dependent upon a building for support, and which projects more than twelve (12) inches from such building.
HEIGHT: When referring to a tower or other structure, the distance measured from ground level to the highest point on the tower or other structure, even if said highest point is an antenna.

HOME OCCUPATION: A lawful activity commonly carried on within a dwelling by a member or members of the family who occupy the dwelling where the occupation is secondary to the use of the dwelling for living purposes and the residential character of the dwelling is maintained.

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE: Any paved, hardened or structural surface, including but not limited to, buildings, dams, decks, driveways, parking area, patios, streets, swimming pools, tennis courts, walkways, and other structures.

IN PERPETUITY: The state or condition of lasting forever, continuing forever, or occurring continually.

INDIRECTLY ILLUMINATED SIGN: A sign illuminated by an external light source directed primarily toward such sign.

INOPERABLE VEHICLE: Any motorized vehicle incapable of immediately being legally driven.

INTERIOR PROJECT DIRECTIONAL SIGN: A sign with the purpose of providing more definitive directional information concerning the whereabouts of a specific building or project. Interior project directional signs shall not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet in size or eight (8) feet in height, and shall be located within the interior of the project but no closer than 100 feet from the exterior public street entrance of a non-residential project, at a street intersection or along a private driveway within the project. These signs shall be shown on the site or design plans when the project is permitted and specifically approved by the City Administrator with the approval of the plan.

INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED SIGN: A sign illuminated by an internal light source.

JUNK OR SALVAGE YARD: A place where waste, discarded or salvaged metals, building materials, paper, textiles, used plumbing fixtures, used cars or trucks in inoperable condition are bought, sold, exchanged, stored, baled, or cleaned.

KENNEL: Any place that regularly breeds, boards, trains, buys, sells, trades or lets for hire any dog.

KENNEL, NONCOMMERCIAL: Any location where the boarding, caring for and keeping of five (5) or fewer dogs or cats or other small animals or combinations thereof is carried on outside a dwelling on a lot of less than one (1) acre in size, or, up to ten (10) dogs or cats or other small animals or combinations thereof is carried on outside a dwelling on a lot of at least one (1) acre in size, not for commercial purposes, but, for example, as a hobby such as the raising of show and hunting dogs. Litters of animals less than twelve (12) months of age are excluded from total number. Litters of animals shall be limited to one (1) per property at one time. All structures...
excluding fences used as a noncommercial kennel shall be located at least fifty (50) feet from any property line.

LAND USE PLAN: An element of the Comprehensive Plan of the City of Grayson.

LANDSCAPE PLAN: A plan that identifies areas of tree preservation and methods of tree protection as well as all areas of replanting.

LOADING SPACE, OFF-STREET: Space logically and conveniently located for bulk pickups and deliveries.

LOT: A zoning lot unless the context shall clearly indicate a contrary definition.

LOT FRONTAGE: The portion of a lot adjacent to a street.

LOT, CORNER: A lot situated at the intersection of two streets, or bounded on two or more adjacent sides by street right-of-way lines.

LOT, INTERIOR: A lot other than a corner lot or a through lot.

LOT, THROUGH: A lot having frontage on two streets that are approximately parallel.

LOT LINE: A boundary of a lot. Lot line is synonymous with property line.

LOT WIDTH: The distance between side lot lines measured at the required front yard line on a line parallel with a line tangent to the street right-of-way line.

LOT OF RECORD: Land designated as a separate and distinct parcel in a subdivision, the plat of which has been recorded in the Office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Gwinnett County, or a parcel of land, the deed to which was recorded in said office prior to the adoption of this Ordinance.

MOBILE HOME: A mobile home is a factory fabricated transportable building consisting of units designed to be incorporated at a building site on a permanent foundation into a structure to be used for residential purposes.

MONOPOLE TOWER: A telecommunications tower consisting of a single pole.

MONUMENT-TYPE SIGN: A freestanding sign with a solid, decorative base and/or frame. The base shall be at least as wide as the sign and/or frame upon it. Decorative base materials shall be stone, brick, stucco, or alternative like materials at City’s discretion. No support posts shall be exposed.

MULTI-FACED SIGN: A sign structure with more than two sign faces situated so that each sign face is facing a different direction.
NONCONFORMING SIGN: Any sign lawfully existing on the effective date of this ordinance, or amendment thereto, that renders such sign nonconforming because it does not conform to all the standards and regulations of the adopted or amended ordinance.

NONCONFORMING USE OR STRUCTURE: Any building, structure, or use of land lawful at the time of passage or amendment of this Ordinance which does not conform, after the passage or amendment of this Ordinance with the use regulations of the district in which it is located.

OPEN SPACE. Any portion of property designated and reserved which shall be used solely for active or passive recreational uses or for landscaped, undisturbed and vegetated areas.

ORNAMENTAL TREES: Small growing trees, attaining a mature height of less than forty (40) feet, grown primarily for aesthetic purposes. Common ornamental trees in this area include Dogwood and Bradford Pear trees.

PARKING SPACE, OFF-STREET: An off-street parking space consisting of a space adequate for parking an automobile with room for opening doors on both sides, together with properly related access to a public street or alley and maneuvering room.

PERSONAL CARE HOME: A residence or building composed of related or nonrelated individuals with one or more surrogate parents that function as a single housekeeping unit. All personal care homes shall be approved and licensed by the Georgia Department of Human Resources.

PET: An animal owned or kept for pleasure rather than for sale, which is an animal of a species customarily bred and raised to live in the habitat of humans and is dependent upon them for food and shelter; except that farm and wild animals shall not be deemed pets.

POINT OF SOURCE LIGHT ELEMENT: Any element portion or device of any sign which emits any visible light. This includes, but is not limited to, bulbs or any light emitting element which are incandescent, halide, pressurized elemental gaseous, halogen, fluorescent, LED and gaseous tubing such as neon and like gasses.

PORTABLE SIGN: Signs which are mounted or attached to by vehicles, trailers, movable structures, or attached to sign structures which are not securely anchored into the ground, or any sign which may be transported or is designed to be transported. Such signs include, but are not limited to, “A” and “T” type, sidewalk; sandwich; trailer signs; curb type signs; banners; signs and/or devices which are held by or attached to individuals that display or represent services, products, or businesses; searchlights; or other commercial advertisement attached to vehicles and trailers which offer products or services. Exceptions: Signs, which are painted, bolted, screwed or magnetically attached to the top, sides or rear of the vehicle stating only the name, address, business logo and telephone number of a business, and which do not project beyond the extreme edges of the vehicle.

PREEXISTING TOWERS AND ANTENNAS: Any tower or antenna for which a permit has been properly issued prior to the adoption of this ordinance.
PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USE: That use of a lot which is among the uses allowed as a matter of right under the zoning classifications.

PRIVATE DEED RESTRICTIONS OR COVENANTS: Private deed restrictions or covenants are imposed on land by private landowners to bind and restrict the land owned by present owners and subsequent purchasers. They are enforced only by the land owners involved and not by the city or other public agency.

RECREATION FACILITY: A place designed and equipped for the conduct of sports, leisure time activities and other customary and usual recreational activities.

REVEGETATION: The replacement of trees and landscape plant materials into the minimum required landscape areas, as determined by this Ordinance, conditions of zoning approval, or the Tree Preservation Ordinance.

ROAD FRONTAGE: The distance, measured in a straight line, from the two farthest property corners located on the same public right-of-way.

ROOF SIGN: A sign projecting over the coping of a flat roof, or over the lowest edge of a gable, hip or gambrel roof, and supported by or attached to said roof.

SETBACK, FRONT YARD: The distance between the minimum or maximum front building line and the front lot line extending the full width of the lot.

SETBACK, REAR YARD: The distance between the minimum or maximum rear building line and the rear lot line extending the full width of the lot.

SETBACK, SIDE YARD: The distance between the minimum or maximum side building line and the side lot line.

SHOPPING CENTER: A group of commercial establishments having a building composition that is an architectural unit and is not a miscellaneous assemblage of stores. It is typically planned, developed, owned, and managed as a unit. Shopping centers are classified by type, each distinctive in its own function:

- Neighborhood Shopping Center - provides for the sale of convenience goods (foods, drugs, etc.) and personal services (laundry, dry cleaning, barbering, etc.) for the day to day living needs of the immediate neighborhood.

- Community Shopping Center - in addition to the convenience goods and personal services of the neighborhood center, provides a wider range for the sale of soft lines (apparel, etc.) and hard lines (hardware and appliances) making more depth of merchandise and services available.
Regional Shopping Center - provides for general merchandise, apparel, furniture and home furnishings in full depth and variety. It is built with multiple full line department stores as the focal point.

SIGN: An object, device, display, or structure, or part thereof including sign face, which is used to advertise, identify, display, direct, or attract attention to an object, person, institution, organization, business, product, service, event or location by any means, including words, letters, figures, design, symbols, fixtures, colors, illumination, or projected images.

SIGN AREA: The entire area within a continuous perimeter, enclosing the extreme limits of sign display, including any frame, post, border or base structure. The term “continuous perimeter,” as used in this definition, shall be deemed to include the entire area of the sign from the top of the structure to the ground level. Curved, spherical, or any other shaped sign face shall be computed on the basis of actual surface area. The calculation for a double faced sign shall be the area of one face only where the sign faces are parallel or where the interior angle formed by the faces is sixty (60) degrees or less. The area of the larger side shall be computed in cases in which the two sides do not coincide. For a multiple sided sign, the sign area of all sides shall not exceed twice the maximum permitted sign area.

SIGN FACE: The area or display surface of a sign which is used for the message.

SIGN HEIGHT: The distance in vertical feet from the elevation of the adjacent dedicated public street, edge of pavement, to the highest point of the sign structure. For property with an elevation higher than the adjacent public street, the height shall be measured from ground level at base of sign to the highest point of the sign structure. The ground shall not be altered for the sole purpose of providing additional sign height.

SIGN STRUCTURE: Poles, beams, columns, posts, foundations, or other means providing structural support for the sign surface area to which the sign is affixed.

SITE DEVELOPMENT PERMIT: A permit issued that authorizes the commencement of development on a given tract of land in Grayson.

SPECIAL USE: A Special Use is a use that would not be appropriate generally without restriction throughout the zoning district but which, if controlled as to number, area, location or relation to the neighborhood, would promote the public health, safety, welfare, or general welfare. Such uses may be permitted in such Zoning Districts as Special Uses, if specific provisions for such Special Uses are made in this Ordinance.

SPECIMEN TREE: Any tree which has been determined by the City to be of high value because of its type, size, age, and/or historical significance, or other professional criteria, and has been so designated in administrative standards established by the City. This is usually a plant with desirable form, foliage, fruit, or flower that can be emphasized although isolated.
STREAM, PERENNIAL: A watercourse having a source, terminus, banks, and channel through which water flows on a continuous basis as depicted on the most recent United States Geological Survey 7.5 - minute quadrangle map (scale 1:24,000).

STREAMER: Any long, narrow flag, banner, tubular device, tinsel or roping which is self-supporting or attached from any structure.

STREET: A right-of-way for vehicular traffic that affords the principal means of access to abutting properties. The various classifications of streets are defined as follows:

- Arterial - A street used primarily for fast and heavy traffic flow; is of considerable continuity; and is used as a traffic artery to interconnect areas and major activity centers.
- Major Collector - A street carrying traffic from activity centers and minor collector streets to arterial streets and streets of higher classification.
- Minor Collector - Principal entrance streets to subdivisions and the main thoroughfares providing circulation within a subdivision serving a network of four or more local streets.
- Local - A street used primarily in residential subdivisions for access to abutting properties as opposed to the collection and dispersion of traffic.
- Cul-De-Sac - A local street with only one outlet, closed and terminated by a vehicular turnaround.

STRUCTURE: A combination of materials to form a construction for use, occupancy, or ornamentation whether installed on above, or below the surface of land or water.

SUBDIVISION DIRECTIONAL SIGN: A sign which provides directions to property for sale, lease or rent.

SUBSTANTIAL BUILDING PERMIT: A nonresidential building permit issued by the City of Grayson with a total value in excess of fifty (50%) percent of the Gwinnett County Tax Assessor's one hundred (100%) percent appraised value of the existing improvements only. The aggregate value of all building permits issued to the property over the previous twelve months shall be included in this calculation.

(Example: The 100 percent appraised value of the improvements of a 10,000 square foot shopping center is assessed by Gwinnett County at $250,000. The owner decides to build phase two of the shopping center, which includes an additional 6,000 square feet of space. The low bid on the job is $200,000. Does this equate to a Substantial Building Permit? $200,000 / $250,000 = 80.00% > 50.00% Yes, this is a substantial building permit.)

TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES: Refers to antenna and towers, either individually or together.

TEMPORARY SIGN: A sign of a non-permanent nature.
TOWER: A structure, such as a lattice tower, guy tower, or monopole tower, constructed as a free-standing structure or in association with a building, other permanent structure or equipment, on which is located one or more antenna intended for transmitting or receiving analog, digital, microwave, cellular, telephone, personal wireless service or similar forms of electronic communication. The term includes microwave towers, common carrier towers, and cellular telephone towers.

TOWNHOUSE: A town house or row house is a semidetached, multiple-story house in which each family occupies multiple stories.

TRAILER, CAMPER (MOTOR HOMES): A vehicle, including a motor home, designed and/or maintained for use as a temporary dwelling or sleeping place for travel or recreation purposes exclusively, having no foundation other than wheels or jacks.

TRAILER PARK (CAMPER): A parcel of land which is used solely for the rental or lease of lots for transient campers, trailers, motor homes, or temporary parking of any other recreational vehicle that is not a mobile home.

TREE: Any self supporting wood perennial plant which at maturity attains a trunk diameter of four (4) inches or more measured at a point four and one half (4½) feet above the ground level and which normally attains a height of at least twenty five (25) feet at maturity, usually with one main stem or trunk and many branches.

TREE DENSITY UNIT: A unit of measure used to prescribe and calculate required tree coverage on a site. Unit measurements are based upon tree size.

USE: The purpose or purposes for which land or building is designed, arranged, or intended, or to which said land or building is occupied, maintained or leased.

VARIANCE: A variance is a relaxation of the terms of the Grayson Zoning Ordinance where such variance will not be contrary to the public interest and where, owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the result of the actions of the applicant, a literal enforcement of the ordinance would result in unnecessary and undue hardship. As used in this ordinance, a variance is authorized only for height, area, location, and size of a structure or size of yards and open spaces; establishment or expansion of a use otherwise prohibited shall not be allowed by variance, nor shall a variance be granted because of the presence of nonconformities in the zoning district or uses in an adjoining zoning district.

WALL SIGN: A sign applied to or mounted to the wall or surface of a building or structure, the display surface which does not project more than twelve (12) inches from the outside wall of such a building or structure. The total lettering on one side of a building shall constitute one wall sign.

WATERSHED: A drainage area or basin in which all land and water areas drain or flow toward a downstream collection area such as a stream, river, lake, or reservoir.
WINDOW: An opening made in the wall of a building to admit light and air, and/or to furnish a view; provided, however, that as such term is used herein, the term “window” shall not include the framework for such opening, but shall only include the glass or translucent portion of such opening. Glass doors are to be considered windows for the purposes of administration of this Article.

WINDOW SIGN: Any type of sign that is located in proximity of, or attached to, the interior or exterior surfaces of a window, and is intended primarily to be viewed from the exterior of the premises. Merchandise located within a window shall not be considered a window sign, as long as there are no commercial messages attached to or associated with the display of merchandise.

WINE CENTER: An establishment that has been granted a license to sell beer for consumption only on the premises, to sell wine for consumption on the premises, to sell wine by the package for carryout purposes, and to operate a wine tasting room. Such an establishment shall meet the stipulations as defined in ARTICLE XI of the Code of City of Grayson, Georgia.

YARD: A required open space located on the same lot as the principal building, unoccupied, and unobstructed except for accessory uses and for shrubs and fences.

ZONING LOT: A single tract of land, located within a single block, which at the time of filing for a building permit or a certificate of occupancy, is designated by the owner or developer as a tract to be used, developed, or built upon as a unit, under single or unified ownership or control, and assigned to the particular use, building or structure, for which the building permit or certificate of occupancy is issued and including such area of land as may be required by the provisions of this ordinance for such use, building or structure.
ARTICLE IV
PROVISION FOR OFFICIAL ZONING MAP
ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS

SECTION 400: OFFICIAL ZONING MAP
The City of Grayson is hereby divided into zoning districts, as shown on the Official Zoning Map which, together with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor, attested by the City Administrator, and bearing the seal of the City under the following words: "This is to certify that this is the Official Zoning Map referred to in the Grayson Zoning Ordinance of 2005," together with the date of adoption of this Ordinance.

SECTION 401: AMENDMENT TO MAPS
If, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, changes are made in district boundaries or other matter portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, such changes shall be entered on the Official Zoning Map promptly after the amendment has been approved by the Mayor and Council, with an entry in the minutes of such council meeting as follows: "On __________ (month) ___ (day), _________ (year) by official action of the Mayor and City Council, the following change (changes) was (were) made to the Official Zoning Map: (brief description of nature of change or changes)", which entry shall be signed by the Mayor and attested by the City Administrator. No amendment to this ordinance is official until such change and entry is made on said map.

No changes of any nature shall be made in the Official Zoning Map or matter shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this ordinance.

Regardless of the existence of copies of the Official Zoning Map which may from time to time be made or published, the Official Zoning Map which shall be located in the office of the City Administrator shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of the City.

SECTION 402: REPLACEMENT OF OFFICIAL ZONING MAP
In the event that the Official Zoning Map becomes damaged, destroyed, lost, difficult to interpret because of the nature or number of changes and additions or the Mayor and Council deem an updated Official Zoning Map to be necessary, the Mayor and City Council may by resolution adopt a new Official Zoning Map which shall supersede the prior Official Zoning Map. The new Official Zoning Map may correct drafting or other errors or omissions in the prior Official Zoning Map. The new Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor attested by the City Administrator and bearing the seal of the City under the following words: "This is to certify that is the Official Zoning Map of the City of Grayson and this map supersedes and replaces any previously adopted Zoning Map."
Unless the previous Official Zoning Map has been lost, or has been totally destroyed, the prior map or any significant remaining parts thereof, shall be preserved, together with all available records pertaining to its adoption or amendment.

SECTION 403: RULES FOR INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES
Because of the scale of the Official Zoning Map, there may be uncertainty with respect to the location of the boundaries of any Zoning District in Grayson, Georgia. In the event uncertainty exists, the following rules shall apply:

A. Where possible, a rezoning file, which includes a correct legal description and minutes of the Mayor and City Council public hearing shall be used for delineating zoning boundaries.
B. Where a Zoning District boundary line is shown as approximately following a corporate limits line, a militia district line, a land lot line, a lot line or the center line of a street, a county road, a state highway, an interstate highway, or a railroad right-of-way or such lines extended, then such lines shall be construed to be the Zoning District boundary lines.
C. Where a Zoning District boundary line is shown as being set back from a street, a county road, a state highway, an interstate highway, or a railroad right-of-way, and approximately parallel thereto, then such Zoning District boundary line shall be construed as being at the scaled distance from the center line of the street, county road, state highway, interstate highway, or railroad right-of-way and as being parallel thereto.
D. Where a Zoning District boundary line divides a lot, the location of the line shall be the scaled distance from the lot lines. In this situation, the requirements of the Zoning District in which the greater portion of the lot lies shall apply to the balance of the lot except that such extension shall not include any part of a lot that lies more than fifty feet beyond the Zoning District boundary line.
E. In the case of a through lot fronting on two approximately parallel streets that is divided by a Zoning District boundary line paralleling the streets, the restrictions of the Zoning District in which each frontage of the through lot lies shall apply to that portion of the through lot.
F. Where Zoning District boundaries are in doubt, the Administrative Officer shall make such interpretation using the appropriate scale from the Official Zoning Map.

SECTION 404: DISTRICTS LISTED
For the purposes of this Ordinance the incorporated area of Grayson, Georgia is divided into Zoning Districts designated as follows:

R-100 Single-Family Residence District
This zoning district is intended primarily for one-family residences and related uses. This district is designed to stabilize and protect the residential characteristics of the district and to encourage a suitable family life on large size lots.

R-100 Modified Single-Family Residence District
The purpose of the Modified single family development is to permit a procedure for development that will result in an improved living environment; that will promote more economic subdivision layout; that will encourage ingenuity and originality in subdivision and site design; and that can preserve open space to serve recreational, scenic, and public service purposes, and other purposes related thereto.
CS Conservation Subdivision Single-Family Residence District

The purpose of this single-family residential district is to encourage development designed to preserve and protect environmental resources, scenic vistas, and natural and cultivated landscapes; to enhance land, water, air, and tree/vegetation resources by minimizing the area of land disturbance, reducing impervious surface, optimizing stream buffers, preserving vegetation cover and encouraging the provision of open space; to reduce infrastructure maintenance costs as a result of efficient community design; to provide open space and pedestrian linkages and wildlife corridors among residential communities; to encourage recreation opportunities; to preserve significant historical and archeological features; and to preserve and protect contiguous undeveloped areas within the development.

RM Multifamily Residence District

This district is intended primarily for two-family and multifamily dwellings. Because these areas are served by public utilities and facilities, a moderate density of development can be supported.

OI Office-Institutional District

The Office-Institutional district is intended to encourage the location of suitable business and professional enterprises, medical and dental facilities and limited related retail and service activities in buildings of high character and in attractive surroundings. The Office-Institutional district may have direct access to State Highways or major arterial thoroughfares.

C-1 Neighborhood Business District

This district provides a location for convenient goods and services to satisfy the common and frequent needs of the residents of nearby residential neighborhoods provided all activities and display of goods are carried on within an enclosed building except as specified herein.

C-2 General Business District

This district provides for a wide range of retail and service establishments requiring a location accessible to large sectors of the community population provided all activities and display of goods are carried on within an enclosed building except as specified herein.

C-3 Central Business District

This district is designed to provide for the effective use of land situated in relationship to major highways and highway interchanges so efficient grouping of activities can develop to serve the traveling public. Front yard requirements are designed to provide for the safety of the traveling public by provision for adequate off-highway maneuvering and parking space.

PUD Planned Unit Development

This district is designed to encourage and allow more creative and imaginative design of development projects than is possible under certain zoning district regulations. Planned Unit Developments are intended to allow substantial flexibility in planning and designing a proposal. This flexibility often accrues in the form of relief from compliance with certain site and design requirements contained within this Ordinance. PUDs allow higher density and non-traditional site requirements and as such, require features not normally required of traditional developments.
Unlike “traditional developments,” PUDs require in-depth scrutiny and are often highly conditioned. Hence, more information is demanded about the proposal than would be required if development were being pursued under conventional zoning requirements. PUDs ensure the development will be in harmony with the character of the neighborhood in which the development is located. The PUD is not intended to circumvent the parameters of existing zoning, but rather to encourage ingenuity and resourcefulness in land planning. Planned Unit Development zoning is not intended to be used for speculative purposes to enhance the value of property. As such, approval of a PUD will be as a conditional use, based upon a detailed Master Development Plan submitted as part of the application. The Mayor and City Council may approve different percentages of land use mixtures, different density units, and different open space requirements based on the ingenuity and resourcefulness on the presented plan.

M-1 Light Industry District
This district provides for a wide range of heavy commercial and light industrial uses, all of which shall be able to meet comparatively rigid specifications as to nuisance free performance. This district is comprised of lands that are located on or have ready access to a major street or State Highway and are well adapted to industrial development, but whose proximity to residential or commercial districts makes it desirable to limit industrial operations and processes to those that are not objectionable by reason of the emission of noise, vibration, smoke, dust, gas, fumes, odors, or radiation, and that do not create fire or explosion hazards or other objectionable conditions.

MH Manufactured Housing District
This district is intended exclusively for the placement of manufactured housing in an environment that will provide pleasant and otherwise satisfactory living conditions and additionally will not produce adverse effects upon neighboring properties.

UG Uptown Grayson Overlay District
This is an overlay district to maintain the character of Grayson and applies to properties which are designated by the Grayson Comprehensive Plan. This area is established to preserve the older homes and businesses within the City through reuse and commercial conversions. These guidelines encourage the continuation of a trend to continue and maintain the neighborhood character, increase marketability, and offer a variety of additional business choices for existing and future residents and business operators of the City.

SECTION 405: ANNEXATION
Any land subsequently annexed to the City shall be annexed in accordance with the procedures adopted by Mayor and Council that are based upon State law and are part of the Grayson City Code. It shall, immediately upon annexation, be classified into a zoning category compatible with adjacent zoning and land uses.
ARTICLE V
GENERAL PROVISIONS

The regulations set by this Ordinance within each district shall be minimum regulations and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind of structure or land, except as hereinafter provided:

SECTION 500: APPLICABILITY TO LAND, BUILDINGS AND OPEN SPACE
No building, structure, land, or open space shall hereafter be used or occupied and no building or structure or part thereof shall hereafter be erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved, or structurally altered unless in conformity with all of the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located.

SECTION 501: ADA COMPLIANCE
In addition to the regulations of this Ordinance, the ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) Accessibility Guidelines for buildings and facilities shall also apply.

SECTION 502: HEIGHT AND DENSITY
No building or other structure shall hereafter be erected or altered to exceed the height or bulk limits of this Ordinance; to accommodate or house a greater number of families; to occupy a greater percentage of lot area; to have narrower or smaller rear yards, front yards, side yards, or other open spaces than herein required; or in any other manner contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 503: LOT REDUCTION PROHIBITED
No yard or lot existing at the time of passage of this Ordinance shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements set forth herein except for a public purpose. Yards or lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall meet at least the minimum requirements established by this Ordinance.

SECTION 504: YARD AND OTHER SPACES
No part of a yard or other open space or off-street parking or loading spaces required about any one building shall be included as a part of the yard or off-street parking or loading spaces required for another building, except as specifically provided for herein.

SECTION 505: NATURAL VEGETATION
Natural vegetation shall remain on all properties until a development permit has been issued.

SECTION 506: ONE PRINCIPAL RESIDENTIAL BUILDING ON A LOT
Only one residential structure and permitted accessory building(s) may be erected on any one lot. The number of multiple-family, commercial or industrial structures per zoning lot is limited by the space limits, parking and density provisions of this ordinance.
SECTION 507: MINIMUM FLOOR AREA REQUIREMENTS
All single family residential structures in all zoning districts shall have a minimum finished, heated floor area of one thousand eight hundred (1,800) square feet. In RM zoning districts, all duplexes shall have a minimum finished, heated floor area of one thousand two hundred (1,200) square feet per unit; one-bedroom apartments shall have a minimum finished, heated floor area of nine hundred and fifty (950) square feet per unit; all two-bedroom apartments shall have a minimum finished, heated floor area of one thousand one hundred and fifty (1,150) square feet per unit; and all three-bedroom apartments shall have a minimum finished, heated floor area of one thousand three hundred and fifty (1,350) square feet per unit.

SECTION 508: STREET FRONTAGE REQUIREMENT
No residential structure shall hereafter be erected on a lot that does not abut for at least a distance of forty (40) feet as measured at the right-of-way upon an open street which shall be either a public street, a publicly approved street or a publicly maintained street.

In the event there exists a lot of record having less than forty (40) feet of frontage upon a public street, a publicly approved street or a publicly maintained street as of the effective date of this Ordinance, the property owner shall be entitled to only one (1) building permit, provided;

A. No other principal building exists or is being constructed on said property;
B. No other valid building permit has been issued prior to the effective date of this Ordinance and is currently valid;
C. The property was and continues to be under single ownership since the effective date of this Ordinance;
D. The property owner has acquired a twenty (20) foot access easement to a publicly maintained street, and said easement has been duly recorded and made part of the property deed; and
E. In the event said property is divided, no additional permits will be issued.

SECTION 509: CLASSIFICATION OF STREETS
For purposes of this ordinance, all of the streets, roads and highways in the City of Grayson except where otherwise noted, are classified as Principal, Major and Minor Arterials, Major and Minor Collectors, or local streets as shown on the Gwinnett County Long Range Road Classification Map.

SECTION 510: ACCESSORY USES
Accessory uses shall be permitted only in rear yards, except as otherwise provided in this Ordinance.
A. Residential

   1. Permitted Front and Side Yard Accessory Uses. In residential districts accessory uses such as driveways, sidewalks, flagpoles, basketball goals, and decorative landscaping, stepping stones, fountains, birdbaths and houses, light posts, and bridges shall be permitted in the front, side, or rear yards.
2. Restricted Accessory Uses. In residential districts, all other uses not permitted by paragraph 1 of this section shall be located in the rear yard of the residence and shall be further restricted as follows:

a. Square footage limitation:
   i. On lots one (1) acre or less, buildings shall not exceed a total floor area of seven hundred and fifty (750) square feet.
   ii. On lots greater than one (1) acre, buildings shall not exceed a total floor area equal to forty (40%) percent of the square footage of the primary use.

b. Constructed accessory uses (buildings, swimming pools, tennis courts, and like uses) shall be set back not less than ten feet from any lot line.

c. Accessory uses shall meet all other building codes and regulations of Grayson, Gwinnett County, and the State of Georgia.

B. Commercial. Accessory uses in commercial zoning districts shall adhere to the required setbacks of the zoning district.

In all zoning districts, no accessory use shall be permitted in public rights-of-way except mailboxes, sidewalks, driveways, light posts, and decorative landscaping.

SECTION 511: APPROVALS FOR DEVELOPMENT ON COUNTY OR STATE HIGHWAYS
For all developments fronting on or having access to a County or State street or highway, no building permit shall be issued until approval by the County or State Department of Transportation has been obtained and documented by the applicant for said development.

SECTION 512: CITY AND COUNTY APPROVALS THAT ARE REQUIRED
All City and County approvals that are required for the use of land and structures and for the location and operation of residences, businesses, and industries shall be obtained by the applicant and transmitted by applicant with his request for a building permit or an occupancy permit.

SECTION 513: SIDEWALKS REQUIRED
In all zoning districts, new developments shall install sidewalks along all rights-of-way. The sidewalks shall meet the dimensional requirements of each zoning district as specified herein. Installation of the sidewalk is required before the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy for any building.

SECTION 514: BUILDINGS UNDER CONSTRUCTION
Nothing in this Ordinance shall require any change in the construction or intended use of a building which is legally under construction or for which a building permit has been issued as of the effective date of this Ordinance and the construction of which shall be diligently pursued until completion.

SECTION 515: DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION
Nothing in this Ordinance shall require any change in development or proposed use of properties which are legally under construction or for which a development plan or preliminary plat has
been approved as of the effective date of this Ordinance provided that construction shall commence within one (1) year from the effective date of this Ordinance.

SECTION 516: PROHIBITED USES

A. The following uses are prohibited in all zoning districts of the City of Grayson:

1. Meat packing, slaughtering, eviscerating and skinning;
2. Poultry killing, plucking and dressing;
3. Rendering of byproducts of slaughtering and killing animals or poultry;
4. Yards for the sale, transfer or temporary holding of livestock;
5. Use of equipment which causes off-site radio or television interference; and
7. Outside storage on any property that is not customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building or is not otherwise permitted by Article XI.

B. Hours of Operation

1. No business operation is allowed in the Uptown Grayson Overlay District between the hours of twelve (12) o’clock midnight and five (5) o’clock a.m. This time restriction shall not apply to automated machinery (e.g., bank ATM’s, pay phones, vending machines, etc.).
2. No business operation is allowed in any zoning district, other than the Uptown Grayson Overlay District, between the hours of twelve (12) o’clock midnight and five (5) o’clock a.m. without being granted a Special Use Permit. This time restriction shall not apply to automated machinery (e.g., bank ATM’s, pay phones, vending machines, etc.).

The Board of Appeals does not have the authority to grant a variance or a special exception to allow any of the uses listed above in paragraphs A or B.
ARTICLE VI
EXCEPTIONS

SECTION 600: HEIGHT EXCEPTIONS, GENERAL RULE
Any structure hereafter erected or altered shall comply with the height limitations of the district in which it is located except as specified below.

SECTION 601: STRUCTURES EXCLUDED FROM HEIGHT LIMITATIONS
The height limitations of this Ordinance shall not apply to church spires, belfries, flag poles, monuments, cupolas, domes, ornamental towers, nor to observation towers not intended for human occupancy, or water towers. These exceptions shall not apply in the vicinity of airports. Telecommunication antennas and towers are regulated by Article XVI.

SECTION 602: WALLS AND FENCES
The setback requirements of this ordinance shall not prohibit any necessary retaining wall or fence except that in a residential district:
A. Front yard fences and walls shall not exceed four (4) feet in height and shall not extend into public right-of-way.
B. Front yard fences shall not be made of wire, woven metal, or chain link unless located on property of an agricultural or undeveloped use or of a lot size larger than three (3) acres.
C. Ornamental or decorative fences constructed of brick, stone, stucco, split rail, wood or wrought iron and not constructed of exposed block, tires, junk or other discarded material shall be permitted within the front yard setback.
D. No fence shall exceed six (6) feet in height within a rear or side yard.

Community and public recreation facilities, within a subdivision, shall be exempt from the requirements of this section.

SECTION 603: YARD SPACE, GENERAL RULE
Any building, structure or use hereafter erected, altered or established shall comply with the yard space requirements of the district in which it is located except as specified below. The required yard space for any building, structure, or use shall be contained on the same zoning lot as the building, structure or use and such required yard space shall fall entirely upon land in a district or districts in which the principal use is permitted.

SECTION 604: SUBSTANDARDLOTS OF RECORD
Any lot of record existing at the time of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance, which has an area or width which is less than required by this Ordinance, shall be subject to the following exceptions and modifications.
A. Adjoining Lots. When two (2) or more adjoining and vacant lots within a non-approved development with continuous frontage are in a single ownership at the time of application, and such lots have a frontage or lot area less than is required by the district in which they are located, such lots shall be re-platted so as to create one (1) or more lots which conform to the minimum frontage requirements of the district.
B. Lots Not Meeting Minimum Lot Size Requirements. When a lot has an area or frontage which does not conform to the requirements of the district in which it is located, but was a lot of record at the effective date of this Ordinance, such lot may be used for any use allowed in the zoning district in which it is located provided that all other requirements of this Ordinance are met.

SECTION 605: FENCES AND HEDGES, CORNER VISIBILITY
On corner lots within all zoning districts, no fence, shrubbery, or other obstruction to traffic line of sight vision shall exceed a height of two and one-half (2½) feet within the triangular area formed by the intersection of right-of-way lines at two points measured twenty (20) feet along the property line from the intersection. Within said triangle there shall be no sight obscuring wall, fence or foliage higher than thirty (30) inches above grade or in the case of trees, foliage lower than eight (8) feet. Vertical measurement shall be made at the top of the curb on the street or alley adjacent to the nearest side of the triangle or if no curb exists, from the edge of the nearest traveled way.

SECTION 606: FENCES AND HEDGES, MEASUREMENT RULE
Heights of fences, hedges, and other continuous foliage shall be measured from the adjacent top of the street curb, surface of an alley, or the official established grade thereof, whichever is higher. Along interior lot lines, the measurement shall be from the average grade of the lot line of the parcel on which the fence is located.

SECTION 607: FENCES AND HEDGES, EXCEPTION
The Mayor and Council or Board of Appeals may approve, or may direct as a condition for granting approval, that fences or plantings of a height in excess of these regulations be placed as shielding between different uses, or between like uses upon agreement between the parties affected thereby, provided that no such approval shall have the effect of reducing corner visibility as provided for herein.

SECTION 608: PERMITTED ENCROACHMENTS UPON REQUIRED SETBACKS
The following setback encroachments are permitted as follows:
A. Cornices, eaves, chimneys, porches, bay windows, or other similar architectural features may extend in to the required front, side and rear yard provided such extensions do not exceed three (3) feet. Decks and patios may extend into the side or rear yard no closer than ten (10) feet from any property line. Steps and landings may extend into the required setbacks provided such extensions do not exceed ten (10) feet for the front yard, three (3) feet for the side yard and no closer than ten (10) feet from the property line in the rear yard.
B. When a canopy is utilized in connection with a commercial or industrial use in districts where such uses are permitted, such canopy may occupy a portion of the required yard setback adjacent to streets, subject to the following provisions:
   1. No portion of a canopy shall be closer than ten feet from any street right-of-way line when measured vertically, nor closer than twenty (20) feet from the face of the curb of the street.
   2. No canopy shall occupy more than fifty (50%) percent of a required yard over which it extends.
SECTION 609: RECREATION FACILITIES

Subdivision, commercial and public recreation facilities are subject to the following requirements.

1. Parking:
   a. Subdivision Recreation Facility - one (1) space per ten (10) dwelling units.
   b. Commercial & Public Recreation Facility - A minimum of twenty (20) spaces, except that golf courses shall require twenty (20) spaces per each nine (9) holes.

2. Fences:
   c. Commercial and public recreation facilities, within a subdivision, shall be exempt from requirements of Section 602.
ARTICLE VII  
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 700: STRUCTURES TO HAVE ACCESS  
Every building hereafter erected or moved shall be on a lot adjacent to a public street, or with access to an approved private street, and all structures shall be so located on lots as to provide safe and convenient access for servicing, fire protection, and required off-street parking.

SECTION 701: REQUIREMENTS FOR MOVING A BUILDING  
No dwelling unit or other permanent structure shall be relocated within the City unless, when relocated, it meets all requirements of this Ordinance and other City code requirements. The relocation must be approved by the City of Grayson prior to the transportation of the structure.

SECTION 702: TEMPORARY BUILDINGS  
A temporary building or buildings for use in connection with a construction project or subdivision development shall be permitted on the land on which the project is being constructed during the duration of the construction period. Temporary buildings related to a subdivision development shall be removed when one hundred (100%) percent of all lots are occupied. In the event that no activity occurs at the construction site within a consecutive three (3) month period, all buildings shall be removed.

A temporary building may also be used as a temporary office for a future user of the property on which it is to be located. All such buildings shall secure an annual permit. The City shall hold the Certificate of Occupancy for the last structure until all temporary buildings are removed.

SECTION 703: PARKING, STORAGE, OR USE OF MAJOR RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT  
For the purpose of this section, major recreational equipment is defined as including boats and boat trailers, travel trailers, pickup campers or coaches (designed to be mounted on automobile vehicles), motorized dwellings tent trailers, and cases or boxes used for transporting recreational equipment, whether occupied by such equipment or not. Such major recreational equipment may be parked or stored in side or rear yards or in a carport or enclosed buildings, provided however, that such equipment may be parked anywhere on residential premises for a period of not more than twenty four (24) hours during loading or unloading. In the case of a corner lot, no such equipment may be parked or stored in the side yard on the street side of the lot. No such equipment shall be used for living, sleeping or housekeeping purposes when parked or stored on a residential lot or in any location not approved for such use.

SECTION 704: PARKING IN SINGLE-FAMILY DISTRICTS [AMENDED 7-16-2007]]  
This section shall apply to all single family residential zoning classifications, which include the following classifications: R-100, R-100 Modified, MH, and the detached residential portion of any PUD development. Parking any automobile, motorcycle, motor vehicle or trailer shall not be allowed in the front yard, side yard or rear yard of a residence unless said automobile, motorcycle, motor vehicle or trailer is parked on a concrete, asphalt or gravel driveway or parking area. Therefore, it shall be unlawful to park any automobile, motorcycle, motor vehicle
or trailer on the grass, lawn or dirt areas in the yard of any residential structure located within the corporate boundaries of the City of Grayson. No more than thirty-five (35%) percent of a combination of the front, side and rear yards may consist of a concrete, asphalt or gravel driveway or parking area and the remaining percentage shall be grass or landscaped areas.

**SECTION 705: PARKING AND STORAGE OF CERTAIN VEHICLES**

In all residential districts the parking of any vehicle larger than a pickup truck or van or any vehicle in excess of two thousand (2,000) pounds load capacity as identified or defined by the manufacturer (other than recreational vehicles) is prohibited except when the following provisions apply:

A. Such vehicle may park within a fully enclosed structure that meets all other criteria of the zoning district.

B. Such vehicle may park on the side or to the rear of the primary residential structure on the lot provided that the lot is three (3) acres or larger, but in no case may be closer than one hundred (100) feet from any property line.

This section shall not apply to vehicles that park or stand in residential districts for less than eight (8) hours unless engaged in the loading or unloading of the vehicle.

**SECTION 706: MULTI-WHEELED VEHICLES AND BUSES**

Automotive vehicles having more than four wheels, major recreational equipment, school, and other buses are prohibited from parking on residential streets or within public rights-of-way. This section shall not apply to vehicles that park or stand in residential districts for less than eight (8) hours unless engaged in the loading or unloading of the vehicle nor shall it apply to franchised or regulated utility vehicles.

**SECTION 707: INOPERATIVE VEHICLES**

Any automobile, truck, vehicle or trailer of any kind or type, without a valid license plate attached thereto, shall not be parked or stand on any private property or public roads and is hereby found to create a condition tending to reduce the value of private property, to promote blight and deterioration, and invite plundering and vandalism, to create fire hazards, to constitute an attractive nuisance creating a hazard to the health and safety of minors, to create a harborage for rodents and insects, and to be injurious to the health, safety and general welfare and, when on city streets, to create a traffic hazard and endanger public safety.

This section shall not be the exclusive regulation of abandoned, wrecked, dismantled, or inoperative vehicles or contrivances within the incorporated limits of the City of Grayson, but shall be supplemental and in addition to the other regulations and regulatory codes, ordinances, statutes, or provisions of law heretofore and hereinafter enacted by County, City, State, or other legal entity or agency having jurisdiction.

A. An inoperative or junk condition shall include, but not be limited to any automobile, vehicle, trailer of any kind or type, or contrivance or part thereof, the condition of which is one or more of the following:

1. Wrecked.
2. Dismantled.
3. Partially dismantled.
4. Inoperative.
5. Abandoned.
6. Discarded.
7. One which does not have a valid license plate attached thereto.

B. The following conditions allow the parking or standing of an inoperative vehicle on any property within the incorporated limits of the Grayson:
1. One or two junked vehicle(s) enclosed within a building on residentially zoned property provided the occupant of the home is in the process of reconditioning the vehicle(s) for his (her) personal use.
2. It shall be on the premises of a business enterprise operated in a lawful manner for the purpose of repairing, reconditioning or remodeling of the vehicles in conformance with the requirements of an automobile repair garage or other such similar use. Such vehicles shall not be stored for the purpose of salvage or parts but shall be in continual process of repair or reconditioning.
3. It shall be on the premises of a business enterprise operated in a lawful manner and licensed as a junk yard under the provisions of this Ordinance.

SECTION 708: KEEPING AND RAISING OF FARM ANIMALS
The keeping and raising of all farm animals and fowl and use of private stables shall be limited to property having a minimum lot area of three (3) acres which is not part of a platted subdivision. Any structure, pen, corral or other building appurtenant to the keeping and raising of farm animals must be located a minimum of one hundred (100) feet from any property line. The keeping and raising of farm animals and fowl shall be subject to all regulations promulgated by the Gwinnett County Health Department.

SECTION 709: HOME OCCUPATIONS
A. It is the intent and purpose of this section to provide for certain types of restricted occupational uses within residential districts. Only such uses will be allowed which:
1. Are incidental to the use of the premises as a residence;
2. Are compatible with residential uses; and
3. Do not detract from the residential character of the neighborhood.
B. In any building used for residential occupancy, businesses may be conducted provided that:
1. The primary use of the unit is a dwelling;
2. The following standards are complied with in full at all times:
   a. No person other than a resident of the dwelling unit is engaged or employed in the home occupation, and the number of residents employed shall not exceed two (2);
   b. No mechanical or electrical equipment is to be utilized except that which is necessarily, customarily, or ordinarily used for household or leisure purposes;
   c. No toxic, explosive, flammable, combustible, corrosive, radioactive, or other restricted materials are used or stored on the premises;
   d. There are no outside operations, storage, or display of materials or products;
   e. No alteration of the residential appearance of the premises occurs, including the creation of a separate entrance to the dwelling or utilization of an existing entrance exclusively for the business;
   f. No process is used which is hazardous to public health, safety, or welfare;
g. Visitors, customers, or deliveries shall not exceed that normally and reasonably occurring for a residence including not more than two (2) business visitors an hour in an eight (8) a day and not more than two (2) manufacturer or wholesaler direct deliveries of products or materials a week;

h. No on-street parking associated with the business is permitted;

i. One business vehicle may be utilized in the business. Business vehicles larger than a pickup truck or domestic van shall meet the requirements of Section 705;

j. The home occupation shall be restricted to fifteen (15%) percent of the dwelling and shall not exceed one hundred and fifty (150) square feet of floor area. Said home occupation use shall be clearly secondary to the use of the dwelling for dwelling purposes.

C. The following uses shall be allowed as home occupations:
   1. Architectural service
   2. Art studio
   3. Attorney
   4. Business office (sending and receiving mail and telephone calls, no retail sales)
   5. Catering
   6. Consulting services
   7. Data processing, typing, word-processing
   8. Direct sale product distribution (Amway, Avon, Tupperware, etc.)
   9. Dressmaking, sewing, tailoring
   10. Engineering service
   11. Financial planning, investments
   12. Flower arranging
   13. Gardening, landscape maintenance
   14. Hobby breeders
   15. Home crafts (including ceramics with kiln up to 6 cubic feet)
   16. House cleaning service
   17. Individual music and dance lessons
   18. Insurance sales or broker
   19. Interior design
   20. Jewelry making or repair, jeweler
   21. Mail order (not including retail sales from site)
   22. Real estate sales or broker
   23. Sales representative (office only)
   24. Security service/systems
   25. Video Recording
   26. Wood working
   27. Any other use in conformity with the standards set forth in paragraph B above.

D. The following uses shall be prohibited as home occupations:
   1. Any uses not in conformity with the standards set forth in paragraph B above.
   2. Ambulance service
   3. Appliance repair (except when working at customers' homes)
   4. Automotive detailing, washing services (except when working at customers' homes)
   5. Automotive repair
   6. Dance or aerobic exercise studios, massage studios or services.
7. Kennels
8. Medical or dental office
9. Palm reading, fortune telling
10. Tow truck services
11. Veterinary uses (including grooming or boarding)

SECTION 710: SIGHT OBSCURING CONTAINER ENCLOSURES
For office, commercial and industrial uses, trash and recycling dumpsters must be enclosed on three sides by a decorative wall or fence. Chain link type fencing is not acceptable as an enclosure.

SECTION 711: WAIVER OF REQUIREMENTS
The requirements of this ordinance may be waived by following the procedure for amending the Official Zoning Map set forth in Article XVIII.
ARTICLE VIII
NONCONFORMING USES

SECTION 800: GENERAL RULE
Within the Zoning Districts established by this Ordinance or amendments that may later be adopted there might exist land, structures, and uses of land and structures in combination which were lawful before this Ordinance was passed or amended, but which would be prohibited, regulated, or restricted under the terms of this Ordinance or future amendment. Nonconforming uses are declared by this Ordinance to be incompatible with permitted uses in the districts involved. It is the intent of this ordinance to permit these nonconformities to continue until they are removed, but not to encourage their survival.

To avoid undue hardship, the lawful use of any building or land use at the time of enactment of this Ordinance may be continued even though such use does not conform with the provisions of this Ordinance except that the nonconforming building or land use shall not be:
A. Changed to another nonconforming use;
B. Reestablished after discontinuance of six (6) months or more;
C. Repaired, rebuilt, or altered after damage exceeding fifty (50%) percent of its replacement cost at the time of destruction. Reconstruction to begin within six (6) months after damage is incurred; or
D. Enlarged or altered in a way which increases its nonconformity, except that a nonconforming use may be extended into an additional area of the building or structure that existed at the time of passage or amendment of this Ordinance.

Also to avoid undue hardship, nothing in this Ordinance shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which actual construction was lawfully begun prior to the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Ordinance.

SECTION 801: NONCONFORMING LOTS OF RECORD
Nonconforming Lots of Record are also known as Substandard Lots of Record and their use is regulated by Section 604 of this Ordinance.

SECTION 802: EXPANSION, MODIFICATION, REMODELING OR RECONSTRUCTION
Anyone desiring to expand, modify, enlarge, remodel, or reconstruct any nonconforming building beyond the amount permissible by Section 800 may make application for a waiver of requirements in accordance with Section 711.
ARTICLE IX
SITE DESIGN

SECTION 901: GENERAL APPLICATION
The following Site Design Standards shall apply to all zoning districts, except where indicated in Section 910 (Grayson HWY/SR 20 Design Standards).

SECTION 902: MINOR DEVIATIONS
The elements mandated in this Article are intended to be followed as outlined below. In the event the intent of this Ordinance can be achieved with minor deviations which do not substantially impact the goals or intent of the mandates of these Sections, the City of Grayson Planning Department has the authority to modify the specific provisions.

If substantial modifications or changes are necessary, any person, firm, group or organization may apply for relief from these requirements to the City of Grayson Council. Any application for an alternate architectural arrangement shall be accompanied with proposed elevations, building materials, and/or renderings necessary for the Council to make a determination whether the alternate proposal meets the intent of these requirements. The Council, as part of an approval, may include conditions, modifications or requirements necessary to mitigate any part of their decision. The City may establish filing requirements, fees and deadlines as needed.

SECTION 903: SIDEWALKS, LANDSCAPE AND SIDEWALK ZONES
A. Public sidewalks shall be located along both sides of all streets and shall have minimum widths as specified in the Street Type Dimensions Table. Sidewalks shall consist of two zones: a landscape zone and a sidewalk clear zone.
B. Landscape zone requirements.
   1. Said zone shall be located immediately adjacent to the curb and shall be continuous.
   2. This zone may be used for street trees, street lights, street furniture, pedestrian lights, landscaping, grass or additional pavement or other similar elements. (For all requirements for lighting, see Section 908).
   3. Street furniture.
      a. Sidewalks for all non-residential development shall be constructed with an additional three (3) foot by eight (8) foot pad within the landscape zone approximately every three hundred (300) linear feet to accommodate future pedestrian amenities such as benches, planters, trash receptacles and bicycle parking racks. All such required amenities shall be decorative, commercial-quality fixtures. Design and placement of any of these amenities shall be reviewed and approved by the Gwinnett or Georgia Department of Transportation.
      b. Said decorative, commercial-quality benches and trash receptacles shall be required to be placed within the specified pad for all retail and office developments.
C. Sidewalk clear zone requirements.
   1. Said zone shall be located immediately contiguous to the landscape zone and shall be continuous.
   2. Said zone shall be hardscape, and shall be unobstructed for a minimum height of eight (8) feet.
3. Utilities shall be placed underground or to the rear of structures to allow for unobstructed use of sidewalks.

D. Street tree planting requirements:
1. Street trees are required and shall be planted in the ground a maximum of fifty (50) feet on center or grouped one hundred and twenty (120) feet on-center within the landscape zone and spaced equal distance between street lights.
2. All newly planted trees shall be a minimum of four (4) inches in caliper measured thirty-six (36) inches above ground, shall be a minimum of twelve (12) feet in height, shall have a minimum mature height of forty (40) feet, and shall be limbed up to a minimum height of eight (8) feet.
3. Trees shall be planted six (6) feet from back-of-curb subject to review and approval of the Georgia or Gwinnett Department of Transportation.
4. Trees shall have a minimum planting area of thirty-two (32) square feet. All plantings, planting replacement and planting removal shall be approved by the City Planner.
5. The area between required plantings shall either be planted with ground cover or shall be paved as approved by the City Planner.
6. Street tree species shall be consistent for an entire block length. Species shall be permitted to change on separate block faces but not on individual block faces. The following tree species shall be permitted:
   a. Willow Oak
   b. Overcup Oak
   c. Nuttal Oak
   d. Pin Oak
   e. Shumard Oak
   f. Lacebark Elm
   g. Japanese Zelkova
7. All newly planted street trees shall be permitted to meet the tree density requirements of Article XV.

SECTION 904: STREET TYPE DIMENSIONS
A. The dimensions of all landscape zones, sidewalks, minimum building heights and front yards are governed by street designation and not by use or zoning district to ensure consistency of the streetscape experience
B. The following table shall apply for all landscape zone, sidewalk, minimum building height and front yard dimensions. For all lot area, maximum building height, side yard and rear yard requirements, refer to Article XI.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STREET TYPE DIMENSIONS TABLE</th>
<th>Grayson/Highway 20</th>
<th>Uptown Grayson Overlay District streets</th>
<th>All other streets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Zone</td>
<td>See Sec. 910</td>
<td>Compatibility rule</td>
<td>3 ft min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidewalk Clear Zone</td>
<td>See Sec. 910</td>
<td>Compatibility rule</td>
<td>5 ft min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height of Building</td>
<td>18 ft min</td>
<td>Compatibility rule</td>
<td>15 ft min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front Yard</td>
<td>72 ft min</td>
<td>Compatibility rule</td>
<td>20 ft min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C. Compatibility rule.
   1. For the purposes of these regulations as they apply to the Uptown Grayson Overlay District streets, “Compatibility rule” shall be defined as not exceeding both the greatest degree of measurement nor the lesser degree of measurement for the specific block face of the parcel when more than twenty five (25%) percent of the block contains existing structures. In this case, all landscape zones, sidewalks, building heights and front yards shall be no less than the lesser measurement on the block and no greater than the largest measurement on the block. In this way, these elements of any given parcel shall always be consistent with the established pattern of the existing block.

   2. In such case that parcels in the Uptown Grayson Overlay District are located on blocks with less than twenty five (25%) of the block containing existing structures, said parcel shall meet the street type dimensional requirements of Grayson/Highway 20.

SECTION 905: FRONT YARD

A. Front yard general requirements.
   1. The area between any building facade, parking garage, or parking lot and the required sidewalk, when no intervening building exists, shall be defined as the front yard.

   2. The square footage contained within the front yard, which meets all the following front yard requirements, may be counted towards the open space requirements of Article XI.

   3. All detention ponds or similar water detention facilities within front yards shall be located in underground systems and structures such as concrete vaults, sixty (60) inch pipe systems or similar facilities.

B. Non-residential front yards.
   1. Shall be designed to permit and encourage pedestrians to walk on the surface of the front yard excluding fountains, pedestrian furniture, public art and similar elements.

   2. Automobile parking in front yards shall be prohibited except where permitted by Section 1301.

C. Residential front yards.
   1. When sidewalk level residential units are provided, front yards shall be landscaped with the exception of terraces, porches, stoops and walkways, which may occupy a maximum of two-thirds (2/3) of the front yard area;

   2. Terraces, porches and stoops shall have a maximum finished floor height of twenty-four (24) inches above finished-grade, unless existing topographical considerations render this requirement unreasonable;

   3. Automobile parking shall be permitted only on the permitted accessory driveway. Said accessory driveway cover a maximum of thirty-five (35%) percent of the total lot area.

SECTION 906: RELATIONSHIP OF BUILDING TO STREET.

A. The primary pedestrian entrance for pedestrians to access all sidewalk level uses and business establishments with public or private street frontage and shall have the following characteristics:

   1. Shall face and be visible from the public street when located adjacent to such street. When located adjacent to a street that functions as an arterial street or a collector street, said entrance shall face and be visible from such street.

   2. Shall be directly accessible and visible from the sidewalk adjacent to such street.

   3. Shall remain unlocked during business hours for non-residential uses.
**SECTION 907: SITE DESIGN**

A. **Blocks and Street Infrastructure.**
   1. Non-residential developments with more than six hundred (600) feet of frontage along a single street shall be divided by public or private streets into blocks having a maximum length of six hundred (600) feet, as measured from street curb to street curb.
   2. Public or private streets used to divide properties into blocks shall meet all of the street and sidewalk designations of this Ordinance.
   3. Inter-parcel vehicle access points shall be provided between all contiguous commercial and office tracts. The Mayor and City Council may waive this requirement only if it is demonstrated that an inter-parcel connection is not feasible due to traffic safety or topographic concerns.

B. **Automobile uses.**
   1. Drive-through service windows and drive-in facilities shall not be located between a building and the street.
   2. Gasoline fuel dispenser structures and associated vehicular services such as air pumps and car washes shall not be located between a building and the street.

C. **Screening.**
   1. Dumpsters and loading areas.
      a. Screening for all non-residential developments shall consist of three solid walls of brick construction, at least eight (8) feet in eight, with one hundred (100%) percent solid metal or wooden gates.
      b. Dumpsters shall be placed in the rear yard and may be located five (5) feet from the property line if the adjoining property is zoned non-residential and five (5) feet from all applicable buffers if the adjoining property is zoned residential.
      c. Loading dock entrances for non-residential uses shall be screened so that loading docks and related activity are not visible from the public right-of-way.
      d. For loading and dumping activities located within one hundred and fifty (150) feet of a single-family residential property shall only be permitted to undertake said activities during normal business hours (7am-10pm).

**SECTION 908: LIGHTING**

A. All exterior lighting, except on individual residential lots of record, whether on public or private property shall comply with these regulations.
   1. All lighting installations shall comply with the Illumination Engineers Society (IES) regulations and specifications.
   2. All buildings, developments and projects of any kind, whether public or private, and all streetscape lighting, shall have a lighting plan submitted to the City for approval prior to any installation.
   3. All luminaries, other than public-rights-of-way (ROW) luminaries shall be full cut-off type. Period luminaries(e.g. carriage lamps) mounted on buildings may be approved on a case-by-case basis by the City Planner.
   4. Only the following outdoor lighting luminaries, as described in the following table, are approved for installation on public rights-of-way and parking lots. Other outdoor lighting (e.g., bollards, path lighting, under canopy lighting,
security lighting, sports field lighting, etc.) shall be approved on a case-by-case basis by the City Planner.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LOCATION OF LIGHTING</th>
<th>LIGHT FIXTURE/COLOR</th>
<th>POLE TYPE/COLOR</th>
<th>LIGHT SOURCE</th>
<th>MAXIMUM POLE HEIGHT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian Lighting</td>
<td>“Enhanced Manchester” (Cooper) Black Trim</td>
<td>“Granville” (Hapco) Black</td>
<td>HPS</td>
<td>12 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public ROW Arterial/Major Collector Streets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subdivision Pedestrian Lighting</td>
<td>(1) “Westminster” (Cooper) Black</td>
<td>“Granville” (Hapco) Black</td>
<td>HPS</td>
<td>12 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choice of either (1), (2) or (3). Entire subdivision to be identical</td>
<td>(2) “Acorn” (Cooper) Black</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(3) “Manchester” (Cooper) Black</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking Lot Lighting</td>
<td>“Epic Collection” (Cooper) -Classical Top -Slot Middle -Bell Shade Black</td>
<td>“Bishop Crook” Mounting arm with Seattle pole Black</td>
<td>HPS</td>
<td>20 ft</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 909: UPTOWN GRAYSON OVERLAY DISTRICT DESIGN STANDARDS
A. Additional criteria. In addition to the requirements for all underlying zoning districts, the following additional criteria shall be applied to new and renovated structures within Uptown Grayson:

1. Parking surface: “Grasscrete” or “Grasspave” or other approved porous paving or grass paving systems, shall be permitted to be used except where handicapped spaces shall necessitate otherwise. Said approved porous paving or grass paving system shall be permitted to be counted towards open space requirements subject to approval of the City.
2. Signs: Signs shall not be internally illuminated.
3. Street furniture: Decorative, commercial quality, bicycle racks, benches and trash receptacles shall be required for all retail and office developments, subject to the approval of the City prior to installation.
SECTION 910: GRAYSON HWY/SR 20 DESIGN STANDARDS

In addition to the requirements for all underlying zoning districts, certain additional design criteria shall be applied to all parcels that directly abut/adjoin Grayson Hwy/SR 20. The design standards will apply to the area from the edge of pavement or back of curb of SR 20 to the front foundation wall of all buildings. This area shall be divided into certain zones: Sidewalk Clear Zone, Bermed Landscaped Zone, Vehicular Access Zone and Pedestrian Zone. (Note: These designations and standards, as described in this Section, are applicable only to the Grayson Hwy/SR 20 corridor.) Figures 910.1 and 910.2 illustrate these zones. These zones are more particularly described as follows:

A. General Applicability

As previously mentioned, these standards shall be applied to all parcels that abut/adjoin and/or have frontage on Grayson Hwy/SR 20. In addition, these standards shall be applied in manner prescribed below in the following situations:

1. Corner properties – when a parcel has frontage on Grayson Hwy/SR 20 and an intersecting public street, the design standards shall apply to the Grayson Hwy/SR 20 frontage only. At the point of intersection, the design standards shall transition to the standards applicable to the intersecting street.

2. Double frontage lots – when a parcel has frontage on Grayson Hwy/SR 20 and another public street, the design standards shall apply to the Grayson Hwy/SR 20 frontage only. The design standards applicable to the other street(s) shall apply.

B. Sidewalk Clear Zone Requirements

1. The Sidewalk Clear Zone shall be located between the edge of pavement/back of curb and shall extend to the right-of-way line (i.e., shoulder of the roadway). This zone shall be continuous along Grayson Hwy/SR 20.

2. Said zone shall be used for sidewalks and street lighting per Georgia DOT requirements.

3. Public sidewalks shall be located along both sides of Grayson Hwy/SR 20 and shall have a minimum width of five (5) feet.

4. Said sidewalk shall be placed within the sidewalk clear zone and shall be located within the right-of-way, two (2) feet from said line or per Georgia DOT requirements.

5. These sidewalks shall be hardscape and shall interconnect with sidewalks of intersecting streets. The sidewalks shall be unobstructed for a height of eight (8) feet.

C. Bermed Landscape Zone Requirements

1. Said zone shall be located immediately adjacent to the right-of-way line of Grayson Hwy/SR 20 and shall be continuous.
2. In addition to the earthen berm outlined in this Section, this zone may be used for street trees, pedestrian lights, shrubs and ground cover, grass and/or other similar elements. (For all requirements for lighting, see Section 908).

3. Pedestrian lights shall be two feet behind the right-of-way line within the Bermed Landscape Zone. Each land parcel fronting on Georgia Highway 20, shall install one (1) approved pedestrian light (see Section 908) every 120 feet (or portion thereof) of road frontage along S.R. 20. Such lighting shall be depicted on all plans and specifications submitted to the City for approval.

4. Said earthen berm shall be a minimum of fifteen (15) feet wide. The berm shall be three (3) feet in height, a minimum of three (3) feet wide across the top and shall have 2H:1V slopes on both sides of the berm.

5. Bermed Landscape Zone planting requirements:
   a. Trees are required and shall be planted in the berm a maximum of fifty (50) feet on center or grouped one hundred and twenty (120) feet on-center within the landscape zone and spaced equal distance between street lights.
   b. All newly planted trees shall be a minimum of four (4) inches in caliper measured thirty-six (36) inches above ground, shall be a minimum of twelve (12) feet in height, shall have a minimum mature height of forty (40) feet, and shall be limbed up to a minimum height of eight (8) feet.
   c. Trees shall have a minimum planting area of thirty-two (32) square feet. All plantings, planting replacement and planting removal shall be approved by the City Planner.
   d. The area between required plantings shall either be grassed or planted with ground cover as approved by the City Planner.
   e. Tree species shall be consistent for an entire block length. Species shall be permitted to change on separate block faces but not on individual block faces. The following tree species shall be permitted:
      1. Willow Oak
      2. Overcup Oak
      3. Nuttal Oak
      4. Pin Oak
      5. Shumard Oak
      6. Lacebark Elm
      7. Japanese Zelkova
   f. All newly planted street trees shall be permitted to meet the tree density requirements of Article XV.

D. Vehicular Access Zone
1. The Vehicular Access Zone shall be located immediately adjacent to the Bermed Landscaped Zone and shall be continuous.

2. Said zone shall be a minimum of forty-three (43) feet in width and a maximum of fifty-three (53’) in width and shall consist of a minimum twenty-four (24) foot wide, two-way, access drive and one row of nineteen (19) foot deep parking stalls. The parking stalls shall be perpendicular to the access driveway (no angled parking allowed).

3. Said zone shall also be used for sidewalks to provide a minimum four (4) foot wide pedestrian access to buildings from the Sidewalk Clear Zone within the right-of-way of Grayson Hwy/SR. 20. This sidewalk shall be located adjacent to the curb cuts or driveway entrances and shall extend across the Vehicular Access Zone. Where the pedestrian path crosses the access drive, striping, stamped concrete or other decorative elements shall be used to warn motorists.

4. The Vehicular Access Zone may also include parking lot lighting as required by Section 908 of this Ordinance.

5. The access drive and parking stalls shall meet the design standards for construction, surfacing, drainage and materials of Section 1301 of this Ordinance. The parking stalls contained within this zone may be counted towards the minimum number of space required for the uses on the property and may be used to satisfy the handicapped space requirements.

6. Said access drive shall provide access for the single row of parking stalls from driveways and/or curb cuts, shall also interconnect with any drives that access the rear or sides of the property and shall extend to the property boundaries providing interparcel access.

7. The location of the single row of parking stalls shall stagger between buildings along Grayson Hwy/SR. 20 (i.e., one row adjacent to the Pedestrian Zone and at the next building the row shall be adjacent to the Bermed Landscape Zone - see Figure 910.1 for an illustration) to slow down vehicular traffic and to promote creative design.

8. Parking lot trees and other plantings as required by Article XV of this Ordinance may be located within this zone.

9. Underground detention, where permitted, shall be placed within the Vehicular Access Zone. Underground detention shall not be permitted within the Pedestrian Zone or the Bermed Landscaped Zone.

E. Pedestrian Zone

1. This zone is located immediately adjacent to the Vehicular Access Zone and shall be continuous.

2. Said zone shall be a minimum of fourteen (14) feet in width and shall consist of a minimum four (4) foot wide Landscape Zone, a six (6) foot wide Sidewalk Zone and a minimum four (4) foot wide Storefront Zone.
3. The pedestrian Landscape Zone shall be used for street furniture, pedestrian lighting, trees, landscaping, groundcover and grass.

   a. Lighting shall be in accordance with Section 908 of this Ordinance.

   b. Trees, landscaping and groundcover shall be selected and planted according to Article XV of this Ordinance. Tree grates are not required where all sidewalk width requirements are met, unless determined by the City Planner. Where tree grates are required or otherwise installed, they shall be a minimum of four-feet (4’) by four-feet (4’). Where tree grates are not required or otherwise installed, tree planting areas shall be planted with an evergreen ground cover.

   c. Street furniture.

      1. Within the pedestrian Landscape Zone, four (4) foot by eight (8) foot concrete pads shall be installed to accommodate pedestrian amenities such as benches, newspaper vending boxes, planters, trash receptacles and bicycle parking racks.

      2. One pad shall be provided for every 10 parking spaces required under Section 1302 of this Ordinance for buildings under 10,000 square feet in area. For buildings over 10,000 square feet, one pad will be required for the first 10 spaces and then one pad for every 25 spaces thereafter.

      3. When multiple pads are required, they may be combined or strategically placed to allow unobstructed access to the building entrance and to encourage gathering points.

      4. All such required amenities shall be decorative, commercial-quality fixtures. No Variance shall be considered regarding the bench or bicycle rack fixtures. Design of these elements shall be in accordance with the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Street Furniture Element</th>
<th>Make</th>
<th>Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benches</td>
<td>Keystone Ridge Designs</td>
<td>Lamplighter Bench with back (L24,L26 or L28) Black only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trash Receptacles</td>
<td>As approved by City Planner</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planters</td>
<td>As approved by City Planner</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bicycle Racks</td>
<td>Barco Products</td>
<td>Wave (GR6802 ground mount)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wave (GR6803 surface mount)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Black only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tree Grates</td>
<td>As approved by City Planner</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. Placement of any of these amenities shall be reviewed and approved by the City Planner.

4. The Sidewalk Zone shall be hardscape and shall be unobstructed for a height of eight (8) feet. The sidewalk shall run continuously along the frontage of the building and shall interconnect with sidewalks of other buildings on the property and adjacent properties.
   a. The materials used for the sidewalk may be concrete, stamped concrete, interlocking concrete pavers or a combination thereof and shall be installed in accordance with the Development Regulations.
   b. The sidewalk shall provide access to building entrances and shall connect with sidewalks in the Vehicular Access Zone.

5. The Storefront Zone shall extend from the edge of the six (6) foot sidewalks to the foundation wall of the building, but shall be no less than four (4) feet in width. The Storefront Zone shall be continuous along the front wall of the building and may extend along the sides of the building if desired.
   a. The Storefront Zone may contain a combination of hardscape and landscape elements. Hardscape elements shall be used at building entrances, service entrances and where it is necessary to access the six (6) foot sidewalk zone.
   b. Awnings, porticos, arbors and other decorative elements may be used to cover this zone.
   c. The Storefront Zone may be used for displays, plantings within containers, outdoor tables, sales racks or other uses, where permitted by this Ordinance or other City of Grayson Ordinances.
ARTICLE X
BUILDING DESIGN

SECTION 1000: INTENT AND PURPOSE
A. In an effort to maintain high quality, long-lasting and sustainable development within the City of Grayson, the City hereby adopts the following design guidelines and standards for all newly constructed and renovated buildings for the following purposes:

1. Maintain the historical look and feel of a turn of the century (1880-1930) Georgia village.
2. Foster architectural diversity and interest yet achieve and maintain a consistent, durable and pleasing aesthetic quality.
3. Protect and enhance the City’s attractions to tourists and visitors and thereby strengthen the economy of the City.
4. Encourage civic pride and promote the use of buildings for education, pleasure, and general welfare of the citizens of Grayson.
5. To establish a means of review for new development or redevelopment design plans for the purpose of protecting the architectural and historic integrity of the City.

SECTION 1001: MINOR DEVIATIONS
The elements mandated in this Article are intended to be followed as outlined below. In the event the intent of this Ordinance can be achieved with minor deviations which do not substantially impact the goals or intent of the mandates of these Sections, the City of Grayson Planning Department has the authority to modify the specific provisions.

If substantial modifications or changes are necessary, any person, firm, group or organization may apply for relief from these requirements to the City of Grayson Council. Any application for an alternate architectural arrangement shall be accompanied with proposed elevations, building materials, and/or renderings necessary for the Council to make a determination whether the alternate proposal meets the intent of these requirements. The Council, as part of an approval, may include conditions, modifications or requirements necessary to mitigate any part of their decision. The City may establish filing requirements, fees and deadlines as needed.

SECTION 1002: ARCHITECTURAL CHARACTER
A. The purpose of this section is to present an architectural vocabulary that will provide a general guideline for the development of commercial and public buildings. In general, Grayson requires turn-of-the-century (1880-1930) architectural styles, themes, massing and details.
B. Any literal transplant of architectural styles not indigenous or compatible to this area is not acceptable. Similarly, a structure, monumental in scale or unduly formal or modern in character, and any corporate signature buildings or structures are not acceptable within the City of Grayson.
SECTION 1003: NON-RESIDENTIAL APPLICATION
The following Building Design regulations shall apply to RM, C-1, C-2, C-3, OI, MH, and M-1, zoning districts.

SECTION 1003.1: REVIEW AND APPROVAL
A. All building plans for non-residential zoning districts shall be submitted to The City Architect for review and approval prior to being submitted for a building permit. The submission is to include the following:
   1. Completed application form and design review fees paid to the City.
   2. Two sets of all floor plans to a minimum of 1/8"=1'-0" scale. The plans should show all dimensions windows, doors, etc.
   3. Two sets of all exterior building elevations to minimum of 1/8"=1'-0" scale. Drawings should indicate and label all building materials, features and exterior finish legend.
   4. Project site plan to a minimum of 1"=30’.
   5. One color drawings showing each exterior side of the building with all materials rendered correctly.
   6. One material sample board with all exterior building materials used.

SECTION 1003.2: PROPORTION AND SCALE
A. Proportion: All development proposals shall indicate that the applicant has studied and reconciled the scale and proportions of buildings in the following situations:
   1. Site.
   2. Adjacent and neighboring sites.
   3. Major streets from which the project will be accessed or viewed.
B. Horizontal emphasis: Building proportions with horizontal emphasis shall be minimized. Vertical proportions that exaggerate building height shall instead be utilized wherever feasible.
C. Varied Facades: The spacing of elements in facades shall be varied rather than repetitive, with a high priority placed on the three dimensional interplay of light and shadow.
D. Scale.
   1. Human Scale: Building elements and facades, especially at the ground or pedestrian level, shall be intimate and close to human size, so as to achieve a sense of human scale and interest.
   2. Overall Scale: A mixture of scales shall be permitted in less pedestrian areas, with some elements scaled larger for appreciation from the street.
B. Building Massing: All new development proposals shall incorporate means of reducing the apparent size and bulk of the building. The following methods for reducing the apparent size and mass of larger buildings shall be required.
   1. Continuous wall surfaces: Large or continuous wall surfaces shall be prohibited. Large building surfaces shall be relieved with a change of wall plane that provides strong shadow and visual interest. Pilasters and/or false windows shall be incorporated into the design so that horizontal walls are broken up at least every twenty (20) feet.
   2. Building Base: The building base shall be a shaded element that establishes a strong connection to the ground and site. The base is often a different material and/or color as in a water table or could be a larger element that incorporates individual awnings or coverings. Continuous arcades shall be prohibited.
3. **Breaking Up Building Mass**: Every building shall reduce its perceived height and bulk by dividing the building mass into smaller scale components. Building wall offsets, including projections, recesses, and changes in floor level shall be used to add architectural interest and variety, and to relieve the visual effect of a simple long wall.

4. **Variation in Building Silhouettes**: Variation in the roofline of buildings is desirable. Offsets in pitched roofs and gables are encouraged. Parapets in building masses exceeding fifty (50) continuous linear feet shall be varied in height and project and shall use decorative elements such as crown moldings, dental, brick soldier courses, etc.

SECTION 1003.3: VISUAL PATTERNS AND COLOR.

A. **Shade and shadow**: Recesses and projections shall be utilized to divide horizontal surfaces of buildings into smaller scale elements to produce strong shade and shadow.

B. **Projections**: Projections shall be permitted for use to emphasize important architectural elements such as stairs, balconies, entrances, bays, etc.

C. **Reduce unrelieved Building Mass**: The use of individual awnings, partial loggias (not full arcades), wide roof overhangs, etc., shall be permitted to be used to produce interesting shadow effects and reduce unrelieved building mass.

D. **Color**: Building colors shall be carefully chosen so that each building compliments that of its neighbor. An entire block of buildings should blend together even though each building will possess its own identity.

   1. **Main building**: The main building color shall be of historic earth tones. Loud, bright, or contemporary colors shall be prohibited.

   2. **Trim**: Historically, building trim was of a natural stone or in the case of painted elements was painted in a decorative manner in a contrasting shade lighter or darker than the main building. The palate of trim colors shall be historic in nature such as navy, sage, maroon, slate gray, fawn, gold, etc.

SECTION 1003.4: ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS [AMENDED 7-16-2007]

A. **Surface detail, ornament, windows and doors that enrich the architectural character shall be required.**

B. **Integration of details**: Details shall be carefully considered to add interest and human scale. All visibly exposed sides of a building shall have and articulated base, course, and cornice.

C. **Trim**: The trim adds detail and character to the façade. Said trim shall include the eaves, pediments, friezes, lintels, sills, belt courses, balustrades, quoins. Windows shall have capitals, arches, jack arches with keystones, etc.

D. **Windows and Glass**:

   1. **Large Window units**:

      a. Historic window units of the size and character of the time period shall be required. Said retail shop windows shall be limited to their glass size of approximately thirty-six (36) square feet.

      b. Window units shall be raised off of the floor.

      c. Adjacent window units shall have a minimum of four (4) inch jambs separating them both horizontally and vertically.

   2. **Operable Window Units**: Operable windows shall be double hung.
3. Mullions: If mullions are used then simulated divided lights (SDL) shall be required. The window unit is made with the mullions permanently affixed to the exterior and interior of the glass with a spacer bar placed between the two panes of glass.

4. Window Frames:
   a. Head and jambs shall be of a historic color and profile.
   b. Traditional storefront systems shall be prohibited unless they have a permanent surface applied trim such as a snap on aluminum decorative trim, such as an Ogee profile.
   c. Aluminum clad wood windows with historic details shall be permitted.
   d. Wide brick moldings around the windows shall be required.

5. Glass: Clear or slightly tinted glass shall be required. Mirrored, colored or highly reflective shall be prohibited.

E. Exterior Doors: Wood doors, or have the appearance of wood, with wide stiles, decorative hardware, raised panels, eight (8) feet or taller, shall be required.

F. Building Materials: Only the following building materials shall be used in combination so that a consistent, attractive, and long lasting building design can be created.

1. Walls: The main wall material shall be used on all four sides.
   a. Brick: Only full thickness modular brick in earth tones shall be permitted. Thin veneer or painted brick shall be prohibited.
   b. Stone: Natural stone veneer, Terra cotta or cast stone which simulates natural stone in chiseled, ground face, hammered, or smooth shall be required.
   c. Stucco: Masonry hard coat or building code approved synthetic stucco (EIFS) is limited to three (3%) percent of the total wall area. Use is limited to decoration, trim, or where brick or stone cannot feasibly be supported such as in a dormer or second floor wall above a roof. Continuous EIFS banding around a building is prohibited.
   d. CMU: Concrete masonry units shall be prohibited with the exception of colored split face CMU limited to three (3%) percent of the total wall area.
   e. Siding: Wood, cementitious, or shakes shall be limited to upper floors only and not to exceed ten (10%) percent of total wall area. Metal siding either vertical or horizontal shall be prohibited.

2. Trim.
   a. Painted wood or synthetic (Fypon, polymers) painted shall be permitted.
   b. Cast Stone or EIFS shall be permitted.
   c. Aluminum clad wood.
   d. EIFS shall be permitted in certain applications, but not as a continuous band around a building.

3. Sloped Roof Materials: The following materials shall be permitted if visually seen from the ground.
   a. Architectural random cut, shadow line and fiberglass asphalt shingles shall be permitted and shall have a minimum wind resistance of 110 mph.
   b. Standing seam pre-finished metal roof in a historic color by this ordinance.
   c. Copper standing seam metal roof.
   d. Natural or artificial slate.
   e. Wood shakes as permitted by this ordinance.
   f. Cementitious or clay tile roof tiles.
G. Roof Requirements:
1. Flat Roofs: Flat roofs shall be of any material that meets the requirements of this ordinance as long it is not seen from the ground. All flat roofs shall have parapets on all four sides of sufficient height to hide air handling equipment from the ground for a distance of one hundred (100) feet.
2. Pitched Roofs: Pitched roofs shall have a minimum pitch of 6:12. Gables and or dormers shall also be incorporated to add interest.
4. Building mechanical and accessory features.
   a. All ground mounted mechanical, HVAC and like systems shall be screened from the public street view (within one hundred (100) feet) on all sides by an opaque wall or fence made of brick, stucco or landscaping.
   b. Back lit awnings, roof mounted lights, and/or roof mounted flag poles are not permitted. Satellite dishes shall be located and painted to blend with the background as much as practical.
   c. For all commercial/retail buildings, roof mounted mechanical, HVAC and like systems shall be screened from the public right-of-way within one hundred (100) feet on all sides.
   d. When building mechanical and accessory features are located on rooftops, they shall be incorporated in the design of the building and screened with building materials similar to the building.

SECTION 1004: RESIDENTIAL APPLICATION
The following Design Standards shall apply to the following zoning districts: R100, R100 Modified and the residential portions of any PUD.

SECTION 1004.1: Reserved.

SECTION 1004.2: R-100 DISTRICT DESIGN STANDARDS
The following regulations shall apply to the R-100 zoning districts:
A. Building Materials: The only materials to be permitted are brick, natural or cultured stone, hard coat masonry stucco, building code approved synthetic stucco (EIFS), board and batten wood siding, natural wood horizontal siding or cementitious wood grain horizontal siding.
B. Roof Requirements: Minimum pitch shall be 6:12.

SECTION 1004.3: R-100 MODIFIED DISTRICT DESIGN STANDARDS
The following regulations shall apply to the R-100 Modified zoning districts.  
A. Building Materials.
   1. Brick, natural or cultured stone, hard coat masonry stucco or building code approved synthetic stucco (EIFS), board and batten wood siding, natural wood horizontal siding or cementitious wood grain horizontal siding shall be permitted. The same material shall be used on at least the front and two sides.
   2. The rear side shall be any of the above listed building materials.
   3. Vinyl siding shall be prohibited.
B. Roof Requirements: Minimum pitch shall be 10:12.

SECTION 1004.4: RESIDENTIAL PORTION OF PUD DESIGN STANDARDS
The regulations pertaining to any residential portion of a PUD are set forth in Section 1112.

SECTION 1005: MIXED USE AND MULTI-FAMILY APPLICATION
To be approved by special review and application of each individual development basis.
ARTICLE XI [AMENDED 03-15-2010]
DISTRICT REGULATIONS

SECTION 1100: GENERAL USE REGULATIONS
A. Permitted uses. The following table outlines the permitted uses for each zoning district.

1. Those uses marked with an asterisk (*) in the Permitted Uses Table shall not exceed two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet of floor area.
2. For all telecommunications antennas and towers requirements see Article XVI.
3. Other uses which may be determined by the Administrative Officer to be similar to the below listed principal permitted uses and which are in harmony with the purpose of this district may be permitted.
4. No outdoor storage is permitted except as specified herein.
5. Those uses marked with a double asterisk (**) in the Permitted Uses Table shall not be allowed in the Uptown Grayson Overlay District.

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<td>Doctor, dentist or chiropractic offices</td>
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<td>Dormitories for nurses and interns when part of a medical facility</td>
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<td>Drug stores</td>
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<td>Dry cleaning establishments not in excess of two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet, including dry cleaning pick-up and delivery stations</td>
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<td>Electronic equipment manufacturing and assembly plants</td>
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<td>Electronic sales and service establishments</td>
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<td>Equipment rental</td>
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<td>Eye glass shops</td>
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<td>Fabric stores</td>
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<td>Feed and seed stores</td>
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<td>Florist shops</td>
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<td>Food catering establishments</td>
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<td>Food stores or grocery stores</td>
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<td>Frame shops</td>
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<td>Furniture rental &amp; sales estab.</td>
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<td>Funeral homes and mortuaries, but excluding crematoria</td>
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<td>Garden supply centers and greenhouses, provided plants, shrubs and landscaping supplies are not displayed within the front yard setback</td>
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<td>Gift and card shops</td>
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<td>Government offices</td>
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<td>Hardware stores with lawnmower repair as an accessory use</td>
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<td>Health clubs or spas and tanning salons</td>
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<td>Hobby shops and craft shops</td>
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<td>Hospitals and medical clinics</td>
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<td>Ice cream shops</td>
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<td>Insurance offices</td>
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<td>Interior decorating shops</td>
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<td>Jewelry stores</td>
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<td>Laundries and dry cleaning establishments, including self-service</td>
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<td>Lawnmower sales and repair shops</td>
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<td>Livestock and farm animals for keeping and raising</td>
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<td>Local, State, and Federal government buildings</td>
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<td>Locksmith shops</td>
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<td>Log splitting and storage lots</td>
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<td>Manufactured homes</td>
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<td>Manufacturing plants and businesses</td>
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<td>Meat markets, retail, but no killing, eviscerating, skinning, plucking or smoking of food products on the premises</td>
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<td>Medical offices</td>
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<td>Mini warehouse storage facilities</td>
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<td>Motels and hotels</td>
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<td>Multifamily dwellings which may be duplexes, row houses, town houses, condominiums, or apartments</td>
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<td>Museums and libraries</td>
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<td>Music lessons and sales establishments</td>
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<td>News and tobacco stores</td>
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<td>Nursing homes</td>
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<td>Offices or office parks, office/distribution and office/warehouse facilities</td>
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<td>Offices: Public or professional</td>
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<td>Office/showroom facilities (provided no equipment or materials are stored outdoors)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Office supply sales establishments</td>
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<td>Parking lots</td>
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<td>Personal care home</td>
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<td>Pest control businesses</td>
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<td>Pet shops and grooming establishments</td>
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<td>Photocopying, printing and reproduction service</td>
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<td>Photography studios</td>
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<td>Plant nursery sales facilities</td>
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<td>Plumbing, electrical, pool and home building supply showrooms and sales centers</td>
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<td>Professional and business offices, provided no retail sales occur on premises</td>
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<td>Public buildings and offices</td>
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<td>Public parks, playgrounds, and community buildings</td>
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<td>Radio and television repair shops</td>
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<td>Radio, recording and television studios and broadcasting stations</td>
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<td>Real estate sales offices</td>
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<td>Record/video sales and rental stores</td>
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<td>Research, testing and laboratory facilities</td>
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<td>Restaurants, drive through or sit down, including delivery services</td>
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<td>Restaurants, maximum of 50 seats, and/or delivery only</td>
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<td>Semi-public institutions such as churches and clubs or lodges</td>
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<td>Shoe stores and shoe repair stores</td>
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<td>Single-family dwellings</td>
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<td>Small appliance repair shops</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sporting goods store</td>
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<td>Tailor shops</td>
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<td>Taxicab or limousine services</td>
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<td>Tailor shops</td>
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<td>Travel agencies</td>
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<td>Trophy shops</td>
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<td>Toy stores</td>
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<tr>
<td>Upholstery shops</td>
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<tr>
<td>Watch and clock repair shops</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wholesaling establishments</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wholesaling, warehousing and distribution facilities</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

B. Accessory uses. The following table outlines the accessory uses for each zoning district.
1. Accessory uses. Accessory uses for commercial development shall include those normally appurtenant to such development, as provided for in other sections of this Ordinance.
2. Any accessory use normally appurtenant to a permitted use shall be allowed provided such use shall conform with all performance standards set forth for this district.
### ACCESSORY USES TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory buildings and structures</th>
<th>R-100 Mod</th>
<th>CS</th>
<th>MH</th>
<th>RM</th>
<th>OI</th>
<th>C-1</th>
<th>C-2</th>
<th>C-3</th>
<th>M-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Commercial recreational facilities associated with a subdivision development</td>
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<tr>
<td>Home occupations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Private swimming pools, tennis facilities and parking areas exclusively for the use of residents of the premises and their non-paying guests subject to any other regulations and Ordinances of the City</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parking lots</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parking of trucks over 6 wheels for more than loading/unloading purposes &amp; longer than 12 hours at a time</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parking of recreational equipment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Signs in accordance with Article XIV</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### C. Special uses

The following table outlines the special uses for each zoning district with the exception of PUDs, which are set forth in Section 1112.

1. Public private and parochial schools, where permitted by special use permit, shall meet the following additional regulations:
   a. A minimum site of five (5) acres shall be provided.
   b. The site shall front on a street having minimum classification of major collector, for a distance of at least one hundred (100) feet.
   c. A ten (10) foot natural buffer strip, planted where no trees exist, shall be installed along side and rear property lines but not extending into the front yard setback. Minimum height of trees at planting shall be six (6) feet.

2. Utility substations, where permitted by special use permit, shall meet the following additional regulations:
   a. Documentation is presented by the utility company depicting the need for such substation in a residential locale.
   b. Any substation shall conform with all setback and space limits of the zoning district in which it is located.
   c. Substations shall be enclosed by an opaque fence, other than a cyclone type, and shall be appropriately landscaped.
   d. A ten (10) foot natural buffer strip, planted where no trees exist, shall be installed along side and rear property lines but not extending into the front yard setback. Minimum height of trees at planting shall be six (6) feet.
### Special Uses Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special Uses</th>
<th>R-100 Mod</th>
<th>R-100</th>
<th>CS</th>
<th>MH</th>
<th>RM</th>
<th>OI</th>
<th>C-1</th>
<th>C-2</th>
<th>C-3</th>
<th>M-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adult entertainment facilities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cellular Telephone Towers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pawn shops</td>
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<td>Pest control businesses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public, private and parochial schools</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title loan businesses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wine Center</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Utility substations</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. Space dimensions. The following table outlines the space dimensions for each zoning district.

1. Open space.
   a. Required yards and requirements for sidewalk zones and landscape zones which are constructed on private property may be counted towards this requirement.
   b. Open space may also include balconies, roof-top terraces, front yards, planted areas, fountains, parks, plazas, hardscape elements related to sidewalks and plazas, and similar features which are located on private property.
   c. Open spaces containing floodplain, wetlands, required stream buffers, lakes utilized for scenic value, recreation or conservation purposes shall be set aside and protected by legal arrangements satisfactory to the Mayor and Council, and sufficient to assure its maintenance and preservation for whatever purpose it is intended. Up to one-half (½) of such open space shall be permitted to be located in a one hundred (100) year floodplain, and up to one hundred (100%) percent shall be permitted to be located within a permanent lake which does not function solely as a detention facility or within delineated wetlands.
   d. Open space shall not include areas devoted to public or private vehicular access or any land which has been, or is to be, conveyed to a public agency, via a purchase agreement for such uses as parks, schools, or other public facilities, or which lies within any required recreation area, overhead power easement, or stormwater detention facility.
   e. Covenants or other legal arrangements shall specify ownership of the open space; method of and responsibility for maintenance; taxes and insurance; compulsory membership and assessment provisions; guarantees that any association formed to own and maintain will not be dissolved without the consent of the Mayor and Council; and any other specifications deemed necessary by the Mayor and Council.

2. The following table shall apply for all lot area, maximum building height, side yard and rear yard requirements. For all landscape zone, sidewalk, minimum building height and front yard dimensions, reference Article IX.
### SPACE DIMENSIONS TABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>R-100</th>
<th>R-100 Mod</th>
<th>CS</th>
<th>MH</th>
<th>RM</th>
<th>OI</th>
<th>C-1</th>
<th>C-2</th>
<th>C-3</th>
<th>M-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Lot Area</td>
<td>32,000 sqft</td>
<td>10,500 sqft</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>Sec 1105</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>1 acre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Lot Width</td>
<td>100 ft</td>
<td>80 ft</td>
<td>60 ft avg.</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>100 ft</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>100 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Height of Building</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Rear Yard</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>30 ft</td>
<td>20 ft</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>15 ft</td>
<td>15 ft</td>
<td>15 ft</td>
<td>15 ft</td>
<td>15 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Rear Yard, for non-residential districts adjacent to residential districts (per Buffer Specifications Table, Section 1202)</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Side Yard</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>5 ft</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>10 ft</td>
<td>20 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Side Yard, for non-residential districts adjacent to residential districts</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>20 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Side Yard, Street Side Corner</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>25 ft</td>
<td>20 ft</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>40 ft</td>
<td>35 ft</td>
<td>35 ft</td>
<td>35 ft</td>
<td>35 ft</td>
<td>35 ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Ground Coverage</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Open Space</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>Sec 1104</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Remaining district regulations:

1. The permitted uses, accessory uses, special uses and space dimensions for all property zoned to a Planned Unit Development (PUD) classification are set forth in Section 1112 and shall apply as if set forth in this Section.
2. All uses and dimensional requirements of the overlay districts that are not specified in the individual sections are those that are applicable to the underlying zoning designation of the particular property.
3. All remaining regulations established for each individual district are provided in the following sections.

**SECTION 1101: Reserved.**
SECTION 1102: R-100 SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE DISTRICT
A. Minimum floor area.
   1. Single-family residential structures shall be a minimum heated floor area of one thousand and eight hundred (1,800) square feet.

SECTION 1103: R-100 MODIFIED SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE DISTRICT
A. Minimum floor area.
   1. Single-story single-family residential structures shall be a minimum heated floor area of two thousand two hundred (2,200) square feet.
   2. Two-story single-family residential structures shall be a minimum heated floor area of two thousand four hundred (2,400) square feet.
B. Space limits.
   1. Maximum density – 2.3 units per acre.
   2. Minimum density – sixteen (16) total units.
C. Sodding: All front and side yards shall be sodded, with the exception of planting beds.

SECTION 1103.1: CS CONSERVATION SUBDIVISION SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE DISTRICT
A. Applicability:
   This stand-alone district is not applicable for individual on-site septic systems, and may only be applicable for property that uses the public sanitary sewer system. For properties which are submitted for rezoning to CS, the application shall be accompanied by a Concept Plan and Existing Features Site Analysis Plan meeting the requirements of this section.
B. Permitted Uses:
   See Permitted Uses Table, Accessory Uses Table, and Special Uses Table in SECTION 1100.
C. Existing Features Site Analysis Plan:
   At the time of development, or if a zoning action is proposed, and prior to preparing the Concept Plan, an Existing Features Site Analysis Plan, sealed by a registered design professional, and an Environmental Site Assessment (Phase One) report, shall be prepared by the applicant and submitted to the City Planner for review. The Existing Features Site Analysis Plan, along with Environmental Site Assessment (Phase One), shall identify areas worthy of permanent protection and areas suitable for development.
   1. The Plan shall include at least the following information;
      a. Delineation of streams, 100-year floodplains and wetlands including the source of this information.
      b. Topography contours at intervals no greater than 4 feet.
      c. Identification of tree lines, woodlands, open fields or meadows.
      d. Delineation of tree resource areas by type such as hardwood, pines or mixed; and old or new growth.
      e. Delineation of steep slope areas (i.e. greater than 25%).
      f. Identification of historical or archeological features.
      g. Identification of significant wildlife habitats and scenic vistas as identified by the Georgia Department of Natural Resources.
      h. Identification of existing structures and easements.
i. Identification of Conservation Space, Open Space, or Common Space in adjacent developments.

D. Concept Plan:
At time of development or a zoning action, a Concept Plan shall be submitted by the developer for review and approval in accordance with the requirements and procedures of the Development Regulations and shall also include the following information:
1. Delineation and specifications of Conservation Space including calculations and exclusions; and any “pocket parks,” “greens,” or trail system to be constructed.
2. A typical detail on the plan including dwelling size, lot width, building setback lines, off-street parking, street trees, sidewalks, and street pavement and right-of-way width.
3. Lot width average, area and percent of floodplain specifications in tabular form; and density calculations (gross and net).

E. Conservation Space Requirements:
In order to qualify for this district, Conservation Space shall meet the following requirements:
1. Delineation: Priority shall be given in delineating Conservation Space areas as those areas of significance identified in the Existing Features Site Analysis Plan, around which the built areas are designed.
2. Undeveloped and Natural: Conservation Space shall remain undeveloped and natural except for the provision of non-motorized passive recreation opportunities such as running, walking, biking, and similar outdoor activities. Exceptions: “pocket parks,” “greens,” “retention ponds”, and “underground storm water facility” in Conservation Space. A “pocket park” or “green” is a landscaped area larger than 0.33 acres constructed for community gathering or play or visual enhancement. “Pocket parks” or “greens” shall not exceed 20% of the total Conservation Space. At least 75% of the Conservation Space shall be in a contiguous tract. The Conservation Space should adjoin any neighboring areas of open space, other protected areas, and non-protected natural areas that would be candidates for inclusion as part of a future area of protected open space. Additionally, the Conservation Space shall maintain a minimum width of 20 feet in all areas.

F. Exclusions:
Excluded from meeting the minimum amount of Conservation Space are the following:
1. Proposed permanent lakes, streams, ponds etc.: No more than 50% of land area located within a proposed lake may be credited.
2. Recreation area improvements. Impervious surfaces in recreation areas shall not be credited.
3. Easement. Land area within power, gas pipeline easements, sewer line easements, or pump stations shall not be credited.
4. Other. Land area devoted to public or private streets or any land that has been, or is to be, conveyed to a public agency via a purchase agreement for such uses as parks, schools, or other public facilities shall not be credited.

G. Ownership:
Open space shall be owned in fee-simple by a mandatory property owner’s association; or third party(s) approved in advance by the City Council prior to transfer of land ownership. The developer shall record the deed to the Conservation Space prior to, or concurrent with, the recording of the first final subdivision plat. An access easement following the alignment...
of future public streets is acceptable. However, “pocket parks” or “greens” may be deeded concurrent with the unit or phase of the final subdivision plat of which it is a part.

H. Property Owner’s Association:
The property owner’s association bylaws or covenants, at a minimum, shall contain the following provisions:
1. Governance of the association by the Georgia Property Owner’s Association Act (OCCA Section 44-3-220 et. seq.) or a successor to that Act that grants lien rights to the association for maintenance expenses and tax obligations.
3. Responsibility for insurance and taxes.
4. Automatic compulsory membership of all lot purchasers and their successors; and compulsory assessment.
5. Conditions and timing of transferring control of the association from the developer to the lot owners.
6. Guarantee that the association will not be dissolved without the advance approval of the City Council.

I. Maintenance:
The property owner’s association, or other entity approved in advance by the City Council, shall be responsible for the continuous maintenance of buffers, Conservation Space, recreation area, common areas, and detention ponds etc.

J. Conservation Surety:
Conservation Space shown on the approved Concept Plan and subsequently delineated on the Final Plat shall be permanently protected by the developer’s conveyance of an undivided fee simple interest in the Conservation Space to the mandatory property owner’s association. The deed conveying the Conservation Space pursuant to this paragraph shall be recorded and delivered to the property owner’s association prior to, or concurrent with, the approval of the Final Plat for the first phase of the subdivision. In addition, the Final Plat for each phase of the Subdivision shall contain the following statement:

“Conservation Space delineated on this plat is permanently protected and shall remain undeveloped and natural subject to certain exceptions contained in Grayson’s Conservation Subdivision District Ordinance.”

In addition, the deed conveying the Conservation Space shall contain the following language:

“The land conveyed herein shall remain permanently protected Conservation Space that shall not be cleared or developed except in accordance with Section 1103.1.E.2 of the City of Grayson Zoning Ordinance. The interest conveyed in the deed runs with the land and benefits all future lot owners within the subdivision.”

K. Density:
Subdivisions in CS District shall not exceed a maximum net density of 2.3 units per acre with 40% Conservation Space; or, 3.0 units per acre with 50% Conservation Space.

L. Development Requirements:
Subdivisions in CS District shall meet the following requirements:
1. Minimum Subdivision Size: 10 contiguous acres.
2. Lot Area: No minimum.
3. Average Lot Width: The average width of all building lots shall be at least 60 feet. Any lot located less than 50 feet from adjacent property lines zoned R-100, or R-100 Modified shall meet the lot width and rear setback of that district.
4. Minimum Road Frontage per Lot: 40 feet and 20 feet for cul-de-sac lots.
5. Minimum Yard Area (Setback): Front setback is 20 feet. (The front yard setback may be reduced to 5 feet if dwellings are provided side or rear entry garages. To qualify for the reduced setback on a corner lot, side entry garages must be located to the side adjacent to an abutting lot.) Rear setback is 20 feet. Side setback is 5 feet.
6. Exterior Project Street Frontage Open Space Strip: 50 feet in width (not part of any building lot). Landscape entry features such as fences and walls may be allowed in the open space strip.
7. Maximum Building Height: 40 feet.
8. Minimum Floor Area: Each dwelling unit shall have a minimum heated finished living area, excluding a basement, attic, carport or garage, of 1,600 square feet for One Story and 1,800 square feet for Two Story.
9. Sodded Yards: All grassed areas on dwelling lots shall be sodded.
10. Garages: Each dwelling unit shall have two-car garage.
11. Street Trees: Street trees, in accordance with the requirements of the Buffer, Landscape, and Tree Ordinance, shall be provided.

SECTION 1104: MH MANUFACTURED HOUSING DISTRICT

ii. Location. A manufactured housing district development shall front for a sufficient distance to provide safe access upon a state highway or a major thoroughfare, and shall have access and egress only on such a road.

iii. Street Access Requirements. The entrance road to a manufactured housing district development shall have a minimum right-of-way width of sixty (60) feet with a minimum pavement width of twenty eight (28) feet. The entrance road shall have a turning radius from the highway of at least three hundred (300) feet and the entrance road shall extent at least one hundred (100) feet into the manufactured housing district development.

iv. Sidewalks. Sidewalks shall be constructed on both side of the streets within the development, and shall extent the entire frontage of the property on which the entrance is constructed. These shall provide access to recreation facilities within and outside the development.

v. Size. A manufactured housing district development shall have a minimum buildable area of at least fifteen (15) contiguous acres.

vi. Density. A manufactured housing development shall have a density of not more than six (6) manufactured housing lots per building acre.

vii. Manufactured Home Lots. Each manufactured home shall be located on a separate fee simple lot. Each home and lot shall be owned by the same person, and shall be taxed as real property and the owner shall qualify for the homestead exemption. Each lot shall be a minimum of five thousand (5,000) square feet and shall contain only one (1) living dwelling.

viii. Recreation and Other Community Facilities. Not less than ten (10%) percent of the gross area of manufactured housing district development shall be devoted to recreation on any other community use facilities. Each recreation space shall have a minimum area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet. Recreation area(s) may not be located entirely within undevelopable land (i.e., floodplain, wetlands, etc.)

ix. Buffer Strip. A buffer strip at least forty (40) feet wide shall be provided along the side and rear property lines but not extending into the required front yard of the development.
buffer strip shall be planted with evergreen trees and shrubs that grow at least eight (8) feet
tall and provide an effective visual screen. Said buffer strip is to provide a softening between
the land uses.

x. Hurricane Anchorage. Acceptable provisions for “hurricane anchorage” for each
manufactured home shall be made in accordance with the Development regulations of the
City of Grayson.

xi. HUD Mobile Court Development Guide. The manufactured housing development shall meet
the standards of the “Mobile Home Court Development Guide,” as set forth in the HUD
Handbook #4545.1 dated October 1976, as revised.

xii. No Site Construction Until Preliminary Subdivision Plat Approved. No site construction
shall be undertaken and no permits shall be issued until a Preliminary Subdivision Plat that
meets the requirements of the Development Regulations of the City of Grayson and the
requirements of this ordinance have been given tentative approval.

xiii. Manufactured Homes. All manufactured homes must be constructed in compliance with the
homes constructed prior to June 15, 1976, are considered to be constructed to pre-HUD
standards and are not permitted in the City of Grayson. All existing homes shall be
grandfathered under this Section. However, any mobile home that is removed with intent of
replacing with another shall comply with these regulations.

xiv. Minimum square footage. Each manufactured home shall be attached to a permanent
foundation and be a minimum of one thousand two hundred (1,200) square feet.

SECTION 1105: RM MULTIFAMILY RESIDENCE DISTRICT
A. Minimum lot area.
   1. For two-family units the minimum lot area shall be fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet,
      with seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet per dwelling unit.
   2. For multiple-family units, the minimum lot area shall be twenty thousand (20,000) square
      feet.
   3. For multiple-family units a minimum of twelve thousand (12,000) square feet of lot area
      shall be reserved for the first family and four thousand (4,000) square feet for each
      additional family, but in no event shall the overall density exceed eight (8) dwelling units
      per acre.
   4. For single family uses, a minimum lot area of fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet is
      required.

SECTION 1106: OI OFFICE/INSTITUTIONAL DISTRICT
The Office/Institutional District is intended to encourage the location of suitable business and
professional enterprises, medical and dental facilities and limited retail service activities in
buildings of high character and in attractive surroundings. The Office/Institutional District is
best located in areas having direct access to State Highways or major arterial thoroughfares.

SECTION 1107: C-1 NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS DISTRICT
A. Temporary uses.
   The following uses are permitted for a period not to exceed thirty-five (35) days or otherwise
   indicated:
   1. The sale of fruits or vegetables, pumpkins and Christmas trees any time during the year.
2. Charitable and nonprofit events.
3. The sale of any items in association with an existing business located on the premises as a principal use (i.e., parking lot or tent sale).
4. The sale of any items not associated with a business located on the premises provided that no item, tent, trailer, or vehicle remains on the premises overnight.
5. A permit for any temporary use may be applied for up to four (4) times per year per applicant.

B. Temporary uses are permitted provided the following items are provided and adhered to by the user:
   a. Written permission of the property owner is provided;
   b. Excess parking, ingress and egress are provided on site or written permission is obtained if provided on an adjoining property;
   c. Provide trash receptacles and/or secure property owner's approval to dispose of refuse properly (if applicable);
   d. Sales, displays, and other structures shall not be located within thirty (30) feet of the edge of any public roadway;
   e. A non-illuminated sign may be erected on the property provided it does not exceed a total of sixteen (16) square feet and not greater than ten (10) feet in height and is not placed within twenty (20) feet of any public roadway;
   f. No unreasonable noises shall be associated with the use;
   g. The hours of operation shall be from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m.;
   h. Restroom facilities must be provided or permission granted to use restroom facilities elsewhere;
   i. A temporary permit is applied for and approved by the Administrative Officer;
   j. All other permits and regulations of Gwinnett County and the City of Grayson shall be met.

SECTION 1108: C-2 GENERAL BUSINESS DISTRICT
A. Temporary uses. Any use permitted in the C-1, Neighborhood Business district.
B. Special uses. The following uses are allowed upon the approval of a Special Use Permit by the Mayor and Council.
   1. Any C-2 use requiring outdoor storage, provided:
      a. The storage areas are screened with a six foot high, one hundred (100%) percent opaque fence; and
      b. A ten (10) foot minimum planted landscape strip is located outside the fence.
   2. Adult Entertainment Facilities, provided no use shall be located:
      a. Within one thousand (1,000) feet of any parcel of land zoned or used for residential purposes;
      b. Within one thousand (1,000) feet of any parcel of land upon which a church, school, government building, library, civic center, public park or playground is located;
      c. Within one thousand (1,000) feet of any parcel of land upon which another establishment regulated or hereunder defined is located;
      d. Within one thousand (1,000) feet of any parcel of land upon which any other establishment selling alcoholic beverages is located; and
      e. On less than three (3) acres of land containing at least one hundred (100) feet of road frontage.
SECTION 1109: C-3 CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT
A. Permitted uses.
   1. Automotive body repair shops, provided inoperative, wrecked and dismantled vehicles are screened within a six (6) foot high, opaque fence.
   2. Automotive repair shops including major engine repair (transmission, radiator repair, and engine overhauls), provided inoperative vehicles are screened within a six foot high, one hundred (100%) percent opaque fence.
   3. Contractor's office with outdoor storage of equipment or materials, provided the storage or equipment areas are screened with a six foot high, one hundred (100%) percent opaque fence.
   4. Equipment rental, sales or service establishments (including heavy machinery, forklifts, cranes, bulldozers, farm equipment, moving vans and trailers, etc.).
   5. Log splitting and storage lots, provided the lot is vacant and splitting and storage areas are screened by a six (6) foot high opaque fence.
   6. Plumbing, electrical, pool, and home-building supply showrooms and sales centers with outdoor storage, provided storage areas are screened with a six foot high, one hundred (100%) percent opaque fence.
   7. Wholesaling establishments, provided outdoor storage areas are screened with a six (6) foot high, one hundred (100%) percent opaque fence.

SECTION 1110: M-1 LIGHT INDUSTRY DISTRICT
A. Permitted Uses. Permitted uses are indicated in the Table in Section 1100.

SECTION 1111: UG UPTOWN GRAYSON OVERLAY DISTRICT
A. Permitted uses. Individual retail establishments shall not exceed three thousand five hundred (3,500) square feet of floor area.
B. Special uses. The following uses are allowed upon the approval of a Special Use Permit by the Mayor and Council.
   1. Bed and breakfast inns, provided:
      a. The house is owner occupied;
      b. Adequate parking is provided;
      c. A maximum of three (3) rooms may be rented; and
      d. Breakfast is provided to guests only.
C. Open space. Each developer shall provide, at a minimum, twenty (20) Tree Density Units per acre for all non-residential development. Type and size of plantings shall be in compliance with the Grayson Zoning Ordinance of 2005. At least fifty (50%) percent of plantings shall consist of trees three (3) inches in caliper (dbh) or greater.

SECTION 1112: PUD Planned Unit Development
A. Permitted Uses.
   1. Accounting offices
   2. Animal hospital or veterinary clinic
   3. Antique shops
   4. Architecture or engineering offices
   5. Art and school supply stores
6. Art galleries and studios
7. Automotive body repair shops
8. Automotive car wash (full service or self service)
9. Automotive parts store (with or without lubrication or tune up centers)
10. Automotive rental establishments
11. Automotive repair shops including major engine repair (transmission, radiator repair, and engine overhauls)
12. Automotive sales lots and associated service facilities (new or used)
13. Automotive service stations or tire stores, including minor services such as lubrication or tune-up centers, battery replacement and brake repair
14. Bakeries
15. Baking plants
16. Banks, savings and loan institutions
17. Beauty and barber shops, including manicurists
18. Bed and breakfast inns
19. Bicycle shops
20. Blueprinting establishments
21. Boarding and rooming houses
22. Building supply centers with outdoor lumber yards or storage areas, provided these areas are screened with a six foot high, opaque fence
23. Bus terminals
24. Business college or business schools
25. Boarding and rooming houses
26. Boat sales establishments and associated service facilities
27. Book or stationery stores
28. Camera and photographic supply stores
29. Camper and recreational vehicle sales and rental establishments and associated service facilities
30. Cemeteries, provided that they shall front on a street having minimum classification of major collector for a distance of at least 125 feet
31. Churches, synagogues, chapels and other places of religious worship and instruction
32. Clothing sales or rental stores
33. Cold storage plants
34. Commercial recreation enterprises
35. Contractor's offices
36. Convenience food stores, with or without fuel pumps or automated car wash, excluding all other automotive services. Fuel pumps shall be permitted within the front yard, but not closer than fifteen (15) feet to the right-of-way
37. Custom dressmaking and sewing shops
38. Dance studios
39. Day care centers, provided that all state day care requirements and health regulations are met
40. Dentist offices
41. Department stores
42. Doctor, dentist or chiropractic offices
43. Dormitories for nurses and interns when part of a medical facility
44. Drug stores
45. Dry cleaning establishments not in excess of two thousand five hundred (2,500) square feet, including dry cleaning pick-up and delivery stations
46. Electronic sales and service establishments
47. Equipment rental establishments
48. Eye glass shops
49. Fabric stores
50. Feed and seed stores
51. Florist shops
52. Food catering establishments
53. Food stores or grocery stores
54. Frame shops
55. Furniture rental and sales establishments
56. Funeral homes and mortuaries, but excluding crematoria
57. Garden supply centers and greenhouses, provided plants, shrubs and landscaping supplies are not displayed within the front yard setback
58. Gift and card shops
59. Government offices
60. Hardware stores with lawnmower repair as an accessory use
61. Health clubs or spas and tanning salons
62. Hobby shops and craft shops
63. Hospitals and medical clinics
64. Ice cream shops
65. Insurance offices
66. Interior decorating shops
67. Jewelry stores
68. Kennels
69. Laundries and dry cleaning establishments, including self-service
70. Law offices
71. Lawnmower sales and repair shops
72. Local, State, and Federal government buildings
73. Locksmith shops
74. Log splitting and storage lots
75. Lounges
76. Meat markets, retail, but no killing, eviscerating, skinning, plucking or smoking of food products on the premises
77. Medical offices
78. Mini warehouse storage facilities
79. Motels and hotels
80. Multifamily dwellings which may be duplexes, row houses, town houses, condominiums, or apartments
81. Museums and libraries
82. Music lessons and sales establishments
83. News and tobacco stores
84. Nursing homes
85. Offices: Public or professional
86. Office/showroom facilities (provided no equipment or materials are stored outdoors)
87. Office supply sales establishments
88. Parking lots
89. Personal care home
90. Pest control businesses
91. Pet shops and grooming establishments
92. Photocopying, printing and reproduction service
93. Photography studios
94. Plant nursery sales facilities
95. Plumbing, electrical, pool and home building supply showrooms and sales centers
96. Professional and business offices, provided no retail sales occur on premises
97. Public buildings and offices
98. Public parks, playgrounds, and community buildings
99. Radio and television repair shops
100. Radio, recording and television studios and broadcasting stations
101. Real estate sales offices
102. Record/video sales and rental stores
103. Restaurants, drive through or sit down, including delivery services
104. Restaurants, maximum of 50 seats, and/or delivery only
105. Semi-public institutions such as churches and clubs or lodges
106. Shoe stores and shoe repair stores
107. Single-family dwellings
108. Small appliance repair shops
109. Sporting goods store
110. Tailor shops
111. Taxidermists
112. Theaters
113. Travel agencies
114. Trophy shops
115. Toy stores
116. Upholstery shops
117. Watch and clock repair shops

B. Accessory Uses.
1. Accessory buildings and structures
2. Commercial recreational facilities associated with a subdivision development
3. Home occupations
4. Private swimming pools, tennis facilities and parking areas exclusively for the use of residents of the premises and their non-paying guests subject to any other regulations and Ordinances of the City
5. Parking lots
6. Parking of recreational equipment
7. Signs in accordance with Article XIV

C. Special Uses.
1. Public, private and parochial schools
2. Utility substations
D. Space Dimensions.
1. Minimum Site Area
Ten (10) acres of contiguous land area.

2. Perimeter Development Requirements
No housing type, use, setback, height, and coverage requirements are established. The “Development Proposal” submitted as a part of the PUD Application will outline proposed setbacks, building separations, street widths, etc. However, existing residential development along the perimeter of the Planned Unit Development shall be adequately protected by setbacks, landscaped walls and/or other buffers to be established as part of the Master Development Plan.

3. Internal Development Requirements
   a. No minimum lot sizes or shapes shall be required, except as may be established as part of the Master Development Plan and outlined in the “Development Proposal”. However, if the proposed PUD lies within the areas encompassed by the Old Town Grayson Overlay District and/or the Highway 20 Corridor Overlay District, then the portions of the PUD residing within the Overlay District area(s) should conform to the dimensional requirements of the district, as well as the site development standards, wherever possible.
   b. No minimum distance between on-site structures shall be required, except as may be established as part of the site development plan review. However, Fire Code requirements shall be met.
   c. No minimum yard setbacks shall be required, except as may be established as part of the site development plan review.

4. Off-Street Parking and Loading
Adequate off-street parking and loading areas shall be provided and included in the “Development Proposal” and shown on the Master Development Plan. However, reductions in total parking requirements are strongly encouraged. The sharing of off-street parking areas between uses is allowed and encouraged as well as parallel on-street where appropriate. The use of porous alternative parking areas and innovative stormwater management practices is allowed and encouraged where appropriate.

5. Landscaping
Landscaping shall meet or exceed all of the minimum requirements of the City’s Zoning Ordinance. The preservation of mature trees and tree stands is strongly encouraged.

6. Underground Utilities
All on-site utilities shall be installed underground. Large transformers shall be placed on the ground within pad mounts, enclosures or vaults. The developer shall provide adequate landscaping to screen all above-ground facilities.

7. Accessibility
Every residential unit or permitted use shall have direct access to a public street via a private road, common easement, or other area dedicated or reserved for public use.

8. Architectural Standards
Unless specifically exempted as part of the “Development Proposal” adopted by the City of Grayson as a component of the PUD application, the Architectural Standards listed in Article X of this Ordinance shall apply to all projects.

9. Environmental Considerations
Protections of wetlands, creeks and streams should be provided where appropriate. Areas designated as historic or archaeological resources should be protected and placed inside common open space wherever possible.

E. Permitted Locations
This District is to be utilized as a "floating zone" which shall mean that areas will not be pre-designated as planned development districts but rather each such designation shall result from a specific and separate application for amendment. Planned Unit Development Districts are separate zoning districts and shall follow the same amendment procedures as other districts. Unless otherwise stated in this Section, the development standards and the land uses which are presented with the application for amendment shall, if approved, become the standards for the subject property and shall become a part of the zoning regulations.

F. PUD Configurations
To meet the goals and purposes listed in Section 404, PUDs must consist of more than one type of land use to be considered a PUD project unless it is a Conservation Subdivision PUD or R4 PUD as outlined below.

1. Mixed Use PUD
   a. A Mixed Use PUD shall only be located within the Uptown Grayson Overlay District and/or the Grayson/SR 20 Overlay District.
   b. A Mixed Use PUD shall be a mixture of single family residential uses, commercial and/or office/institutional uses.
   c. Single family residential uses may be detached, semi-attached or attached. Semi-attached and/or attached residential uses may be in the form of townhouses, rowhouses, stacked flats, senior housing or other arrangements as approved by Mayor and City Council.
   d. Commercial uses may be stand alone, or integrated with residential uses in the form of live/work flex units, multi-story retail/loft combinations.
   e. Office/institutional uses may be stand alone or integrated with commercial uses in the form of multi-story retail/office combinations. Office uses may also be combined with residential uses to form live/work flex units, office/commercial, residential units or multi-story retail/office/residential loft combinations.
   f. Overall residential densities shall be limited to no more than 6 units per acre.
   g. Each mixed use PUD shall provide 40% of common open space. Common open space shall be land set aside for recreation, conservation or civic uses, and is not contained on lots proposed for residential, commercial and/or office uses.
h. The “Development Proposal” submitted in conjunction with the Master Development Plan shall list the breakdowns by acreage of the different uses within the PUD. Generally, commercial uses should constitute no more than 30% of the total project land or gross floor area. Office uses should constitute no more than 30% of project land or gross floor area.

2. R4 PUD
   a. An R4 PUD is a development that was zoned by the City as an R4 subdivision prior to the adoption of this Planned Unit Development Ordinance.
   b. All R4 subdivisions zoned prior to the adoption of this Planned Unit Development Ordinance shall continue to exist and shall not be considered a non-conforming use under the provisions of the Grayson Zoning Ordinance.
   c. The preliminary or final plats that have been approved by the City for R4 subdivisions shall constitute the Master Development Plans for the R4 PUDs and hereafter shall not be significantly altered except by approval of the City through the normal zoning process.
   d. R4 PUD is no longer an available zoning classification in the City and the City shall not accept any applications for an R4 PUD or an R4 subdivision.

G. General Considerations for Land Use Mix and Design
   All projects must be reasonably consistent with the goals and intents of the City of Grayson Comprehensive Plan.

2. Variations to Development Standards.
   As a part of the application for a Planned Unit Development, the applicant must include a “Development Proposal” and a “Master Development Plan” which outline the proposed arrangement of structures, proposed yards, separation of buildings, phasing of the development and other considerations. Variations to Grayson’s development standards (i.e., Development Regulations and Zoning Ordinance), including variations in lot sizes, widths, building setbacks, densities, parking requirements, right-of-way widths, street widths, buffers, and other components may be approved to improve said project.
   The “Development Proposal” must be agreed to and accepted by Mayor and City Council for the variations to Grayson’s development standards to be approved.
   The City will not consider variations to standards or regulations of other regulating jurisdictions, such as erosion control regulations, fire codes, floodplain control, stream buffers, or other similar regulations, without the express written consent and approval of applicable jurisdiction. Furthermore, said consent shall not guarantee nor require the City to waive any or all requirements.

3. Interconnectivity.
   Pedestrian access and interconnections shall also be required between the component units of the proposed development. Pedestrian and vehicular interconnections to adjoining property, whether developed or undeveloped, should be included and incorporated into the design where appropriate.
4. Site and Ownership
All of the land in a PUD shall be owned or controlled by a single responsible entity. Individual properties in a PUD may be sold after a plat has been recorded, with the properties subject to private deed covenants that ensure the continuance of the PUD as originally approved and developed.

5. Phasing
Where the PUD development contains mixed-use areas, the phasing of the construction of each usage shall be defined in the Master Development Plan.

6. Compatibility
The proposed uses in a Planned Unit Development must be suitable in view of the use and development of adjacent and nearby property. In addition, the Planned Unit Development shall not endanger the public health, welfare, or safety, nor shall it substantially diminish or impair property values for surrounding properties.

7. Need
The Planned Unit Development must be of a character and contain such uses that are needed in the area of the proposed project as outlined in the Grayson Comprehensive Plan.

8. Site Design
The proposed Planned Unit Development shall utilize design and development features that would not be possible by the application of lot-by-lot zoning district regulations. PUD’s are encouraged to incorporate elements of traditional neighborhood design in the residential components of the development and are also encouraged to incorporate residential uses in with the commercial and office components to promote a more livable and walkable community, in keeping with the Comprehensive Plan.

H. Application Requirements

1. Pre-Application Conference.
Prior to filing a formal application for a PUD, the applicant is required to confer with the City Planner in order to review the general character of the plan and to obtain information on the nature and extent of the proposed development.
An application for PUD shall include the typical application procedures required for all other rezoning applications as presented elsewhere in the City’s Zoning Ordinance as well as contain the following items:

2. Development Proposal. A Development Proposal is a written document that will provide a basic understanding of the different elements of the project and how the elements and land uses will be integrated to meet the purposes of a Planned Unit Development. The Development Proposal should include, at a minimum:

   a. A narrative statement:
      • Describing the character of and rationale for, the proposed PUD.
• Addressing the proposed ownership and maintenance of streets, drainage systems, common open space areas, parking areas, and other proposed amenities and improvements;
• Proposing phasing and time schedule;
• A written statement identifying the relative benefits that will accrue to the community as a result of the property being developed under PUD provisions. Specific mention should be made of mix of uses included, common open space provided, natural features retained and architectural design to be provided. This statement is a developer’s opportunity to define why the PUD proposal merits approval and how it will serve the community better than a conventional development.

b. The proposed name of the development if there is one, as well as proposed names of neighborhoods or other sub units of the development;

c. The application shall include a list of all land uses proposed to be included in the PUD, the total land area devoted to each of the land uses proposed, and the percentage of the total land area within the PUD devoted to each proposed land use. The application shall also include a list of residential units by type, total number, net and gross density, and the total square footage of buildings devoted to non-residential uses.

d. Proposed internal site planning standards such as lot sizes, setbacks and buffers aimed at addressing potential incompatibility between adjacent land uses and activities; and

e. Proposed parking standards, street right-of-way widths and other pertinent data.

f. Applications shall include architectural sketches representative of all proposed building types. These drawings shall indicate general architectural characteristics. If the PUD is approved, architectural sketches submitted as part of the application shall be considered binding unless specifically noted otherwise in the approval.

g. All private restrictions and covenants established shall be subject to the approval of the City attorney.

Applications shall include a Master Development Plan which, unless specifically stated otherwise, shall be a condition of PUD approval and must be followed. The Master Development Plan shall be a to-scale drawing showing the general layout of the proposed development including among other features the following:
• Existing manmade and natural features within and immediately adjacent to the property including vegetation, tree preserve areas, state waters, land uses, structures, utilities, easements, drainage ways, rights-of-way, and property lines;
• Location, arrangement and dimensions of all proposed land uses and structures;
• Location of all proposed buildings, parking areas, traffic circulation systems including roadways, drives, walkways, bikeways, and load and unloading areas; and
• All proposed common elements including common open space areas, recreational facilities, and landscaping.
• Other items outlined in the Development Proposal

I. Approval Process
1. Recommendation and Approval Authority.
All applications for PUD projects shall be processed and considered by the Planning Commission and decided upon by the Mayor and City Council in accordance with the procedures outlined in Article XVIII of this Ordinance for zoning map amendments.

2. Criteria for Approval.
In considering and acting upon applications for PUDs, the Planning Commission and the Mayor and City Council shall consider and base their recommendation and decision, respectively, on the following criteria (not all inclusive), and any other factors it may consider appropriate in reaching such a decision:

- Consistency with the City’s Comprehensive Plan;
- The character, location, and appropriateness of the proposed mix of land uses;
- The extent to which the proposed architectural features of buildings within the planned unit development are harmonious and reflect the image that represents Grayson; and
- The adequacy of common open space areas and recreation facilities that are provided for the needs of the development occupants.

In the event the PUD is approved by the Mayor and Council, the Master Development Plan and the Development Proposal shall be certified by the City and said certified copy shall be filed as a permanent record. Without exception, the approved plan shall be binding upon all existing and future owners and assigns.

3. Conformance to Approved Master Development Plan.
After rezoning to a PUD, no permits shall be issued and no development shall commence unless in conformance with the approved Master Development Plan and the Development Proposal, unless a change or deviation is approved by the City.
The City Planner may approve minor changes and deviations from the approved conceptual development plan which are in compliance with the provisions and intent of this article, and which do not depart from the principal concept of the approved conceptual development plan. Should the City Planner determine that a requested change or deviation from the approved conceptual development plan does not comply with the provisions and intent of this article, or departs from the principles of the PUD, the applicant may apply for approval of such change or deviation to the City Council as a Plan Amendment.

4. Failure to Begin Planned Unit Development.
If no construction plans have been submitted for permitting in the PUD within eighteen (18) months from time of approval by Mayor and Council, the City shall maintain the right to reconsider the proper zoning for the property and may, on its own accord, return the property to its previous zoning or zone the property to another classification after following the necessary and lawful zoning procedures.
ARTICLE XII
BUFFER AND SCREENING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1200: BUFFER REQUIRED
It is recognized that the location of non-residential land uses directly adjacent to single-family, two-family, or multiple-family residential uses can create an incompatible situation. Additionally, the location of two-family or multiple-family land uses directly to single-family land uses can also be an incompatible situation. The land use plan as adopted depicts the future limits of non-single family residential uses.

It is the intent of these buffer provisions to require that the periphery of these areas containing non-single family uses contain a planted buffer consistent with provisions of this section along its entire length in locations adjacent to single-family residentially zoned areas. Within those areas containing commercial, industrial, two-family, or multiple-family residential uses, no buffer will be required except where these uses directly abut two-family or multiple-family land uses. Accordingly, when a non-single family use is constructed, expanded or modified and it is located at the periphery of these areas, a natural buffer supplemented where necessary with plantings shall be provided along all side and rear property lines which adjoin single-family zoned uses.

Within the areas designated on the land use plan for non-single family uses, when a non-residential structure is constructed, expanded, or modified in a location directly adjacent to two-family or multiple-family zoned uses, a natural buffer, supplemented where necessary with plantings shall also be provided along all side and rear property lines which adjoin two-family or multiple-family zoned uses. The City Council may require that a similar buffer be installed in other instances where adjacent land uses are deemed by them to be incompatible.

SECTION 1201: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
A planted or natural buffer strip is required to protect single-family, two-family, and multiple-family residential land uses from dust, wind, light spill, noise, unsightly views, and other characteristics commonly associated with non-residential land uses and related vehicular and pedestrian traffic which adversely impact the quality of residential life. The required buffer shall provide necessary visual and acoustical privacy for the conduct of residential lifestyles in an undisturbed environment and shall provide for the protection and preservation of property values in residential districts.

Required buffer strips shall be established and maintained by the owner of the non-residential or other incompatible land use. The required buffer strip must:
A. Be depicted in detail (the type and location of natural and planted vegetation are to be illustrated) on each site plan or plat prior to final approval.
B. Not be disturbed by grading, property improvements or construction activities except where necessary to prevent a nuisance, or to thin such natural growth where too dense to permit normal growth, or to remove diseased, misshapen, or dangerous and decayed timbers, for approved perpendicular utility easements, or for any City approved enhancement. Any
contemplated disturbance shall first be brought to the attention of the City and formal approval secured prior to initiating activity within the required buffer areas.
C. Utilize existing vegetation where the City has determined that existing vegetation is appropriate for inclusion within the buffer strip, or when required, be supplemented with approved, additional plantings.
D. Shall be completely installed in accordance with the approved plan prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.
E. Not be used for temporary or permanent parking or loading, other than for provision of drainage improvements as mandated by the city or county or for a structure other than a fence.
F. A bond may be required if the City has reason to believe that supplemental plantings required to accomplish the intent of the buffer are inadequate or in danger of not attaining the growth specifications contained herein. This bond shall be in an amount sufficient to install completely plantings that will conform in every respect to the growth specifications contained herein.

SECTION 1202: MINIMUM BUFFER SPECIFICATIONS

A. As different types of land uses generate varying degrees of incompatibility, it follows that the rigid width for a buffer strip could, in some instances create undue hardship on the property owner. Therefore, the amount and type of planting required to accomplish adequate screening and insulation shall be variable, and in each instance be determined by the intensity and extent of the use judged incompatible.
B. The fencing and landscaping buffer requirements of this Article shall be installed prior to the construction of any buildings or structures.
C. The required buffer strip shall be permitted to be included in the minimum yard area as specified in the appropriate zoning district.
D. The following Buffer Specifications Table for buffer strip widths shall be used by the Planning Commission and Council to determine buffer width requirements for all zoning districts:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>BUFFER SPECIFICATION S TABLE</th>
<th>R-100</th>
<th>R-100 Mod</th>
<th>CS</th>
<th>MH</th>
<th>RM</th>
<th>OI</th>
<th>C-1</th>
<th>C-2</th>
<th>C-3</th>
<th>M-1</th>
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<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contiguous with a</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>30 ft</td>
<td>30 ft</td>
<td>30 ft</td>
<td>30 ft</td>
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<tr>
<td>multi-family district</td>
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E. Existing residential development along the perimeter of a PUD shall be adequately protected by landscape walls and/or other buffers established as a part of the approved PUD Master Development Plan.
SECTION 1203: BUFFER AND LANDSCAPING

A. Existing conditions.
   1. In those instances where the existing natural vegetation and topography are insufficient to achieve the desired level of screening as determined by the City, a planted buffer shall be provided and shall consist of plant material of such growth characteristics as will provide an acoustical and visual screen attaining a height of not less than six (6) feet at the time of planting.
   2. In those instances where the existing natural vegetation and topography are significant, a five (5) foot setback from the top or toe of a slope shall also be required along the buffer.

B. Materials and ratios.
   1. Plant materials. Buffers shall contain seventy five (75%) percent of evergreen plant materials and twenty five (25%) percent of deciduous plant materials.
   2. Planting ratios. One (1) tree shall be planted for every fifty (50) square feet of buffer area and five (5) shrubs shall be planted for every fifty (50) square feet of buffer area.

C. Permitted trees. The following trees shall be permitted as part of the screening buffer.
   1. Yaupon Holly
   2. American Holly
   3. Eastern Red Cedar
   4. Cherry Laurel
   5. Leyland Cypress
   6. Loblolly Pine
   7. Cryptomera
   8. Virginia Pine

D. Permitted shrubs. The following shrubs shall be permitted as part of the screening buffer.
   1. Cleyera
   2. Euonymus
   3. Ligustrum
   4. Burford Holly
   5. Savannah Holly
   6. Southern Waxmyrtle
   7. Foster Holly

E. Substitute materials. Other evergreen plant materials having the same growth characteristics as the aforementioned may be substituted, subject to approval by the City prior to installation.

F. Detention ponds.
   1. Detention ponds shall be located as far away from exterior property lines as is possible.
   2. Detention ponds shall be screened with two (2) rows if evergreen plantings such as Leyland Cypress staggered an average of eight (8) feet on center. All said plantings shall be a minimum of six (6) feet in height at the time of planting.
SECTION 1204: MAINTENANCE
The buffer planting shall be guaranteed for the life of the commercial, industrial, or residential development. Necessary trimming and maintenance shall be performed to maintain the health of the plant materials, to provide an aesthetically pleasing appearance, and to assure that the buffer actually serves the purpose for which it is intended.

SECTION 1205: OTHER SCREENING REQUIREMENTS
Certain uses such as junk or salvage yard operations and other non-residential operations requiring the storage of inoperative equipment or vehicles for prolonged periods of time could present unsightly views or health hazards. To prevent this from occurring, the owners, developers, and occupiers of such properties shall completely enclose such operations by a fence which totally obscures views of the property from adjacent sidewalks and streets, built to a height greater than that of the height of the highest piece of equipment or vehicle stored on the property (but in no case less than six (6) feet in height). Such fences shall be constructed of solid materials. Use of cyclone fencing which utilizes inserts as screening shall be prohibited.
ARTICLE XIII
PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1300: OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING SPACES REQUIRED
It is the intent of this ordinance that all buildings, structures, and uses of land shall provide off-street parking and loading space in an amount sufficient to meet the needs caused by the building or use of land and that such parking and loading spaces be so oriented that they are in fact readily useable for such purposes. Off street parking requirements are waived in the Uptown Grayson District.

Each use of land and each building or structure hereafter constructed or established shall provide off-street parking and loading according to the standards set forth herein. When an addition is proposed to a building nonconforming as to parking or loading requirements, a conforming amount of parking or loading shall be supplied based upon the size of the addition.

No addition to an existing building shall be constructed which reduces the number of spaces, area, or usability of existing parking or loading space unless such building and its addition conform with the regulations for parking and loading contained herein.

New uses providing off-street parking shall incorporate handicapped spaces into the design of parking facilities.

SECTION 1301: DESIGN STANDARDS
The following are the design requirements for off-street parking spaces, driveways, and loading spaces.
A. Parking Spaces.
   1. Except where indicated in Section 910, off-street surface parking shall not be located between a building and the street without an intervening building.
   2. Off-street surface parking shall not be located between a building and the street without an intervening building, except along Georgia Hwy 20, where one double row of parking spaces is permitted.
   3. Required Dimensions For Each Parking Space. Each automobile parking space shall be not less than nine (9) feet wide and nineteen (19) feet deep. Parking spaces for compact cars shall not be less than eight (8) feet wide and seventeen (17) feet deep. Adequate interior driveways shall connect each parking space with a public right-of-way.
   4. Surfacing, Drainage and Lighting. All off-street parking spaces, access and interior driveways shall be provided with a paved, dust free surface except as provided for in Section 909. If the off-street parking facilities are used at night, they shall be properly illuminated for the safety of pedestrians, vehicles and for security. The lighting shall be designed so as not to reflect onto or cause glare in any adjacent residential district and shall be in conformance with Section 908 of this Ordinance.
   5. Sharing of Required Off-Street Parking Spaces.
a. A maximum of fifty (50%) percent of the off-street parking spaces required by a use whose peak attendance will be at night or on Sundays may be shared with a use that will be closed at night or on Sundays.
b. A maximum of twenty five (25%) percent of the required parking spaces for any development may be reduced in total area, width or depth for designated small vehicle parking. Each small vehicle parking space shall not be less than eight (8) feet in width and seventeen (17) feet in depth.

6. Handicapped Spaces. Handicapped parking spaces shall be in accordance with the regulations set forth by the Americans with Disabilities Act. All handicapped spaces shall be identified by pavement markings and by appropriate signage. Handicapped parking shall be required on all multi-family and non-residential sites. Handicapped parking spaces shall be located in the closest proximity to major building entrances, but in no event shall such spaces be located more than one hundred (100) feet from a major building entrance.

B. Driveways and curb cuts.
1. Interior Driveway. Where ninety (90) degree parking is utilized, all interior driveways shall be a minimum of twenty two (22) feet in width. If forty five (45) or sixty (60) degree angle parking is used, then interior driveways shall be at least twelve (12) feet in width for one-way traffic and twenty two (22) feet in width for two-way traffic. In the instance where parallel parking is utilized or there is no parking, interior driveways shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width for one-way traffic and twenty (20) feet in width for two-way traffic.
2. All sidewalk paving materials shall be continued across any intervening driveway at the same prevailing grade and cross slope as on the adjacent sidewalk clear zone. Driveway curb cut widths shall be a maximum of twenty-eight (28) feet for two-way entrances and sixteen (16) feet for one-way entrances, unless otherwise permitted by the Gwinnett or Georgia Department of Transportation. For the purposes of this section, two (2) curb cuts serving two one-way driveways shall only be counted as one curb cut provided that each curb cut does not exceed one (1) lane in width.
3. Driveway curb cuts shall not be permitted on any street that functions as an arterial street or collector street when access may be provided from a side or rear street located immediately adjacent to a contiguous property, with the exception of hotel patron drop-off drives.
4. Driveways, except for a driveway to reach the side yard or rear yard or an on-site parking facility, are not permitted between the sidewalk and a building, and shall be perpendicular to any adjacent street, except along Georgia Hwy. 20.
5. Each lot shall be allowed one (1) curb cut per street frontage. Lots containing more than 300 feet of frontage on a public street may have one (1) additional curb cut per road frontage.
6. Parking deck facades shall conceal automobiles from visibility from any public right-of-way or private drive or street that are open to the general public, and shall have the appearance of a horizontal storied building.
7. A common or joint driveway may be authorized by the City of Grayson.
8. All developments, including parking decks, shall have sidewalks a minimum width of five (5) feet connecting ground level parking to the public sidewalks and to all building entrances.

C. The following are the design requirements for off-street loading stalls:
   1. Access. All off-street loading stalls shall have access from an alley, or if there is no alley, from a public street.
   2. Surfacing, Drainage and Lighting. All off-street loading stalls and access shall be provided with a paved, dust free surface. If loading stalls are to be used at night, they shall be properly illuminated for the safety of pedestrians, vehicles and for security. Lighting shall be designed to preclude light spill onto adjacent properties and shall be in conformance with Section 908 of this Ordinance.
   3. Location. The off-street loading and unloading spaces shall be located to cause a minimum of interference with the free movement of vehicles and pedestrians over a street, sidewalk or alley.

SECTION 1302: MINIMUM OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS
The following are the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required by type of permitted use. The square footage is the gross square footage unless otherwise indicated.

   A. Twenty-five (25%) percent of the total required parking spaces may be set aside for compact cars. All spaces provided which exceed the required number may be compact sized.

   B. For any use not listed, the Administrative Officer shall determine the proper requirements by classifying the proposed use among the uses specified herein as to assure equal treatment. In making any such determination, the Administrative Officer shall follow the principles set forth in the statement of purpose at the beginning of this Article.

   C. The total number of permitted parking spaces shall not exceed one hundred ten (110%) percent of the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required by type of permitted use, as specified herein.

   1. Automotive/Machinery Sales and Service: One (1) per one hundred and fifty (150) square feet.
   2. Bank: One (1) per two hundred (200) square feet.
   3. Beauty/Barber Shops: Two (2) for each operator.
   4. Churches: One (1) for each three (3) seats in main auditorium.
   5. Clubs and Lodges: One (1) per two hundred (200) square feet.
   6. Dwellings - single and multifamily: Two (2) for each dwelling unit (no parking in front setback on unpaved surface).
   7. Funeral Homes: One (1) for each three (3) fixed seats and one (1) per twenty five (25) square feet of public area in the largest assembly room.
   8. Gasoline Service Stations/Automobile Repair Shops: Three (three) spaces for each service bay - minimum of ten (10).
   9. Hospitals, Nursing Homes, and Similar Institutions: One (1) per each two (2) beds.
   10. Hotels and Motels: One and one-quarter (1.25) per unit.
   11. Industrial Plants: One (1) per two thousand (2,000) square feet.
   12. Manufacturing: One (1) per two thousand (2,000) square feet.
13. Medical Services: One (1) per two hundred and fifty (250) square feet.
14. Offices - Professional, and General: One (1) per three hundred (300) square feet.
15. Places of Public Assembly or Amusement without Fixed Seating: One (1) per two hundred (200) square feet.
16. Places of Public Assembly With Fixed Seating: One (1) per each three (3) seats.
17. Restaurants, freestanding: One (1) per seventy five (75) square feet - minimum of ten (10).
18. Retail Stores: One (1) per two hundred (200) square feet.
19. Rooming and Boarding Houses: One (1) per each two (2) bedrooms.
20. Schools, Public or Private, Grades 1-8: Two (2) per classroom.
21. Schools, Public or Private High: Five (5) per classroom.
22. Schools, College, Trade and Vocational: Ten (10) per classroom.
23. Shopping Centers (regardless of uses located within center): One (1) per two hundred (200) square feet; however, if shopping center is less than 15,000 square feet then the following provisions apply:
   a. Retail/Office shall be one (1) per two hundred (200) square
   b. Restaurants shall be one (1) per one hundred (100) square feet
   c. Physical Fitness Center one (1) per one hundred fifty (150) square feet
D. Parking shall not be permitted on the public street in zoning districts MH, IO,C-1,C-2, C-3, and M-1.

SECTION 1303: MINIMUM OFF-STREET LOADING REQUIREMENTS
The following are the minimum number of off-street parking spaces required by type of permitted use. The square footage is the gross square footage unless otherwise indicated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Square Feet</th>
<th>Number of Spaces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25,001 - 99,999</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100,000 - 159,999</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160,000 - 239,999</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240,000 - 350,000</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For each additional one hundred thousand (100,000) square feet or fraction thereof, one (1) additional space shall be required.
ARTICLE XIV SIGNS

SECTION 1400: PURPOSE AND INTENT
The City of Grayson finds that signs are a proper use of private property, are a means of personal free expression and a necessary component of a commercial environment. As such, signs are entitled to the protection of the law. In the absence of regulation, however, the number of signs tends to proliferate, with property owners desiring ever increasing numbers and sizes of signs, leading to cluttered and aesthetically blighted thoroughfares. In addition, the competition among competing sign owners for visibility of their signs contributes to safety hazards for both vehicles and pedestrians.

Regulation of the size, height, number and spacing of signs is necessary to protect the public safety, to assure compatibility of signs with surrounding land uses, to enhance the business and economy of the City, to protect the public investment in the streets and highways, to maintain the tranquil environment of residential areas, to promote industry and commerce, to eliminate visual clutter and blight, to provide an aesthetically appealing environment, and to provide for the orderly and reasonable display of advertising for the benefit of all the City’s citizens.

The City finds that some signage has a single targeted function and that identification of such signage by description is impossible without referring to its function. For instance, address numerals are used for the sole purpose of locating addresses, which is of benefit to persons looking for those addresses and is essential to public safety personnel responding to emergencies. Signs at the entrances to subdivisions or major developments favor a similar purpose in enabling both the traveling public and emergency personnel to quickly locate entrances for the purpose of either visitation or responding to emergency calls. While such signage is referenced based upon the function it serves within the context of this Ordinance, the provisions of this Ordinance are unrelated to the content of the speech provided and allow maximum expressive potential to sign owners.

The purposes of this Article are to encourage the effective use of signs as a means of communication within the City; to maintain and enhance the aesthetic environment and the City’s ability to attract sources of economic development and growth; to improve pedestrian and traffic safety; to minimize the possible adverse effect of signs on nearby public and private property; to enable the fair and consistent enforcement of this Article.

SECTION 1401: GENERAL PROVISIONS
Except as specifically excluded from the provisions of this Article, it shall be unlawful for any person to post, display, substantially change, or erect a sign without a permit. A change in the copy only of a sign shall not constitute a substantial change. Any sign which is moved, substantially destroyed, repaired or rebuilt by more than (50%) percent shall thereafter conform to the existing sign ordinance in effect.
SECTION 1402: PERMIT APPLICATION

Applications for sign permits required by this Article shall be filed by the sign owner or owner’s agent with the City Administrator or designee.

Said application shall describe and set forth the following, upon forms furnished by the City. The application shall comply with and be processed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

A. The type and purpose of the sign as defined in this Article.
B. The cost of construction of the sign.
C. The street address of the property upon which subject sign is to be located and the proposed location of subject sign on subject property. In the absence of a street address, a method of location acceptable to the City Administrator which allows identification of the physical location of the sign shall be used.
D. The square foot area per sign and the aggregate square foot area if there is more than one sign face. Plans indicating the location of the sign on the property, the dimensions of the sign, including height, the mounting details and the building elevation. Plans of the sign executed to scale and a site plan to scale may be required by the City upon written notice to the applicant.
E. The name(s) and address(es) of the owner(s) of the real property upon which the subject sign is to be located.
F. Written consent of the property owner, or his agent, granting permission for the placement and/or maintenance of subject sign.
G. The name, address and phone number of the sign contractor.
H. Proof of payment of occupation tax for the current year by the sign owner and contractor, if appropriate.

Upon the receipt of a signed permit application containing all the information set forth above, the City Administrator or designee shall promptly conduct an investigation and review of the application, the proposed sign and the property described in the application. The City Administrator or designated representative shall grant or deny the sign permit within thirty (30) days from the date the completed application is submitted to the City of Grayson. Any application which has not been either granted or denied within thirty (30) days from the date the full completed application is submitted to the City of Grayson shall be deemed to have been granted.

If after review and investigation as required herein, it is determined that the application meets the requirements contained in this ordinance, the permit shall be issued. However, an inspection permit must be applied for with respect to all monument signs, wall signs, hanging signs and any sign being supplied with electricity.

If after review and investigation as required herein, it is determined that the application fails to meet the requirements contained in this ordinance, the permit shall be denied and the City Administrator, or designated representative shall provide the applicant with written notice of the denial and reasons for the denial. The written notice of denial shall be sent by certified mail to the designated address of the applicant on the application.
Any person denied a sign permit under the provisions of this section may file a written appeal of
the denial, except as noted in Section 1414 hereof, to the Zoning Board of Appeals in accordance
with the provisions of Article XVII of this Zoning Ordinance.

SECTION 1403: EXPIRATION DATE
A sign permit shall become null and void if the sign for which the permit was issued has not
been completed within six (6) months after the date of issuance, provided, however, that a six (6)
month extension of the permit shall be granted if an additional permit extension fee has been
paid prior to the expiration date of the initial permit.

SECTION 1404: SIGN PERMIT FEES
No permit shall be issued until the appropriate application has been filed with the City
Administrator or appropriate designee and fees have been paid as established by the City Council
from time to time.

SECTION 1405: NON-CONFORMING SIGN
A. Any sign which does not conform to the requirements of this Article shall either be removed
or shall be subject to Article VIII of the Zoning Ordinance.
B. No sign, whether conforming or non-conforming, shall be modified except in accordance
with the provisions of this Article.

SECTION 1406: SIGNS AND SIGN DEVICES PROHIBITED
A. For aesthetic and safety reasons, the following types of signs or advertising devices are
prohibited in all zoning districts of the City of Grayson.
1. Roof signs.
2. Streamers, air or gas-filled devices, or searchlights.
3. Portable, trailer, sidewalk, sandwich, curb, or “A”-type signs.
4. Multi-faced signs.
5. Animated signs, including but not limited to those involving motion, flashing, blinking,
rotation or varying light intensity.
6. Any sign in which the point of source light element is visible except for indirectly
illuminated ground signs.
7. Signs placed within public rights-of-way, except publicly owned, authorized or
maintained signs which serve an official public purpose.
8. Signs erected by nailing, fastening or affixing the sign in any manner to any tree, rock,
post, curb, utility pole, natural feature, official street sign or marker, traffic control sign
or device, or other structure except as may be set forth herein.
9. Any sign placed or erected on property without the permission of the owner.
10. Weekend directional signs.
11. Individual or aggregate window signs exceeding 20% of the window area per building
elevation.
12. Signs which contain words, pictures, or statements which are obscene, as defined by the
Official Code of Georgia Annotated § 16-12-80.
13. Signs which simulate an official traffic control device, warning sign, or regulatory sign or
which hide from view any traffic control device, signal or public service sign.
14. Signs which emit or utilize in any manner any sound capable of being detected on any traveled road or highway by a person with normal hearing abilities.
15. Signs which interfere with road or highway visibility or obstruct or otherwise interfere with the safe and orderly movement of traffic or which otherwise pose a hazard to traffic due to structural deficiencies in the structure of such signs.
16. Signs which obstruct any fire escape, any means of egress or ventilation or shall prevent free passage from one part of a roof to any other part thereof, as well as signs attached to any fire escape.
17. Signs which do not conform to applicable building and electrical codes.
18. Signs which are in violation of the rules and regulations of any zoning overlay district presently existing or as may later be enacted.
19. Signs located on any substandard lot created after the enactment of this ordinance, unless the substandard lot is created as the result of governmental action.
20. Abandoned signs. Signs (including sign structures) shall be deemed abandoned if the service or message to which it relates has been discontinued for ninety days.
21. Any sign that is structurally unsound, or is a hazard to traffic or pedestrians.
22. Dilapidated or neglected signs. A sign (including sign structure) will be deemed dilapidated or neglected if it does not present a neat and orderly appearance, which may be manifested by the following: rust or holes on or in the sign or sign structure, or broken, missing, loose or bent parts, faded or flaking paint, non-operative or partially non-operative illuminating or mechanical devices or missing letters in sign copy, or signs made of non-durable materials.

B. The City of Grayson shall be empowered to remove or cause to be removed at the owner’s expense all prohibited signs.

SECTION 1407: SPECIFIC PERMIT FOR TEMPORARY SIGNS OR DEVICES
A. Temporary signs, banners or similar devices shall be permitted only by issuance of a temporary sign permit allowing use of these types of signs for a period of 21 consecutive days. A temporary sign permit may not be issued to the same applicant/tenant more than once per calendar quarter. A fee as established from time to time by the City Council shall be charged for each such special permit. No more than one (1) such sign or device shall be permitted per lot of record at any one time, except as mentioned in Paragraph B of this Section. The permit may contain such restrictions as to size, height, and location as the City Administrator or designee deems appropriate to keep said temporary signs in compliance with the general restrictions and goals of this Article. Upon expiration of the temporary sign permit, the permittee shall remove the sign or banner including any temporary supporting structure.

B. Except as exempted under Section 1408, temporary signs shall be regulated as follows:
1. Each temporary sign shall not exceed 24 square feet.
2. Each temporary sign must be individually attached to a pole, mast, arm, or other structure, except as may be regulated in B.6.
3. For any lot, temporary signs shall be limited to one (1) temporary sign per public area frontage.
4. Temporary signs must be maintained in good condition.
5. In lots of record having only one (1) tenant and/or place of business, said tenant shall have the privilege of having a temporary sign as specified in Paragraph A of this Section.
and mounting said sign in permitted areas of the lot of record; however, any additional permitted temporary signs that are located proximate to the building shall not extend above the horizontal plane of the roof where the building wall and roof meet. No temporary sign shall extend more than eight (8) feet above grade when mounted to the ground. The term “proximate to the building” shall be deemed or closely adjacent to mean affixed to the building in a suitable manner.

6. In lots of record having more than one (1) tenant and/or place of business, only one (1) temporary sign at a time may be mounted in areas of said lot of record which are not located proximate to the building, and any additional permitted temporary signs must be located proximate to the building shall not extend above the horizontal plane of the roof where the building wall and roof meet. No temporary sign shall extend more than eight (8) feet above grade when mounted to the ground. The term “proximate to the building” shall be deemed to mean affixed or closely adjacent to the building in a suitable manner.

SECTION 1408: SIGNS EXEMPT FROM SPECIFIED PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE
In all zoning classifications, the following signs may be erected without the requirement of a permit:
A. Any sign not prohibited by Section 1406, provided that the sign shall not exceed thirty (30) inches in height and six (6) square feet in size, and provided the sign has been erected with the permission of the property owner. There shall not be erected on any property at the same time a compilation of signs that total a sign surface area of more than twelve (12) square feet.

SECTION 1409: SUBDIVISION DIRECTIONAL SIGNS
Subdivision directional signs shall be permitted within any zoning district, provided they serve a temporary purpose, are maintained in an attractive and sound manner, and are removed at the owner’s expense. They are intended to encourage parties involved in subdivision development projects in proximity to one another to work together and place directional information for multiple projects on one sign or sign structure. Subdivision directional signs may be allowed for a period of time from the beginning of the project until ten (10) days following the sale of the final property, or two (2) years from the beginning of the project, whichever event first occurs. Subdivision directional signs shall be subject to the following requirements:
A. Shall not be located within 10 feet of the pavement of any street and shall not be permitted on any public right-of-way.
B. Shall not be illuminated.
C. Shall not be affixed in any manner to trees, street or light poles, utility poles, other signs or sign structures.
D. Shall be made of wood.
E. Shall include the name, address and phone number of the owner or party responsible for the removal and maintenance of the sign. This information must be written in weatherproof ink or paint on at least one face of the sign in letters not less than one-half inch in height.
F. Shall be located no greater than 2 miles or 2 intersections as shown on the Gwinnett County Long Range Road Classification Map, whichever is more, from the project or property to which they refer, as measured along existing streets.
G. Signs prohibited under this ordinance shall not be used as a subdivision directional sign.
H. Subdivision directional signs shall not exceed 24 square feet in total sign area per face with no one project allowed more than 4 total square feet per face (4 projects per face) and shall not
exceed 8 feet in height excluding embellishments which shall not exceed 2 feet above the maximum height of the sign structure.

I. Subdivision directional signs shall be limited to 4 per intersection with no more than 1 per corner.

J. Subdivision directional signs shall be located within 200 feet of an intersection but no closer than 20 feet from the intersection.

K. These signs require a permit.

SECTION 1410: MAINTENANCE AND APPEARANCE OF SIGNS

All signs shall be maintained in good condition, so as to present a neat and orderly appearance. The City Administrator may cause to be removed after due notice any sign which shows gross neglect, becomes dilapidated, abandoned, or is subject to removal under any other provision of this Article or any other provision of this Zoning Ordinance.

A. The City Administrator shall give the owner ten (10) days to correct the deficiencies or to remove the sign or signs. This notice shall be in writing. This decision shall be subject to appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals in accordance with Article XVII of the Zoning Ordinance. If the Owner refuses to correct the deficiencies or remove the sign following a final decision on any appeal, the City Administrator shall have the sign removed at the expense of the Owner.

B. Any sign located in the public right of way in violation of this Ordinance may be removed immediately.

SECTION 1411: ILLUMINATION OF SIGNS

Only permanent signs, with the exception of window signs as specified in Section 1412, shall be allowed to be illuminated provided they meet the following conditions:

A. Ground-mounted and monument sign lights must be of a full cut-off type and be focused, directed and arranged so as to avoid the creation of a traffic or safety hazard, and to avoid creating a nuisance for the occupants of adjacent property. Said lights shall only be high pressured sodium, incandescent, quartz or metal halide.

B. All signs which are internally illuminated must not have any of the point source of light element visible.

C. All lighting must be installed in accordance with all applicable building and electrical codes adopted and enforced by the City.

D. No permanent sign in the Uptown Grayson Overlay District shall be internally illuminated except for signs on parcels that also lie within the SR20/Grayson Highway Overlay District.

E. Signs located within any residential district may only be indirectly illuminated.

SECTION 1412: WINDOW SIGNS

Except as otherwise provided in this Article, window signs are allowed for each tenant within the following districts PUD, OL, M-1, C-1, C-2, and C-3. Window signage applied directly to the window shall be limited to painted, etched, posters, decal-type or direct adhesion graphics. No panels, boxes or other items mounted directly against the face of the window shall be allowed. There shall be no background for window signage which obstructs view through the glass. Opaque signage shall be limited to letter and/or graphics only.
The total square footage of all window signs shall not exceed 20 percent of the individual tenant’s total window area exposed to public view, subject to the following conditions:

A. No more than 6 windows shall be used to display window signs; and
B. If the business premise has 3 windows or less, no more than 2 windows shall be used to display window signs.
C. No more than 25 percent of an area of a window shall be used to display window signs, and no window sign shall extend from one window to another.
D. No more than 1 window sign per tenant public entrance may be internally illuminated, and that illuminated sign may be no more than 4.5 square feet in area.
E. Writing or graphics applied to the glass or window, such as by marker, paint or shoe polish, shall be treated as a temporary sign and shall follow the provisions as set forth in Section 1407.
F. No more than 1 illuminated sign per tenant public entrance shall be placed within 10 feet of any window.

SECTION 1413: DRIVE-THROUGH WINDOWS
Any parcel containing a restaurant where food is delivered at a drive thru delivery point other than the front side of the building is permitted one additional freestanding sign, subject to the following restrictions:

A. Only one sign serving the drive thru delivery system shall be permitted.
B. The sign is restricted to the side or rear yard of the restaurant.
C. No such sign shall exceed thirty (30) square feet in area or six (6) feet in height.
D. The sign must be within eighty (80) feet of the drive thru lane entrance.
E. Lettering on the sign must not be legible from any distance outside the property.

SECTION 1414: SIGNS PERMITTED AND REGULATED IN ZONING DISTRICTS
Any sign not specifically permitted in a zoning district as provided under this Section, shall be prohibited in that district, unless otherwise specifically provided for under this Article.

A. The following types of signs shall be permitted and regulated within the R-100, R-100 Modified, MH, RM, residential portion of a PUD or any other residential zoning district.
   1. Only those signs as described in Section 1408(A).
B. Within the commercial zoning districts, signs shall be regulated as shown in Table 14.1
Table 14.1 – Signs within Commercial Districts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contiguous gross square footage of buildings on lot</th>
<th>Monument Signs Allowed</th>
<th>Maximum Monument Sign height</th>
<th>Maximum Monument Sign width</th>
<th>Monument Sign Size</th>
<th>Number of wall signs</th>
<th>Wall sign area per storefront/tenant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15,000 square feet and under</td>
<td>One per lot</td>
<td>10 feet</td>
<td>10 feet</td>
<td>75 s.f. for one sign</td>
<td>One per tenant/storefront per building elevation with exposure to road frontage, parking lot, or public space such as a courtyard*</td>
<td>37.5 square feet or 10% of the storefront/tenant elevation square footage, whichever is less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15,001 square feet to 50,000 square feet</td>
<td>One per road frontage</td>
<td>14 feet</td>
<td>14 feet</td>
<td>125 s.f. (one sign); 187.5 s.f. total area for all ground signs</td>
<td>One per storefront/tenant</td>
<td>37.5 square feet or 10% of the storefront/tenant front elevation square footage, whichever is less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,001 square feet to 100,000 square feet</td>
<td>One per road frontage</td>
<td>14 feet</td>
<td>14 feet</td>
<td>150 s.f. (one sign); 225 s.f. total area for all ground signs</td>
<td>One per storefront/tenant</td>
<td>37.5 square feet or 10% of the storefront/tenant front elevation square footage, whichever is less</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100,001 square feet or greater</td>
<td>One per road frontage</td>
<td>16 feet</td>
<td>16 feet</td>
<td>200 square feet (one sign); 300 s.f. total area for all ground signs</td>
<td>One per storefront/tenant</td>
<td>37.5 square feet or 10% of the tenant/storefront front elevation square footage, whichever is less</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Wall signs may not project more than twelve (12) inches beyond the face of the building
Note: See Section 1411.D. for commercial signs within the Uptown Grayson Overlay District.
Note: The signage provisions in the table above shall apply to commercially zoned properties that lie within the Uptown Grayson Overlay District and within the Grayson Hwy./SR 20 Overlay District.
*One per tenant/storefront for freestanding buildings. One per tenant/storefront per building elevation with exposure to road frontage, parking lot, or public space such as a courtyard FOR SHOPPING CENTERS ONLY.

C. The following signs shall be permitted and regulated in industrial zoning districts:
   1. Any sign allowed in any other zoning districts.
   2. Billboards:
      a. The dimensions of the sign shall not exceed three hundred (300) square feet in size (maximum sign face) and twenty (20) feet in height. Double sided signs are allowed but the total of both sides shall not exceed the maximum square footage.
      b. No billboard shall be located within one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet of another billboard (as measured in a straight line from the closest point of each sign) or within five hundred (500) feet of the property line of any property zoned R-100, R-100 Modified, MH, RM, OI or any other residential zoning districts.
c. In order to construct a billboard under the standards of this provision, the applicant is required to have a property interest in the site large enough for a Fall Zone. A Fall Zone is defined as an area large enough and set back far enough from any buildings, structures, or property lines equal to one hundred thirty-three (133%) percent of the height of the entire structure in every direction. Within the Fall Zone, no buildings or other structures may be constructed.

d. Trees may not be removed or trimmed for the purpose of construction, maintenance or improvement to the visibility of a billboard.

e. Each billboard site shall have a designated driveway access point which is shown on the site plan presented with the application. The applicant shall have a property interest specifically providing for ingress and egress to the site. The ingress and egress driveway shall be paved and two additional paved parking spaces shall be provided for inspection, maintenance and supervision of the billboard.

f. All illuminated billboards must use base mounted fluorescent or mercury vapor lights, must not have any of the point source of light element visible, and shall be activated by photocells. Animated and LED technology billboards are specifically prohibited by this Ordinance.

g. Any structure extending beyond the face of any billboard, excluding the aprons is specifically prohibited.

h. No billboard shall be erected on any lot containing a ground sign or monument sign.

D. Only the following signs shall be permitted and regulated in the OI zoning district, a Planned Unit Development (PUD) district, and in the Uptown Grayson Overlay District:

1. For properties containing one (1) or two (2) individual businesses on the same lot, one (1) ground mounted or monument sign is permitted on the lot. The sign shall not exceed eight (8) feet in height nor exceed thirty-two (32) square feet in size. One (1) wall sign per building elevation having exposure to road frontage shall be allowed per lot. Wall signs shall not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet or eight (8%) percent of the building elevation square footage, whichever is less. These signs shall comply with all other provisions of the zoning district.

2. For properties containing three (3) or more individual businesses on the same lot, one (1) ground mounted or monument sign is permitted per street/road frontage. The sign shall not exceed eight (8) feet in height nor exceed fifty (50) square feet in size. The sign may be composed of individual signs or messages not to exceed the number of tenant spaces located in the business center, or shopping center. One (1) wall sign per tenant shall be permitted. Such wall signs shall not be permitted on the side(s) of the building that do not have direct road frontage to a main road. Any wall sign on the storefront shall not exceed fifteen (15) square feet.

3. Hanging signs not exceeding four (4) square feet in the area, securely affixed to the associated building and not posing a pedestrian or vehicular hazard. Hanging signs and wall signs may not be jointly used on the same lot or by a single tenant.

4. Illuminated wall and hanging signs shall be prohibited. Monument and Ground signs may be lighted by ground mounted luminaries.

5. For commercially-zoned properties lying within the Grayson Hwy./SR 20 Overlay District and within the Uptown Grayson Overlay District, the sign area and heights shall be consistent with Table 14.1 of this Article.
SECTION 1415: SETBACK REQUIREMENTS AND NUMBER ALLOWANCES OF SIGNS PERMITTED AND REGULATED IN THE CITY

A. All signs must be located out of the right of way or at least ten (10) feet from the back of the curb or pavement of the adjacent street, whichever is greater. Signs located on a corner lot within fifty (50) feet of the intersection of right of ways must be out of the right of way or at least twenty (20) feet from the back of the curb or edge of the pavement of the adjacent streets, whichever is greater.

B. Except as provided in subsection C below and/or Table 14.1, each lot may contain only one authorized and permitted ground sign, monument sign or billboard. A lot containing a wall sign or signs may also contain either a ground sign, a monument sign or a billboard, if any such signs are authorized in that zoning district.

C. Lots with more than one road frontage may contain as many ground signs, monument signs, or billboards as the lot has road frontages if such signs are otherwise authorized in the zoning district. The total square footage of all signs shall not exceed one hundred and fifty percent (150%) of the maximum square footage for the largest allowed sign which would be authorized if only one road frontage existed on the lot. (For Uptown Grayson Overlay District requirements, refer to Section 1414.D.)

SECTION 1416: VARIANCE
The Zoning Board of Appeals cannot grant a variance as to illumination of any sign, or to vary the maximum size of a sign, or increase the size of a sign as stated in this Article.

SECTION 1417: ADMINISTRATION, ENFORCEMENT, INTERPRETATION AND SEVERABILITY
The provisions of this article shall be administered and enforced by the City Administrator or his or her designee. In interpreting the provisions of this article, nothing shall be construed to be intended to regulate the content of the message displayed on any sign. Designation of types of signs in any manner which may relate to the entity, organization, or person erecting the sign or to the information contained on the sign are merely instructional to assist in categorizing signs for size, height and location purposes and shall not be construed to prohibit any similar type of sign or to in any way restrict the content of the sign. All signs may display a non-commercial message in addition to or in lieu of any other message, and it is the intent of this article to regulate only the size, height and location of signs to accomplish the purposes set forth in Section 1400 of this article and in the preamble of this ordinance. In the event any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this article shall be declared or adjudged invalid or unconstitutional including, but not limited to, a declaration or adjudication that such section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of the ordinance relates to the content of any sign or in any way violates the constitutional provisions of free speech under the Georgia or United States Constitution, such adjudication shall in no manner affect the other sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases of this article, which shall remain in full force and effect as if the section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase so declared or adjudged invalid or unconstitutional were not originally a part thereof. The City Council hereby declares it would have adopted the remaining parts of the ordinance if it had known that such part or parts thereof would be declared or adjudged invalid or unconstitutional. The provisions of this article are declared severable to the maximum extent allowed by law and under no circumstances shall any sign regardless of content, purpose or location, be erected in the City of Grayson which exceeds
the greatest height or size allowed for the largest sign authorized under the provisions of this article.
ARTICLE XV
TREE PRESERVATION AND LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 1500: PURPOSE
The purpose of this article is to facilitate the preservation and/or replacement of trees as part of the land development process within Grayson and to provide minimum landscape standards for commercial developments in the city so as to enhance architectural features, improve control of soil erosion, aesthetics and scenic amenity within Grayson.

SECTION 1501: APPLICABILITY
The terms and provisions of this article shall apply to any activity on real property which requires the issuance of a Site Development Permit or a Substantial Building Permit within Grayson, but excluding the construction of individual single family detached and duplex dwellings. No Site Development Permit or Substantial Building Permit shall be issued by the City without it being determined that the proposed development is in conformance with the provisions of these regulations.

SECTION 1502: PERMIT PROCEDURE
A. All applications for a Site Development Permit or a Substantial Building Permit shall include the following:
   1. Tree Protection and Landscape Plan: A tree protection plan stamped by a registered Landscape Architect shall be submitted with other permit drawings. This plan may either be a separate drawing, or part of the landscape plan, and shall include the following information:
      a. Definition of Spatial Limits, including:
         i. Limits of land disturbance, clearing, grading, and trenching;
         ii. Tree protection zones;
         iii. Specimen trees or stands of trees;
         iv. Areas of revegetation;
         v. Tree density calculations; and
         vi. Critical root zone.
      b. Detail drawings of tree protection measures (where applicable), including:
         i. Protective tree fencing;
         ii. Erosion control fencing;
         iii. Tree protection signs;
         iv. Transplanting specifications;
         v. Tree wells, and aeration systems;
         vi. Staking specifications; and
         vii. Other applicable drawings.
      c. Procedures and schedules of the implementation, installation, and maintenance of tree protection measures.
   B. An on-site inspection will be made by the City Arborist.
   C. All landscape plans and related documentation shall be reviewed by the City Arborist for conformance to the provisions of these regulations and either approved, returned for revisions, or denied within thirty (30) days of receipt. If denied, the reasons for denial shall be annotated on the landscape plan or otherwise stated in writing.

Revised 04-16-12
D. Issuance of the Site Development Permit or a Substantial Building Permit is contingent upon approval of the required Tree Protection and Landscape Plan.

SECTION 1503: TREE DENSITY REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum standards. On each property for which a tree protection and landscape plan is required, existing trees may be retained and new trees planted so that the property shall attain or exceed a Tree Density Factor of twenty (20) tree density units per acre exclusive of all acreage within a required buffer area or any trees needed to meet buffer planting requirements. The terms unit and tree are not interchangeable. The trees, both existing and new, where feasible, shall be reasonably distributed throughout the site, with emphasis on groupings to achieve the best aesthetic results.

B. Tree density unit calculations. Use the following method to determine the required planting on a site.

1. Determine the Tree Density Factor (TDF) of the site by multiplying the acreage (less the area within a required buffer) by twenty (20).

2. Inventory trees to remain on the site and determine their Tree Density Unit value according to their diameter at breast height (DBH). Add all numbers. This is the Trees to Remain Factor (TRF). Paragraph C below lists the Trees to Remain Factor for trees of varying DBH.

3. Calculate the Required Replacement Density (RRD) by subtracting TRF (step 2) from TDF (Step 1).

4. If the TRF is greater than the TDF, no additional planting is required. If TRF is less than TDF, replacement trees will have to be planted. Additional planting is based on the caliper of the tree. The chart under paragraph D below indicates trees' replacement values.

C. Existing trees to remain follow the chart below. The chart converts DBH to tree density units for the Trees to Remain Factor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DBH</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>DBH</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>DBH</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
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<td>3.10</td>
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<td>36.00</td>
<td>7.10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. Replacement trees and the conversion from caliper to tree density units to remain follow the chart below. The chart converts DBH to a tree density units for the Trees to Remain Factor.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Caliper</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Caliper</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>1.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>9.00</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
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<td>0.60</td>
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<td>1.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>11.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>0.90</td>
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<td>6.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>13.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>14.00</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Container grown pine trees are given replacement credit at the ratio of seven (7) Gallon trees for every .2 units. No more than twenty (20%) percent of the replacement credit shall be permitted to be in seven (7) gallon container pines.

2. Tree relocation: Replacement units will be granted to trees located on site. Tree relocation is subject to City approval.

3. All trees planted shall be minimum of two (2) inches in caliper.

E. Tree preservation by zoning districts.

1. Properties zoned PUD, RM, O-I, C-1, C-2, C-3 and M-1 shall provide a minimum of one hundred (100) inches in caliper per acre.

2. Properties zoned R-100, R-100 Modified, and MH shall provide a minimum of fifty (50) inches in caliper per acre.

3. Residential subdivisions:
   a. R-100 properties: A minimum of three (3) canopy trees and two (2) understory trees shall be protected or planted per lot.
   b. R-100 Modified and residential portion of PUD: A minimum of two (2) canopy trees and two (2) understory trees shall be protected or planted per lot.

F. Trees generally acceptable for credit in Tree Density Calculation include:

1. Canopy trees.
   a. American Beech
   b. American Hornbeam
   c. American Yellowwood
   d. Bald Cypress
   e. Black Locust
   f. Blackgum, Black Tupelo
   g. Chinese Elm
   h. Dawn Redwood
   i. Florida or Southern Sugar Maple
   j. Ginkgo (Male)
   k. Green Ash
   l. Hackenberry
   m. Hickories
   n. Japanese Padogatree
   o. Japanese Zelkova
   p. Katsura Tree
   q. Leyland Cypress
   r. Loblolly Pine
s. Oaks, except Live Oak
t. Pecan
u. Red Maple
v. River Birch
w. Southern Magnolia
x. Shortleaf Pine
y. Sugar Maple
z. Sweetgum
aa. Sycamore
bb. Tulip Poplar
c. Virginia Pine
dd. White Ash

2. Understory trees.
a. Dogwood
b. Sourwood
c. Red Bud
d. Trident Maple
e. Crape Myrtle
f. Wax Myrtle
g. Japanese Maple
h. Little Gem Magnolia

3. Other trees may be approved on a case by case basis. The general criteria for replacement trees to be used in Tree Density Calculations are large growing (forty (40) feet tall or greater), and ecologically compatible with the site. All planting and replanting plans are subject to City Arborist's approval.

G. Specimen trees.
1. Specimen trees and stands of trees must be replaced by species with potentials for comparable size and quality.
2. Trees greater than thirty (30) inches in caliper shall be defined as specimen trees.
3. No more than fifty (50%) percent of specimen trees shall be permitted to be removed.
4. Specimen tree replacement shall equal one and one half (1 ½) times the specimen tree size.
5. Specimen tree recompense shall not be counted towards RRD.

H. Species selection and replacement densities are subject to approval by the City Arborist.

SECTION 1504: LANDSCAPE STRIPS

A. Minimum landscape strip dimensions for front yards and street side corner yards along the street frontage for each lot in any zoning district shall be ten (10) linear feet. A fifteen (15) foot Bermed Landscape Zone, as indicated in Section 910 shall act as the landscape strip for properties adjoining Grayson Hwy/SR 20. The landscape strip shall start at the inner edge of the Sidewalk Clear Zone (See Section 903) and shall continue for ten feet into the interior lot.

B. No permanent structures are permitted within landscape strips (buildings, parking spaces, dumpsters, drainage structures, detention facilities, etc.). Exceptions include driveways, sidewalks foot paths,
necessary retaining walls, signs, and the deposition of storm water runoff or drainage swales through landscape strips perpendicular to the strip.

4. Signs within landscape strips may only be located in areas of turf or ground cover and must not conflict with the growth potential of trees and shrubs.

5. Design standards: All required landscape strips must be designed with at least sixty (60%) percent coverage in trees and shrubs, and no more than forty (40%) percent coverage in grass and ground cover. Landscape strip coverage will be calculated as follows:
   1. Calculate the total spatial area of the landscape strip.
   2. Count the number of trees within the landscape strip and multiply by fifty (50) square feet for trees less than six (6) inch caliper and one hundred and fifty (150) square feet for trees greater than six (6) caliper. (This will allow some credit for the spatial coverage of the tree canopy).
   3. Measure the spatial coverage of the proposed shrub beds and add to the tree coverage.
      a. Twelve (12) square feet for each five (5) Gallon plant;
      b. Nine (9) square feet for each three (3) Gallon plant;
      c. Six (6) square feet for each two (2) Gallon plant; or
      d. Three (3) square feet for each one (1) Gallon plant.
   e. This total area shall be greater than or equal to sixty (60%) percent of the total area of the strip.

4. The required trees within the front landscaping areas shall be a minimum of two (2) inch caliper or six (6) feet to eight (8) feet tall at the time of planting.

5. Any exposed ground should be planted with a ground cover or an appropriate mulching material.

6. All trees and landscape materials should be planted at the proper planting times, preferably in the fall, winter or spring and maintained in perpetuity. The City may require performance bonds be posted if planting is delayed due to seasonality.

7. Trees within required landscape strips shall be provided as follows:
   a. Landscape strips shall have a minimum of one tree for every thirty (30) linear feet of a landscape strip to the nearest whole number. Trees within landscape strips count toward Tree Density Unit requirements of Section 1505.
   b. Clumping is permitted provided that adequate spacing is allowed for future growth.

8. Where desirable, the landscape strip need not be a strip per se.
   a. The minimum area (square feet) to be landscaped shall be calculated by multiplying the width of the lot by the linear foot requirements provided in Section 1504(A).
   b. Said landscape strip shall not be less than five (5) feet wide at any point.

SECTION 1505: PARKING AREAS
Parking lots designed with twenty (20) or more parking spaces shall be designed as follows:
A. Where parking bays exceed twenty (20) continuous spaces, a planter island meeting the following criteria is required. The planting islands shall be located no farther apart than every twenty (20) parking spaces and at the terminus of all rows of parking.
B. Each separated planter island shall contain a minimum of one hundred and fifty (150) square feet.
C. The area shall include at least one (1) shade tree. The remaining area may be planted with shrubs, ground cover not to exceed three (3) feet in height or pine straw, bark, wood chips, turf grass, rocks and the like.
D. All planter islands must be curbed to prevent vehicular encroachment.
E. To promote better growth of trees and shrubs and to encourage flexibility in parking design, the area of not more than four (4) planter island may be combined into one large island.
F. Shall provide a minimum ten (10) foot wide landscape strip between all road rights-of-way and the back-of-curb of abutting off-street paved parking lots. Landscaped strips between road rights-of-way and the edge of abutting off-street grassed parking areas shall be a minimum of five (5) feet in width per Section 1504(D)(8)(b).

SECTION 1506: INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE
A. Installation. All landscaping shall be installed in a sound workmanlike manner and according to accepted good planting procedures. The Administrative Officer shall inspect all landscaping and no Certificate of Occupancy or similar authorization will be issued unless the landscaping meets the requirements provided in this ordinance.

B. Maintenance. The owner, occupant, tenant and respective agent of each, if any, shall be jointly and severally responsible for the maintenance and protection of all required landscaping in perpetuity, in accordance with the following standards:
   1. Keep landscaping reasonably free of visible signs of insects and disease and appropriately irrigated to enable landscaping to exist in a healthy growing condition;
   2. Mow or trim landscaping in a manner and at a frequency appropriate to the use made of the material and species on the site so as not to detract from the appearance of the general area. Growth of plant material at maturity shall be considered where future conflicts such as view, signage, street lighting, utilities and circulation might arise;
   3. Maintain all landscaping to minimize property damage and public safety hazards, including removal of dead or decaying plant material, and removal of low hanging branches next to sidewalks and walkways obstructing street lighting; and
   4. Pruning is to be performed to maintaining healthy plant matter in accordance with the specifications set forth by the American Forestry Association, the National Arborist Association, or other professional arboricultural organizations.
ARTICLE XVI
STANDARDS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS ANTENNAE AND TOWERS

SECTION 1600. PURPOSES
This ordinance is designed and intended to balance the interests of the residents of the City of Grayson, telecommunications providers, and telecommunications customers in the siting of telecommunications facilities within the City of Grayson so as to protect the health, safety and integrity of residential neighborhoods and foster, through appropriate zoning and land use controls, a competitive environment for telecommunications carriers that does not unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services and shall not prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the provision of personal wireless services, and so as to promote the City of Grayson as a proactive city in the availability of wireless telecommunications service. To that end, this ordinance shall:

A. Provide for the appropriate location and development of telecommunications facilities to serve the residents and businesses of the City of Grayson;
B. Protect the City of Grayson’s built and natural environment by promoting compatible design standards for telecommunications facilities;
C. Minimize adverse visual impacts of telecommunications facilities through careful design, siting, landscape screening and innovative camouflaging techniques;
D. Avoid potential damage to adjacent properties from tower or antennae failure through engineering and careful siting of telecommunications tower structures and antennae;
E. Maximize use of any new and existing telecommunications towers so as to minimize the need to construct new towers and minimize the total number of towers throughout the City;
F. Maximize and encourage use of alternative telecommunication tower structures as a primary option rather than construction of additional single-use towers; and
G. Encourage and promote the location of new telecommunications facilities in areas which are not zoned for residential use.

SECTION 1601. DEFINITIONS
As used in this ordinance, terms shall have the meanings indicated in Article III of the City of Grayson Zoning Ordinance.

SECTION 1602. EXCLUSIONS
The following shall be exempt from this ordinance:
A. Any tower and antenna under seventy (70) feet in total height and which is owned and operated by an amateur radio operator licensed by the Federal Communications Commission;
B. Any device for over-the-air reception of television broadcast signals, multi-channel multi-point distribution service or direct broadcast satellite service; or
C. Any telecommunications facilities located on property owned, leased or otherwise controlled by the City of Grayson provided a license or lease authorizing telecommunications facility has been approved by the Governing Body.
D. Any monopole tower and antenna up to seventy (70) feet in total height except as set forth in Section 1603(D) of this Article.
E. Any antenna located on any existing structure. (i.e. existing towers, watertanks, buildings, utility poles, street lights, etc.
F. Any antenna located on a new or existing utility pole to include poles used for lighting for City owned recreation facilities (i.e. ball fields, tennis courts, etc.) or on new structures properly permitted (i.e. bell towers, steeples, clock towers, street lights, etc.)
G. Any monopole tower and antenna one hundred (100) feet or less located in an electrical substation.
H. Any telecommunications facilities operative on the effective date of this Article.

SECTION 1603. PLACEMENT OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES BY ZONING DISTRICT

A. In the Light Industry (M-1) zoning district telecommunications facilities shall be allowed as a use by right. Telecommunications towers are permitted as a use by right up to a height of one hundred (100) feet following design review and approval by the City Engineer. Telecommunications towers greater than one hundred (100) feet in height shall require a Special Use Permit. An additional twenty (20) feet may be allowed by right for towers, which provide proof of three (3) or more companies locating on the same tower.
B. In General Business (C-2) and Central Business (C-3) zoning districts antennas shall be allowed as a use by right on existing structures. New towers and antennas greater than seventy (70) feet in height shall be allowed if permitted by a Special Use Permit approved by the Governing Body following design review by the City Engineer. Monopole towers up to a height of seventy (70) feet shall be permitted.
C. In Neighborhood Business (C-1), Multifamily Residence (RM) and Office-Institutional (OI) zoning districts, telecommunications facilities greater than fifty (50) feet shall be allowed if permitted by a Special Use Permit approved by the Governing Body following design review by the City Engineer. Telecommunications towers fifty (50) feet or less are permitted.
D. Except as set forth in this section or listed as an “exclusion” in Section 1602 B, C, E, F and G of this Article, telecommunication facilities shall not be permitted in Low Density Single Family Residential (R-100, R-100 Modified), Manufactured Housing (MH), Planned Unit Development (PUD) or Uptown Grayson Overlay (UG) zoning districts. Telecommunications facilities shall be allowed only if the applicant provides evidence that such placement is a technological necessity in order for the applicant to be in compliance with federal law; upon such evidence, such use shall be allowed if approved with a Special Use Permit by the City Council following design review by the City Engineer.
E. Telecommunications facilities outside the guidelines listed above may only be built upon approval of a Special Use Permit except for variances to the Zoning Ordinance setbacks for a specific zoning district which shall be presented to the Zoning Board of Appeals unless the request is part of a Special Use Permit application which is presented to the City Council.

SECTION 1604. PREFERRED LOCATION SITES
A. Publicly used structures: Publicly used structures are preferred locations throughout the city because they appear in virtually all neighborhoods, are dispersed throughout the city, and due to their institutional or infrastructure uses are generally similar in appearance to or readily
adaptable for telecommunications facilities. Therefore, telecommunications facilities should be less noticeable when placed on publicly used structures than when placed on commercial or residential structures. Publicly used structures include facilities such as police or fire stations, libraries, community centers, civic centers, courthouses, utility structures, water towers, elevated roadways, bridges, flag poles, schools, hospitals, clock or bell towers, light poles and churches.

B. Co-Location Sites: Any existing site on which a legal wireless telecommunications facility is currently located shall be a Preferred Location Site regardless of the underlying zoning designation of the site, provided, however, that locations which meet this criteria shall be subject to the design and siting components of this Article and co-location sites shall not become an “antenna farm” or otherwise be deemed by the Mayor or the governing authority to be visually obtrusive.

C. Industrial and Commercial Structures: Wholly industrial and commercial structures such as warehouses, factories, retail outlets, supermarkets, banks, garages, or service stations shall be Preferred Locations particularly where existing visual obstructions or clutter on the roof or along a roof line can and will be removed as part of the installation of the telecommunications system.

D. Mixed Use Buildings in Planned Development Districts: Mixed use buildings (housing above commercial or other non-residential space) are also Preferred Location sites.

SECTION 1605. REQUIREMENTS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES

A. General Requirements for All Telecommunications Facilities: The requirements set forth in this Section shall govern the location and construction of all telecommunications facilities governed by this Article.

1. Building Codes and Safety Standards: To ensure the structural integrity of telecommunications facilities, the owner of a telecommunications facility shall ensure that it is maintained in compliance with standards contained in applicable local building codes and the applicable standards for such telecommunications facilities that are published by the FCC as amended from time to time. Owners of telecommunications facilities shall conduct periodic inspections of such facilities at least once every year to ensure structural integrity. Inspections shall be conducted by a structural engineer licensed to practice in Georgia. The results of such inspection shall be provided to the City Administrator.

2. Regulatory Compliance: All telecommunications facilities must meet or exceed current standards and regulations of the FAA, the FCC and any other agency of the state or federal government with the authority to regulate telecommunications facilities. If such standards and regulations are changed then the owners of the telecommunications facilities governed by this Article shall bring such telecommunications facilities into compliance with such revised standards and regulations within the date established by the agency promulgating the standards or regulations.

3. Security: All telecommunications facilities shall be enclosed by decay-resistant security fencing six (6) feet in height and shall be equipped with an appropriate anti-climbing device. This requirement may be waived by the Governing Body if it is deemed that this would produce negative visual clutter or obstruct a view corridor.

4. Lighting: No illumination is permitted on telecommunications facilities unless part of an approved public lighting program or required by the FCC, FAA or other state or federal
agency of competent jurisdiction. If lighting is required or necessary, the Mayor may review the available lighting alternatives and approve the design that would cause the least disturbance to the surrounding uses and views.

5. **Advertising:** No advertising is permitted on telecommunications facilities.

6. **Visual Impact:**
   a. Telecommunications facilities shall, subject to applicable standards of the FAA or other federal or state agencies, be maintained with a galvanized metal finish, painted a neutral color, or painted and/or textured to match the existing structure so as to reduce visual obtrusiveness. Telecommunications facilities located in residentially zoned areas shall be painted in a neutral color or textured to match the existing environment to minimize visual obtrusiveness. If federal or state regulations require, telecommunication facilities shall maintain a galvanized steel finish or other required finish.
   b. If an antenna is installed on a structure other than a tower and is generally visible to the public, the antenna and supporting electrical and mechanical equipment must be of a neutral color that is identical to, or closely compatible with, the color of the supporting structure so as to make the antenna and related equipment as visually unobtrusive as possible. Roof mounted antennas shall be made visually unobtrusive by screening to match existing air conditioning units, stairs, elevator towers, or other background.
   c. Antennas mounted on architecturally significant structures or significant architectural details of the building shall be covered by appropriate casings, which are manufactured to match existing architectural features found on the building.
   d. Where feasible, telecommunications facilities can be placed directly above, below or incorporated with vertical design elements of a building to help in camouflaging.
   e. Towers or roof mounted antennas shall not be placed in direct line with significant view corridors, as designated by the City of Grayson or by any state or federal law or agency. For purposes of this ordinance a significant view corridor shall be defined as an area to be kept free of obstructions or structures which interfere with the view of any scenic area, or historic building or area. A view corridor shall be established by ordinance of the City of Grayson, by zoning restrictions adopted in accordance with the ordinances of the City of Grayson, or by any state or federal law or agency in accordance with provisions of federal laws or duly adopted regulations.
   f. Any equipment shelter or cabinet must be concealed from public view or made compatible with the architecture of the surrounding structures or placed underground. Equipment shelters shall be screened from public view and may use landscaping or materials and colors consistent with the surrounding structures. The shelter or cabinet must be regularly maintained.

7. **Landscaping:**
   a. Landscaping shall be used to effectively screen the view of the tower compound from adjacent public ways, public property and residential property.
   b. Native vegetation on the site shall be preserved to the greatest practical extent. The applicant shall provide a site plan showing existing significant vegetation to be removed, and vegetation to be replanted to replace that lost.
   c. The Mayor may waive or modify the landscaping requirement where lesser requirements are desirable for adequate visibility for security purposes or for
continued operation of existing bona fide agricultural or forest uses such as farms, nurseries and tree farms. In certain locations where the visual impact of the tower would be minimal, such as remote agricultural or rural locations or developed heavy industrial areas, the landscaping requirement may be modified or waived by the Mayor.

8. Maintenance Impacts. Equipment at a transmission facility shall be automated to the greatest extent possible to reduce traffic and congestion. Where the site abuts or has access to a collector and local street, access for maintenance vehicles shall be exclusively by means of the collector street. Access drives and maintenance vehicle parking shall be paved unless the requirement is waived by the Mayor.

9. Principal, Accessory and Joint Uses:
   a. Accessory structures used in direct support of a telecommunications facility shall be allowed but not be used for offices, vehicle storage or other outdoor storage. Mobile or immobile equipment not used in direct support of a telecommunications facility shall not be stored or parked on the site of the tower.
   b. Telecommunications facilities may be located on sites containing another principal use in the same buildable area. Joint use of a site is prohibited when a proposed or existing principal use includes the storage, distribution or sale of volatile, flammable, explosive or hazardous materials such as propane, gasoline, natural gas and dangerous chemicals.

10. Lot Size and Setbacks:
   a. The site shall be of a size and shape sufficient to provide an adequate setback from the base of the tower to any property line abutting a residential district, public property, or public street. Such setback shall be sufficient to:
      i. Provide for an adequate vegetative, topographic or other buffer as required in Section 1605(A)(7);
      ii. Preserve the privacy of surrounding residential property; and
      iii. Protect adjoining property from the potential impact of tower failure by being large enough to accommodate such failure on the site, based on the engineer’s analysis required in Section 1606(B)(1)(d)(iv).

B. Additional Requirements for Towers:
   1. Site location and development shall preserve the preexisting character of the surrounding buildings and land uses and the zone district as much as possible. Wireless communication towers shall be integrated through location and design to blend in with existing characteristics of the site to the extent practical (i.e. camouflaging through integration with structures or appearance such as artificial trees, etc.).
   2. Existing on-site vegetation shall be preserved or improved, and disturbance of the existing topography shall be minimized, unless such disturbance would result in less visual impact of the site to the surrounding area.
   3. At a tower site the design of the buildings and related structures shall, to the extent possible, use materials, colors, textures, screening, and landscaping that will blend the tower facilities to the natural setting and built environment. (i.e. artificial tree appearance, steeples, decorative fencing, etc.)
   4. Towers greater than seventy (70) feet in height shall not be located any closer than one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from an existing tower unless technologically required
or visually preferable as determined by the Zoning Board of Appeals through a variance request.

5. When a tower is adjacent to a residential use, it must be set back from the nearest residential lot line a distance equal to one hundred and thirty-three (133%) percent its total height.

6. Towers shall not be sited where they will create visual clutter or negatively affect specific view corridors as designated by the City of Grayson or any state or federal law or agency.

7. Placement of more than one tower on a lot shall be permitted, provided requirement number 4 above is met along with all setback, design and landscape requirements as to each tower. Structures may be located as close to each other as technically feasible, provided tower failure characteristics of the towers on the site will not lead to multiple failures in the event that one fails.

SECTION 1606. APPLICATION PROCEDURES

A. Special Use Permits:

1. A request for a Special Use Permit shall be initiated by application to the City Administrator and handled in accordance with the Special Use Permit provision of Article XVIII of the City of Grayson Zoning Ordinance. The applicant may obtain a Special Use Permit pursuant to the City of Grayson Zoning Ordinance provided that all of the requirements of Section 1605 have been satisfied and further, that the benefits of and need for the proposed tower are greater than any possible depreciating effects and damage to the neighboring properties.

2. In granting a special use permit, the City Council may impose additional zoning conditions to the extent determined necessary to buffer or otherwise minimize adverse effects of the proposed tower or antenna on surrounding properties.

B. General Application Requirements for All Building and Special Use Permits. Application for a building permit or special use permit for any telecommunications facility shall be made to the City Administrator. An application will not be considered until it is complete. The following information shall be submitted when applying for any Building Permit, Special Use Permit or other permit or variance included in this ordinance:

1. Basic Information:
   a. Site plan or plans to scale specifying the location of telecommunications facilities, transmission building and/or other accessory uses, access, parking, fences, landscaped areas; and adjacent land uses.
   b. Landscape plan to scale indicating size, spacing and type of plantings required in Section 1605(A)(7).
   c. An Impact Statement fully describing the effects that the proposed telecommunications facility will have on the environment and surrounding area including the impacts on adjacent residential structures and districts, impacts on structures and sites of historic significance and impacts on streetscapes and significant view corridors. The Impact Statement shall include a description of anticipated maintenance needs for the telecommunications facility, including frequency of service, personnel needs, equipment needs, and traffic noise or safety impacts of such maintenance.
   d. Report from a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Georgia, documenting the following:
i. Telecommunications facility height and design, including technical, engineering, economic, and other pertinent factors governing selection of the proposed design;

ii. Total anticipated capacity of the telecommunications facility, including number and types of antennae which can be accommodated;

iii. Evidence of structural integrity of the tower structure (i.e. Engineers statement that structure is built to meet or exceed Standard Building Code); and

iv. Structural failure characteristics of the telecommunications tower(s) over seventy (70) feet and demonstration that site and setbacks are of adequate size to contain debris.

v. Setbacks for telecommunication tower(s) seventy (70) feet and less shall not be closer to a residential structure than one hundred and thirty three (133%) percent of the height of the tower.

e. A definition of the area of service to be served by the antenna or tower and whether such antenna or tower is needed for coverage or capacity.

f. Information showing the proposed facility would provide the needed coverage or capacity.

g. The identity of a community liaison officer to resolve issues of concern to neighbors and residents relating to the construction and operation of the facility. Include name, address, telephone number, facsimile number and electronic mail address, if applicable.

h. The existing towers and tall structures located within the geographic service area should be identified on a map along with written justification at to the need for a new tower in place of an existing structure.

2. A map indicating all existing tower and antennae sites located within the City and within two (2) miles of the City boundaries.

3. The applicant must provide any other information which may be requested by the Mayor, City Council, or Zoning Board of Appeals to fully evaluate and review the application and the potential impact of a proposed telecommunications facility.

C. Grant or Denial of Permit:

1. The Mayor shall review the completed application for a Building Permit or Special Use Permit and shall issue a grant or denial of a Building Permit or forward the application for consideration for a Special Use Permit pursuant to Article XVIII of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Grayson within a reasonable time.

2. Any decision to deny a building permit or Special Use Permit pursuant to Article XVIII of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Grayson shall be supported by substantial evidence in a written record.

SECTION 1607. CO-LOCATION

Application and owner shall allow other future wireless communications companies including public and quasi-public agencies using similar technology to collocate antenna equipment and facilities on the tower unless specific technical constraints prohibit said co-location. Applicant may negotiate any type of agreement for co-location but shall not charge fees, which are so unreasonable at to prohibit co-location.
SECTION 1608. APPEALS
Appeals from any decision of the Mayor shall be to the Zoning Board of Appeals pursuant to Article XVII of the Zoning Ordinance of City of Grayson. Any decision on a request to build a tower or for a Special Use Permit for a tower shall be in writing, and any denial of any such request or Special Use Permit shall be supported by substantial evidence and a written record.

SECTION 1609. NUISANCES
Telecommunications facilities, including, without limitation, power source, ventilation and cooling, shall be operated at all times within the limits of the City of Grayson Noise Ordinance, shall not be operated so as to cause the generation of heat that adversely affects a building occupant and shall not be maintained or operated in such a manner as to be a nuisance.

SECTION 1610. REMOVAL OF ANTENNAE AND TOWERS
All telecommunications facilities shall be maintained in compliance with standards contained in applicable building and technical codes so as to ensure the structural integrity of such facilities. If upon inspection by the Mayor or his/her designee any such telecommunications facility is determined not to comply with the minimum Standard Building Code or to constitute a danger to persons or property, then upon notice being provided to the owner of the facility and the owner of the property if such owner is different, such owners shall have thirty (30) days to bring such facility into compliance. In the event such telecommunications facility is not brought into compliance within thirty (30) days, the City may provide notice to the owners requiring the telecommunications facility to be removed. In the event such telecommunications facility is not removed within thirty (30) days of receipt of such notice, the City may remove such facility and place a lien upon the property for the costs of removal or seek costs incurred through court action. Delay by the City in taking action shall not in any way waive the City’s right to take action. The City may pursue all legal remedies available to it to insure that telecommunications facilities not in compliance with the minimum Standard Building Code standards or which constitute a danger to persons or property are brought into compliance or removed. The City may seek to have the telecommunications facility removed regardless of the owners’ or operator’s intent to operate the tower or antenna and regardless of any permits, federal, state or otherwise, which may have been granted.

SECTION 1611. ABANDONED TOWERS
A. Any telecommunications facility that is not operated for a continuous period of twelve (12) months shall be considered abandoned, whether or not the owner or operator intends to make use of it or any part of it. The owner of a telecommunications facility and the owner of the property where the facility is located shall be under a duty to remove the abandoned telecommunications facility. If such antenna and/or tower is not removed within sixty (60) days of receipt of notice from the City notifying the owner(s) of such abandonment, the City may remove such tower and/or antenna and place a lien upon the property for the costs of removal or seek costs incurred through court action. The City may pursue all legal remedies available to it to insure that abandoned telecommunications facilities are removed. Delay by the City in taking action shall not in any way waive the City’s right to take action. The City may seek to have the telecommunications facility removed regardless of the owners’ or operator’s intent to operate the tower or antenna and regardless of any permits, federal, state or otherwise, which may have been granted.
B. If the owner of an abandoned tower or antenna wishes to use such abandoned tower or antenna, the owner first must apply for and receive all applicable permits and meet all of the conditions of this ordinance as if such tower or antenna were a new tower or antenna.

SECTION 1612. PRE-EXISTING TOWERS/NON-CONFORMING USE
A. All telecommunications facilities operative on the effective date of this Article shall be allowed to continue their present usage as a non-conforming use and shall be treated as a non-conforming use in accordance with Article VIII of the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Grayson. Routine maintenance, including replacement with a new tower or antenna of like construction and height, shall be permitted on such existing telecommunications facilities. New construction other than routine maintenance shall comply with the requirements of this ordinance. The Mayor may approve the addition of twenty (20) feet to any existing tower whereby it can be shown that this would provide for co-location and eliminate the need for a new tower and it is determined that adequate site area exists for the location of any equipment buildings. Approval of an additional twenty (20) feet applies to all zoning districts, however, additions greater than twenty (20) feet shall require a Special Use Permit.
B. A telecommunications facility that has received City approval in the form of either a building permit or special use exception, but has not yet been constructed or placed in operation shall be considered an existing telecommunications facility so long as such approval is current and not expired.
C. Placement of an antenna on a non-conforming structure shall not be considered an expansion of the non-conforming structure.

SECTION 1613. COORDINATION WITH FEDERAL LAW
Whenever the Governing Authority finds that the application of this ordinance would unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services or prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting the provision of personal wireless services, a Special Use Permit waiving any or all of the provisions of this ordinance may be granted.

SECTION 1614. SEVERABILITY
If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or portion of this Article is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof.
ARTICLE XVII
BOARD OF APPEALS

SECTION 1700: ESTABLISHMENT, MEMBERSHIP AND APPOINTMENT
A Board of Appeals is hereby established. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall consist of five members residing within the incorporated City of Grayson appointed by the City Council. One member of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be a member of the Planning Commission and shall be selected by a majority vote of the members of the Board of Appeals. The selected member shall serve for a term of two (2) years on the Planning and Zoning Commission. No other member of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall hold any other public office in Grayson.

SECTION 1701: TERMS OF OFFICE
The term of office of each member of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be for three years, to begin on April 1 and end on March 31, or thereafter until his successor is appointed. However, the terms of the original members of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be as follows: two shall serve for terms of three years, two for terms of two years, and one for a term of one year. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed to serve a term of three years. Members may be reappointed. Any vacancy in the membership shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as the initial appointment.

Members shall be removable for cause by the City Council of Grayson upon written charges and after a public hearing. Any member of the Zoning Board of Appeals shall be disqualified to act upon a matter in which the member has an interest. Zoning Board of Appeals members shall serve without compensation.

Any member of the Board of Appeals who is absent from three (3) consecutive Board of Appeals meetings, either regular or called, shall automatically be removed from the Board of Appeals and shall not be eligible for reappointment.

SECTION 1702: OFFICERS
The Board of Appeals shall elect one of its members, other than the member of the Planning Commission, as Chairperson and a second one a Vice Chairperson. The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall serve for one (1) year or until person is reelected or successors are elected. The Board of Appeals shall appoint a secretary who may be an employee of the City or a member of the Board of Appeals.

The Chairperson shall conduct the meetings. The vice-chairperson shall conduct the meetings in the absence of the chairperson. When acting in the capacity as chairperson, the vice-chairperson shall only vote in the case of a tie.

SECTION 1703: PROCEDURE
The Board of Appeals shall adopt rules of procedure. Meetings of the Board of Appeals shall be at the call of the Chairperson and at such other times as the members of the Board may determine. The Chairperson, or in his absence, the Vice Chairperson, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings shall be open to the public.
The Board of Appeals shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote indicating such fact, and shall keep records to its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be a public record and be immediately filed in the office of the Board.

SECTION 1704: POWERS AND DUTIES - APPEALS
The Board of Appeals shall have the following powers and duties:
A. Administrative Review. To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is error in any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by the Administrative Officer in the enforcement of this Ordinance.
B. Application. Appeals to the Board of Appeals concerning interpretation or administration of this Ordinance may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer or bureau of the governing body of the City affected by any decision of the Administrative Officer. Such appeals shall be taken within a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty (30) days by filing with the Administrative Officer and with the Board of Appeals a Notice of Appeal specifying the grounds thereof. The Administrative Officer shall forthwith transmit to the Board all papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken.
C. Notice and Hearing. The Board of Appeals shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of appeal, give public notice thereof as well as due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the same within a reasonable time. At the hearing, any party may appear in person or by agent or attorney.
D. Stay of Proceedings. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the Administrative Officer certifies to the Board of Appeals that by reason of facts stated in the certificate, a stay would, in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life and property. In such a case, proceedings shall not to be stayed other than by the Board or by a restraining order which may be granted by the a court of record on application, on notice to the Zoning Officer and on due cause shown.
E. Decision. The Board has powers of Administrative Officer. In exercising the above mentioned powers, the Board of Appeals may, so long as such action is in conformity with the terms of this Ordinance, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall have the powers of the Administrative Officer from whom the appeal is taken.

The majority vote of three of the five member Board of Appeals shall be necessary to reverse any order requirement, decision, or determination of the Administrative Officer, or to decide in favor of the applicant on any matter upon which it is required to pass under this Ordinance, or to effect any variation in the application of this Ordinance.

SECTION 1705: POWERS AND DUTIES - VARIANCES
The Board of Appeals shall have the following powers and duties:

A. Variances; Conditions Governing Applications; Procedures. To authorize upon appeal in specific cases such variance from the terms of this Ordinance as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance would result in substantial and unnecessary hardship. A variance from the terms of this Ordinance shall not be granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals unless:
1. A written application for a variance is submitted demonstrating:
   a. That special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure, or building involved and which are not applicable to other land, structures or buildings in the same district;
   b. That the application of the Ordinance to this particular piece of property would create a substantial hardship;
   c. That the literal interpretation of the provisions of this Ordinance would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties within the same district under the terms of this Ordinance;
   d. That the special conditions and circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant;
   e. That granting the variance requested will not confer on the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this Ordinance to other lands, structures or buildings in the same district;
   f. That relief, if granted, would not cause substantial detriment to the public good nor impair the purposes or intent of this Ordinance; and
   g. That the variance is not granted for a use of land, building or structure that is prohibited by this Ordinance or that is a nonconforming use in the district for which the variance is requested.

2. No nonconforming use of neighboring lands, structures or buildings in the same district, and no permitted or nonconforming use of lands, structures or buildings shall be considered grounds for the issuance of a variance.

3. Notice of public hearing shall be given at least fifteen (15) days but not more than forty five (45) days in advance of the public hearing. The owner of the property for which the variance is sought or his agent shall be notified by certified mail. Notice of such hearings shall be posted on the property for which the variance is sought and advertised in the official legal organ of the City.

4. The public hearing shall be held. Any party may appear in person, or by agent or attorney.

5. The Board of Appeals shall make a finding that the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance is the minimum variance that will make possible the reasonable use of the land, building or structure. The Board of Appeals shall further make a finding that the granting of the variance will be in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Ordinance, and will not be injurious to the neighborhood, or otherwise detrimental to the public welfare.

B. In granting any variance, the Board of Appeals may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Ordinance. Violation of such conditions and safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this ordinance and punishable under the penalties sections of this Ordinance.

C. Under no circumstances shall the Board of Appeals grant a variance to allow a use not permissible under the terms of this Ordinance in the district involved, or any use expressly or by implication prohibited by the terms of this Ordinance in said district.

D. As provided in Section 1413, the Board of Appeals cannot grant a variance as to illumination of any sign, or to vary the maximum size of any sign, or increase the size of a sign.
SECTION 1706: DUTIES - ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER, BOARD OF APPEALS, AND COURTS

A. It is the intent of this Ordinance that all questions of interpretation and enforcement shall be first presented to the Administrative Officer, and that such questions shall be presented to the Board of Appeals only on appeal from the decision of the Administrative Officer, and that recourse from the decisions of the Board of Appeals shall be to the courts as provided by law.

B. It is further the intent of this Ordinance that the duties of the City Council in connection with this Ordinance shall not include hearing and deciding questions of interpretation and enforcement that may arise. The procedure for deciding such questions shall be as stated in this section and this Ordinance. Under this Ordinance, the City Council shall have only the following duties:
   1. Of considering and adopting or rejecting proposed amendments or the repeal of this ordinance, as provided by law, and
   2. Of establishing a schedule of fees and charges as stated in this ordinance.

SECTION 1707: REAPPLICATION

If an application for a variance is denied by the Board of Appeals, a reapplication for such variance may not be made earlier than twelve (12) months from the date of the original application.

SECTION 1708: ADMINISTRATIVE VARIANCES

The Administrative Officer shall have the power to grant variances from the development standards of this Ordinance, where, in his opinion, the intent of the Ordinance can be achieved and equal performance obtained by granting a variance. The authority to grant such variances shall be limited, with one exception, to variance from the following requirements:

A. Front yard or yard adjacent to public street variance not to exceed ten (10) feet.
B. Side yard variance not to exceed four (4) feet.
C. Rear yard variance not to exceed ten (10) feet.
D. Height of building variance not to exceed ten (10) feet.
E. Side or rear yard - a variance for a zero (0) foot setback may be granted when part of a commercial development and planned as a unit having a similar architectural composition and not a miscellaneous assemblage of stores, provided however, that prior to any issuance of the variance, the applicant shall obtain approval from the affected side and/or rear yard property owner(s).

The one exception would cover structures that preceded the ordinance and do not conform to the Ordinance as written. Consideration for a variance would be given when ownership was changing and the mortgage company required conformity to the Ordinance.

SECTION 1709: SCHEDULE OF FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES

The City Council shall establish a schedule of fees, charges, and expenses and a collection procedure for building permits, certificates of occupancy, appeals, and other matters pertaining to this Ordinance. The schedule of fees shall be posted in the office of the City Administrator and may be altered or amended only by the City Council.
ARTICLE XVIII
AMENDMENTS

SECTION 1800: ZONING AMENDMENT PROCEDURE
A. Applications to amend may be in the form of proposals to amend the text of this ordinance, or proposals to amend the Land Use Plan or the Official Zoning Map. Amendments may be proposed either by the City of Grayson or by a party other than the City.

The permitted order in which amendments may be made to the text of the Zoning Ordinance, the Land Use Plan, and the Official Zoning Map, respectively, is as follows:
1. All zoning districts shall be authorized by the appropriate land use category as designated by the Land Use Plan.
2. The text of the Zoning Ordinance may be amended without prior or subsequent amendment to the Land Use Plan or the Official Zoning Map.
3. The Official Zoning Map may be amended without an amendment to the Land Use Plan if the proposed amendment would permit a zoning district that is permitted by the Land Use Plan.
4. If a proposed amendment to the Official Zoning Map would permit a use that is not authorized within the land use category of the subject property as shown on the Land Use Plan, then the applicant must obtain an appropriate amendment to the Land Use Plan and at the same time apply for Zoning Map amendment.
5. The Land Use Plan may be amended regardless of the zoning districts that apply to the subject property.
6. Where an application to amend the Land Use Plan and an application to amend the Official Zoning Map each affect the same property and are scheduled to be heard at the same hearing, the application to amend the Land Use Plan shall be heard first and action authorized by this ordinance taken before the application to amend the Official Zoning Map is heard and action taken with respect thereto.
7. A site development plan showing new development meeting the requirements of the proposed zoning district shall be required to be submitted as part of any rezoning application.

B. Notice of public hearings to consider proposed amendments shall be as follows:
1. Legal advertisement
   a. To the zoning ordinance text, Land Use Plan Map or Official Zoning Map, notice of the City Council public hearing shall be published in the official organ of the City by advertising the application and date, time, place and purpose of the public hearing not fewer than fifteen (15) days nor more than forty-five (45) days prior to the date of the Mayor and Council hearing.
   b. In addition to paragraph a. above, if the application is to amend the Land Use Plan, the notice shall include location, current land use category and proposed land use category.
   c. In addition to paragraphs a. and b. above, if the application is for amendment to the Official Zoning Map, then the notice shall also include the location of the property, the present zoning district of the property, and the proposed zoning district of the property.
2. Signs. On an application to amend the Land Use Plan or Official Zoning Map, the City shall post a sign containing information which indicates that the application has been filed and the date, time and place of both the Planning Commission meeting and Mayor and Council public hearing at which the application will be considered. The sign shall be posted at least fifteen (15) days prior to the Planning Commission meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the property for which an application has been submitted.

3. Letters to property owners. As to any application to amend the Official Zoning Map or the Land Use Plan, or both, the City shall give notice of the proposed rezoning by regular mail to all abutting property owners as shown by Gwinnett County tax records. The applicant of any rezoning shall be required to provide the City with the name and address of all abutting property owners as shown on the Gwinnett County tax records. Such notice shall be mailed at least ten (10) days prior to Planning Commission meeting, and fifteen (15) days prior to the City Council public hearing and shall include a description of the application and the date, time and place of the public hearing. Notice deposited in the mail with adequate postage thereon and addressed to the last known address of the abutting property owners as shown on the Gwinnett County tax records shall be deemed to be adequate compliance with the requirements of this Section. Notification of abutting property owners is not required by State law and is being provided by the City as a courtesy in addition to the other public notices required by state law and this ordinance. If the City fails to notify abutting property owners the rezoning shall not be invalidated by such failure.

SECTION 1801: APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENTS
Each application to amend this Ordinance, the Land Use Plan, or the Official Zoning Map shall be filed with the City of Grayson. Applications shall be submitted in compliance with the following:
A. Text amendment applications shall include the following:
   1. Name and address of applicant.
   2. Current provisions of text to be affected by amendment.
   3. Proposed wording of text change.
   4. Reason(s) for amendment request.
B. Land Use Plan amendment applications shall include the following:
   1. Ten (10) boundary surveys of the geographic area in the City that is to have a revised land use under the applicant's proposal. (The boundary survey may be a tax map, subdivision plat, or any other document that clearly identifies the property in question.)
   2. Existing land use designation for the area under the existing Land Use Plan.
   4. All land uses immediately adjacent to the subject property under the existing Land Use Plan.
   5. All reasons for the amendment application.
   6. Names and addresses of the owner(s) of the land or their agent(s), if any, authorized to apply for an amendment.
   7. A written, documented analysis of the impact of the proposed land use change that will specifically address each of the following matters:
a. Whether the proposed land use change will permit uses that are suitable in view of the uses and development of adjacent and nearby property.
b. Whether the proposed land use change will adversely affect the existing uses or usability of adjacent or nearby property.
c. Whether the proposed land use change will result in uses which will or could cause excessive or burdensome uses of existing streets, transportation facilities, utilities, or schools.
d. Whether there are other existing or changing conditions affecting the use and development of the affected land areas which support either approval or disapproval of the proposed land use change.
8. An initiating party shall also file any other information or supporting materials that are required by the City.

C. Zoning Map amendment applications shall include the following:
1. A legal description of the tract(s) to be rezoned.
2. Ten (10) copies of a plat, drawn to scale, showing north arrow, land lot and district, the dimensions, acreage, location of the tract(s), the present zoning classification of all adjacent parcels, the proposed location of structures, driveways, parking and loading areas, and the location and extent of required buffer areas.
3. The present and proposed zoning district for the tract(s).
4. The names and addresses of the owners of the land and their agents, if any.
5. Each Zoning Map amendment application, whether submitted by local government or by a party other than local government, shall include with it to be complete a written, documented analysis of the impact of the proposed rezoning with respect to each of the following matters:
   a. Whether the zoning proposal will permit a use that is suitable in view of the use and development of adjacent and nearby properties.
   b. Whether the zoning proposal would adversely affect the existing use or usability of adjacent or nearby property.
   c. Whether the property to be affected by the zoning proposal has a reasonable economic use as currently zoned.
   d. Whether the zoning proposal will result in a use which will or could cause an excessive or burdensome use of existing, streets, transportation facilities, utilities, or schools.
   e. Whether the zoning proposal is in conformity with the policy and intent of the Land Use Plan.
   f. Whether there are other existing or changing conditions affecting the use and development of the property which give supporting grounds for either approval or disapproval of the zoning proposal.
6. Additional information may be required to be submitted with the Zoning Map amendment application. This additional information may include without limitation traffic impact studies, utility studies, and drainage studies.

D. Applications shall be submitted at least twenty-one (21) days prior to the date on which it is to be considered by the Planning Commission. Application fees for an application to amend the Zoning Ordinance, the Official Zoning Map, the Land Use Plan, or any combination
thereof, shall be established by the City Council. A fee shall not be charged for applications initiated by the Mayor and Council or Planning Commission.  

E. Once an application for a Land Use Plan amendment and/or Official Zoning Map amendment has been made, the applicant may withdraw such application without prejudice until such time as the legal advertisement for Mayor and Council public hearing is placed in the city's legal organ. No application shall be allowed to be withdrawn less than twenty-one (21) days before the Mayor and Council public hearing unless the request for withdrawal is granted by the City Council at the public hearing. Otherwise, all applications shall be considered by the Mayor and Council.  

There shall be no reimbursement for withdrawn applications. An applicant may request reimbursement in writing to the Mayor and Council. Said request will be considered during a regular meeting of the Mayor and Council.  

F. If an application for a Land Use Plan amendment and/or an Official Zoning Map amendment is denied by the Mayor and Council, no application affecting any portion of the same property shall be submitted less than one year from the date of denial.  

G. An application to alter conditions of rezoning may be submitted at any time.  

SECTION 1802: CITY'S STUDY  

A. The City, upon receiving an application to amend the Zoning Ordinance, Land Use Plan, or the Official Zoning Map, may do the following:  
1. Consult with other departments of the City or County to fully evaluate the impact of any land use category or zoning district change upon public facilities and services including, but not limited to, schools, traffic and related facilities.  
2. Conduct a site review of the property and surrounding area.  
3. Submit a written record of its investigation and recommendations to the Planning Commission and Mayor and Council, which report shall be a matter of public record. In its written record, the provisions of Section 1801(C)(5) must be addressed.  

B. The City's report may recommend amendments to the applicant's request which would reduce the land area for which the application is made, change the land use category or zoning district requested and recommend conditions of rezoning which may be deemed advisable so that the purpose of this Ordinance will be served, health, public safety and general welfare secured.  

SECTION 1803: PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION  
The Planning Commission shall, with respect to each such zoning proposal, investigate and make a recommendation with respect to each of the matters enumerated in Section 1801(C)(5) above. The Planning Commission shall make a written record of its investigation and recommendations, and this record shall be public.  

SECTION 1804: MAYOR AND COUNCIL PUBLIC HEARING  
The Mayor and Council shall hold a public hearing on each zoning proposal. So that the purpose of this Ordinance will be served, health, public safety and general welfare secured, the Mayor and Council may approve the proposed amendment as presented; approve the amendment as revised or supplemented by conditions of approval; rezone to any use less intense than the
proposed amendment with or without conditions; deny the proposed amendment in whole or part; or table the proposal. An action by the Mayor and Council to defer the application shall include a statement of the date and time of the next meeting at which the application will be considered, which statement shall constitute public notice of the hearing on the application and no further notice is required.

SECTION 1805: CONDITIONS OF REZONING ALTERATION HEARING
An application to alter conditions of rezoning shall be submitted through the City and Planning Commission to the Mayor and Council for public hearing. The application shall be processed in accordance with all provisions applicable to Official Zoning Map amendments.

SECTION 1806: CHANGES TO REZONING APPLICATIONS
Following the submittal of an application for a zoning proposal, any subsequent amendments to said zoning proposal by the applicant shall be subject to deferment by the Mayor and Council. An action by the Mayor and Council to defer the application shall include a statement of the date and time of the next meeting at which the application will be considered, which statement shall constitute public notice of the hearing on the application and no further notice is required.

SECTION 1807: SPECIAL USE PERMIT PROCEDURE
A special use permit is designed to be used when:
A. A Special Use listed under the zoning district is desired for development and a more intensive zoning district which contains that use as a use by right would not be appropriate for the property, or,
B. A Special Use listed under the zoning district is desired for development and no zoning district contains that use as a use by right, or
C. A unique use not addressed in any zoning district is desired for development and is not likely to be duplicated in Grayson, and
D. The Special Use would be consistent with the needs of the neighborhood or the community as a whole, be compatible with the neighborhood, and would not be in conflict with the overall objective of the Comprehensive Plan.

An applicant seeking a Special Use Permit shall submit such application in accordance with the provisions of Section 1801 (C through F). The notice requirements, City's review, Planning Commission action and Mayor and Council public hearing shall be in accordance with the established procedures set forth in this Article.

If substantial progress is not made by the applicant within a period of twelve (12) months of the date of approval of the Special Use Permit, the Mayor and Council may review the case and determine whether it shall be continued or initiated for rezoning. If initiated for rezoning, the Planning Commission shall review the case and forward their findings and recommendations to the Mayor and Council.

SECTION 1808: ACTIONS IF PLANS NOT IMPLEMENTED WITHIN SPECIFIED TIME LIMITS
If a site plan has not been submitted for a particular property within a period of twelve (12) months of the date of approval of the rezoning, the Mayor and Council may review the case and
determine whether it shall be continued or initiated for rezoning. If initiated for rezoning, the Planning Commission shall review the case and forward their findings and recommendations to the Mayor and Council.

SECTION 1809: POLICIES AND PROCEDURES
For purposes of this section, the terms “zoning decision” shall have the meanings set forth in O.C.G.A. §36-66-3. Prior to making any zoning decision, the City Council shall conduct a public hearing. The public hearing shall be called and a public notice provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 1800 and in accordance with the provisions of O.C.G.A. §36-66-4. At any such public hearing, the following procedures shall apply:
A. A member of the planning staff will briefly summarize the requested zoning change; and shall respond to any questions from the Mayor or member of the Council regarding the staff recommendations related to the proposed zoning change.
B. The applicant shall be provided an opportunity to be heard, and may present any evidence, information or materials which the applicant desires for the City council to consider in arriving at its determination.
C. Public comments will be accepted and individuals making public comments may present any evidence, information and/or materials which the individual desires for the City Council to consider in arriving at its determination.
D. The City Council may place reasonable time limitations on the presentation of the applicant and on public comments by individuals in support or opposition to the zoning decision. An equal time period be allowed for presentation of data, evidence and opinion by proponents of the zoning decision and by opponents of the zoning decision, and in no event shall the minimum time period allowed for presentation be less than ten minutes per side.
E. Persons speaking either in support or in opposition to a zoning decision shall be recognized by the Mayor, shall state their name and address for the public record, and shall present any written documents which they desire to be included in the record of the meeting to the City Clerk.
F. All comments shall be directed to the Mayor and City Council and shall be made in an orderly manner.
G. The applicant and any opponents to the zoning decision shall acquaint themselves with the provisions of §36-67a-3 and shall comply with the provisions of that statute.
ARTICLE XIX
PLANNING COMMISSION

SECTION 1900: GRAYSON PLANNING COMMISSION
Creation, Membership, Appointment and Terms of Office. The Planning Commission is hereby established, which shall consist of five (5) members, all of whom shall be residents of the City of Grayson and shall be appointed by the City Council. The term of office for members shall be two (2) years, to begin on April 1 and end on March 31, but the term of office of members first appointed shall be consistent with the current staggered terms of the present commission, and later appointments or re-appointments shall continue the staggered pattern. Members of the Planning Commission serve at the pleasure of the City Council and may be removed by a majority vote of the City Council at a regular meeting when a quorum is present. Vacancies shall be filled by Resolution of the City Council for the unexpired term of the member affected. No member of the Planning Commission shall hold public office in Grayson. One of the Members of the Planning Commission shall be from the Board of Appeals as provided for in Section 1700.

SECTION 1901: OFFICERS
The Planning Commission shall elect a chairperson and a chairperson pro-tem from its membership. The chairperson shall have served on the Planning Commission for a period of at least one (1) year immediately preceding election to the office of chairperson.

SECTION 1902: PROCEDURE
The Planning Commission shall adopt rules necessary to the conduct of its affairs and in keeping with the provisions of this Ordinance. All meetings shall be open to the public.

The Planning Commission shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and shall keep a record of its examination and other official actions, all of which shall be a public record and be immediately filed with the City Administrator. Minutes of the meeting shall be kept by the City Administrator, or by a designee of the City Administrator.

SECTION 1903: POWERS AND DUTIES
The Planning Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
A. To review applications, make findings and recommendations for zoning map or text amendments as set forth in this Ordinance and in accordance with the standards established in Section 1904 herein.
B. To initiate, direct and review, from time to time, a study of the provisions of this Ordinance and to make reports of its findings and recommendations as to needed amendments to the City Council.
C. To have final authority, at least three (3) members must concur to approve an application. Each official action shall contain a statement of the grounds and findings forming the basis for said decision, and the text of the motion and record of members’ votes shall be incorporated in the minutes of the Planning Commission.
SECTION 1904: ZONING PROPOSAL REVIEW STANDARDS
With respect to the powers and duties outlined in Section 1903, The Planning Commission shall adhere to the general lines of inquiry established for consideration of zoning proposals enumerated in O.C.G.A. §36-67-3 as amended:
A. Whether the zoning proposal will permit a use that is suitable in view of the use and development of adjacent and nearby property;
B. Whether the zoning proposal will adversely affect the existing use or usability of adjacent or nearby property;
C. Whether the property to be affected by the zoning proposal has a reasonable economic use as currently zoned;
D. Whether the zoning proposal will result in a use which will or could cause an excessive or burdensome use of existing streets, transportation facilities, utilities, or schools;
E. Whether the zoning proposal is consistent with the Land Use Policy Plan, Comprehensive Plan, transportation plans and other plans adopted for guiding development within the City of Grayson; and
F. Whether there are other existing or changing conditions affecting the use and development of property which give supporting grounds for either approval or disapproval of the zoning proposal.
### 2005 - 2006
### AMENDMENTS TO THE 2005 CITY OF GRAYSON ZONING ORDINANCE

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